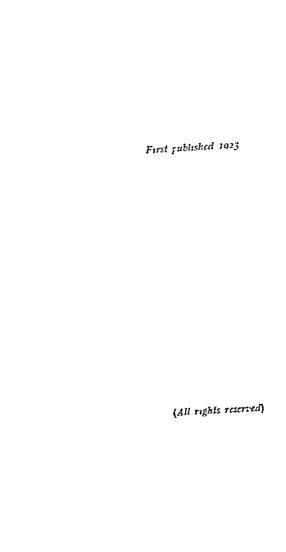
GREEK AND LATIN ANTHOLOGY

PART I GREEK MASTERPIECES



INSCRIBED TO MY WIFE

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FOREWORD

My enterprise, I am aware is bold and needs an explant tion Greek and Latin Masterpieces 'long since' were invited or condemned to be educational by their actual refinement, and as it were scientific precision, both in verse and prose As creation of thought especially in verse they became in schools its ordinary verbal instruments A large proportion of educational minds even of fine quality using them have commonly failed to direct attention to the spirit, to pay homage to it Education of the labouring classes though happily not in Scotland stopped short of Classics. In English education for the higher ranks formerly it was unusual to hear a Tutor even in colleges a Lecturer emphasize the grandeur of Fachylus elegance of Catullus or Virgil I will hope that in these later days amendment has been made

While the literary be uity of Greek and Latin authors, patiently in orders, his been much neglected in education no such complent applies to the language of books. Every important ancient writer has attracted a legion of writers to translate and comment with several remark, able everptions. Not a few have enlisted the genus of illustrous English poets as translators. Some courage was needed to render anew into English verse choice.

examples of bygone Classic inspiration: to wreathe a single twentieth-century garland from some four and twenty gardens of Ancient Greek and Roman poesy.

I have devoted ten full years to my happy task. During a June week-end visit to my dear friend, F. St. John Thackcray, at his charming Mapledurham Parsonage, I challenged him to translate Virgil's lines. I Æn. vv. 459-63. On my return home. I put my version into the form to be found under the title "Wings" Part II. The attempt suggested to me a much more ambitious work, the present, which I hope to complete. My delightful companion survived too brief a time to know the progress of my plan. Later on I had the happiness to enjoy the sympathy and counsels—it is, I believe, I may boast, the commendation—of the fine scholar and wise thinker, Lord Bryce. Few could feel more the immense loss through his death than I.

Let me add that some translations in the present volumes have already appeared in publications by the firms of Messrs. Longman, and Messrs Fisher Unwin, and re-appear now with their goodwill.

HOMER

HOMER

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THE boldest of all attempt at translation in any of its many forms is to subject the Ihad to the process the other hand it is one of the most natural surpasses the old I pic in interest and beauty and there for it is a real privation that it should be closed to popul ir British intelligence But the language in which it is written forbuls for many direct study. To suppose that everybody to be free of its contents should learn Greek for the purpose is useless. An infinitesimal proportion of any nation has the opportunity to gain even a smattering of a dead language. If it had the result is of no practical importance, not to say enjoyment More or less literal versions by good and sympathetic scholars help though they tantalize. They continually remind of the claim of forcian verse to be rendered into the reader, tongue versified. The feeling on this side has been met as might be expected by a corresponding agreement on the part of writers. Verse translations have been abundant, and after a large variety of styles May I while recognizing ment in most be allowed to say that the success is still too partial to preclude fresh attempts?

GREEK AND LATIN ANTHOLOGY

1

The only criticism which I do not so much fear as anticipate and accept, is that I have not expressed the full inspiration of my Author. I know that I have not, though it has not been for want of endeavour. For a mind of one age, religion, and race to reflect a thought born and developed in another is hard always. I, in particular, am content if I have given the impression of a fair creation, although often expanded.

This last, as an adverse criticism, I can accept without self-reproach. My metrical versions occupy more space than the originals Obviously: otherwise, it had been vain to make the attempt. Greek and Latin in the first place are more completely developed from within than English. The interdependent economy of nerves, ligaments,- entire structure-is in advance of our own language. Room is saved everywhere, even in such common appendages as articles, cases, persons, often prepositions. When the translation is of thought,of any period-in feeling, fashions, manners, learning, morals, religion-the demand for latitude in space is irresistible. Were my offence against a Classic no worse than dilution or dilatation, I could bear the charge lightly. I testify against myself to manifold worse sins, confusion of a Master's ethercal upstrokes and downstrokes. My conscience will be abundantly satisfied if withal I have helped a few to understand, as by an echo, something of the magic of Greek and Latin minstrelsy.

I have endeavoured to think the Poet's thought. I have not grudged space to reproduce Helen's review from Troy's Wall, for the King. of the array of Greek Princes. Still more fully I have let my readers hear how Hector and Andromache finally parted with the sweetest adieu bid by any wife and bushand: how

Patroclus, after a life waiting on another smoods crowded into one day's chapter a whole independent career of trumph and tragedy, how Achilis in vangeance for the Shadow bestrates an entire brittlefield, finally how old Priam revails shames all the victor's triumph by the grandeur of his pilgrange, to beg the body of a dead son.

Harace has said that even Harner sometimes node.

Never, as the national Poet in spirit Greeks were educated to feel and find at each name in every line significance. For us, as for Horacs, some remind of nothing. As for them, still for us, the Hind was, and is a great portruit gallery a vast study in psychology It is a miricle for the subtle discrimination in individual character As the action proceeds depth and colour grow For minor figures an epithet suffices With principals according to their degree fresh truts pernetually become visible emphysized not transformed. The list is long Gradually thus we see Achilles Agamemnon, Ulysses Apx Hector Priam, Paris Helen Andromache Hecuba Casyandra ves even Gods and Goddesses Zeus, Pallas, Hera Thetis Apollo Aphrodite Ares Regard them as they re appear in later verse theology mythology Homer's credit for introspection will not suffer During the necessary halts in the working out of the heroic story in the scene shifting there will be a sudden firsh of sunlight, illuminating warrior and period Achilles plays on his harm, as envoys bring offers of a reconciliation he will fiercely reject agamemnon arms, at Diomede's suggestion, and bears himself as "The King ' should in the fight Diomede and Glaucus lower their combative spears rather than violate the gracious sanctity of hereditary hospitality Pitroclus

THE RELAD

Discontent long smouthtrin, between the Ceneral Ling Agamemnon and Prince Aehilles bursts into a flame through the Lings repulse of a priver by Apollo's Priest Chriscofor the restoration of his capture du liter who has been awarded to Yumennon as share in the booty of a storned city. Another prisoner Brissis fell to Aehilles. The God arenged his Priest by a pestilence which forced the Ling to compliance coupled with a segure of Brises. Achilles yields but resign all share in the war with from

An attempt was made to end the war by a duel between Pars and Menel use in the solid of Primi and Ton's Councillors. Helen previously points out to Primi the Achievi Capitains. Menclaus is victor but Troy will not yield Anthomache, and Hector foresee Tro's capture and but frewell. The war proceeds with varying fortunes especially against Greece Zuis minuth Frough Tro's evin permitting a barrier erected by the Creeks between Troy and the Fleet with frames notwithstanding the defence by Arx with list trends two cupies with a country of the Creeks between the Creek with frames notwithstanding the defence by Arx with list trends two cupies with

trainemon soon saw the blunder he had made He armed hanself magnificently, goes into britle and achieves valunt successes but is wounded and has to retire. An assemblage of the Chief deeds upon an expression of a desert for frendship with Achilles. The mission meets with a complete negation. It finds Achilles playing to Patroelius on the lare.

PROLOGUY-WRITH

AGAMENNON-ACHIMES

I on nine long years had Greece besuged froy Town And still it seemed to keen its old renown Why should it populous and willed have cause for fear Of a host armed but with bon sword and spear Agunst walls Gods had built to mock the might Of such force to Time s end by sheet breadth and height? Only on the front could a siege be pressed Laress ingress were free throughout the rest Troy yet could draw from Asian States behind bood and wires and war furniture in Lind-Les even men at arms with whom it would Sally forth and shed Greek and forcism blood But a change there was Troy that once had been Lycia's Phrygia's suzerain Queen Had to buy help more dearly than before, For those had the same foes at their own door Agamemnon was as Mycenes Ling

Non, thin choice of forces that Creece could bring Many Captains feudatories of lands. It led of him were subject to his commands. Some had been Helen's suitors—But One came Constrained by no bond but pure thirst for fame. Son of old Peleus King in Thesalty.

And of Thetis, great Goddess of the Sea. To the Atreida he had sworn no oath: He partook no quarrels of one or both. Two forces had ruled him since he drew breath, Care for war more than life, honour than death. Soon he tired of spying from day to day For some postern by which to pierce his way; Of beating Ida's slopes, forest glades, and rocks, To snare some Royal shepherd with his flocks; Of repulsing chance raids, disgust, or pride, When townsmen were ripe for a dash outside. His choice was, to vary a dull blockade. Storm of wealthy forts by escalade. Whatever the project, if doubt who led No Prince but he was chosen for the head. Atreides was "the King"; he stamped the whole; But Achilles Peleides was the Soul. Little wonder if the Senior fired Of the renown for deeds that youth "inspired." Suspected designs oft in the Goddess-born To treat even a Pelopid with scorn, Pelcides on his own part chafed to yield Deference to one seldom in the Field. And tainted with vice, the young think none worse. Fondness to clutch and hoard pelf in a purse.

Now, Though decided "impregnable." the Hero won The holy City of Ection.

Large spoil—the town was richest in the land—
Many captives; not men—they died, sword in hand—
But women, from far and near; for the tale
Of strength brought high, and fair, within the pale.
Achilles let others divide and share.
Chryseis and Briseis, each of rare

Chrim were osigned by lot -to the King One One His by whom the feet of arms was done Chrysers daughter of Apollo's Priest At Chrysin had been Ection's guest The Old Man, as to save his Child from death, Hurried-with his Shrine's trassire, the God's Wreath On the gold Scopties—to redeem the Mand Both Attendre, the whole Greek host he prived To think of their far homes of his forform

The rest pitted Agamemnon in scorn Threatened 'Beware Greybeard, of coming here's If again I find thee lottening near With this peevish compliants the present erief Viv breed fresh the own meeding more relief

Sceptre and wreaths will then will thee not! The girl in my Greek home shall share my lot Wounded in pride and heart angry and sore

The Old Man knelt on the billows shore
Offering to his God one only you

'Repay my tear. Apollo with thy bow!
Phoebus heard As he histened down the pith
From the peaks of Olympus in a storm of with
The shafts in his quiver elished—for the God
Lake Night rushed—it every step he trod,

Nearing the Fleet, fitting arrow he shot

Straight mules and swift dogs stekened on the spot, A second, men. The air smoked flamed with fires Rising sinking—innumerable percs.

Kalchas at a Council on the tenth day Called by Achilles to seek how to stay The plague and pledged help should be displease 'Great Ones' traced back the source of the disease

To Apollo s wrath for his Priest A gust

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Of envy, jealousy, pride, greed, and lust Swept the "King" away: "Kalchas! scheming foe, Prophet never of good to me, but woe! And whence, tell me, if I shall now resign A prize to cure the plague, is to come mine?" "From Troy," Achilles answered: "meantime want." "Nay: but now? So, as stirred somehow, debate Throws the task on me as 'King' to allay The God's anger, roused in whatever way, I restore the Maid: and thou may st surmise At lessure, how I shall replace my Prize!" "Menaces " eried Achilles : " I no more Fight for you. Atreids-wage your own war! "Stay, or Go!" the answer: " for thee to choose. If away, not I will it be who lose, Of all our Princes here, thou with thy curst Temper art the one that I like the worst. But a last visit I shall pay to show. Which. Thou or I, is stronger of the two."

Achilles was in two moods: to snatch out
His sword, the Princes gone; or—this his doubt—
Let time avenge him. His heart ached between:
When down came Athena, sent by the Queen.
Standing behind him, seen by none else there,
She caught hold of him by the golden hair:
Promised amends: but, "let him rage in word
To its utmost fury; be speech his sword."
Obeying, he thrust back the blade; then flung
All epithets left in him, with free tongue:
"Wine-bibber, money-grubber, with one eye
On look-out for offal, stag's heart to flee,
Spoil-sneaker, when more valiant men have bled,
Master who grinds his People's bones for bread!

Thou canst seize my Prize Whit an Army give Its Chief miv resume But pray me to save When Ikeetor drives and slave? This rod I swe in Shill sooner agun find and green leaves bear Thin in thy distriss will I bring relief." To thy Achiens in their divi of grief!"

Chrysels was restored and her old sire Prevailed on Phabus to forgo his ire But to knowledge of the Greek camp repent Threats! 'twould shame its General so he sent For Briseis !-- an outrage working worse Ill to all than the plague from the Priest a curse 'Unwilling she ', mute her ford saw her part Afraid a farewell would lay bare a heart Yet she had her share when ' in tears ' he sat On the beach not alone but desolate For his Mother Thetis hearing him weep Had risen a mist from the hoars diep To comfort in his wrongs and had assured Him vengeance for all that he had endured Wait and Jous would by on the Greeks the cost Of their choice of Captain to kild their host That Sovereign himself should be trught to nav Respect to the bravest in his array

He stretched night—a pall—when Death is freer to work his will.

Even a while He doubted, as before Sarpedon died.

Of the death of Patroclus, upon which mode to decide— Whether slay him now by Hector's hand, or should he remain

For a period careering in triumph through the Plain?

And this was the course He chose; frightened Hector from the Field.

By his example making Trojans and Lycians yield Patroclus the joy of stripping Sarpedon's armour off.

Provision for the Body was His own charge: that enough.

Apollo bore It. bare, dabbled with gore and dust,

away:

Bathed, anointed, in garb inviolable by decay; Then saw it was wafted home from slough of slain friends and foes;

Lapped, with his race, in a soft eternity of repose.

The body and armour remained the spoil of Patroclus,; who pursues a triumphant course.

A fatal boon.

He might have overlived life's noon, even its afternoon!

Obeying Friend and Patron he would have been praised and blest!

Yet how for Youth to halt when Zeus fans the fire in its breast!

For life emerged from Shadow to turn when it has begun. To feel that it is driving the Chariot of the Sun!
Shouting "Onward!" to the horses and the Charioteer. He had passed the Rampart, leaped over the Trench, and drawn pear

To the God built Wall Now he forgot all Achilles told Spring a jutting angle that might, as he thought, give hold

For hands and knees he elimbered—as if by himself he could

Storm Ilium! On a tower angrs Apollo stood

Thrice the God mute hustled him off but when for
the fourth time

In intoxicition of success he essaved to climb,

The God spoke out 'Begone' thinkest 'tis for thee to destroy

What Destiny has denied to the Better-this great

Patroclus drew in awe far back but failed to comprehend The spirit of the (ods warning It could have but one end

Hector lost heart, a crwhelmed by the fury of the

He was melined to order his broken battahons back. Within the Wall Apollo dissuaded him Now dis

guised
As Asius brother to Queen Hecuba he advised

To quit the Skran Gates, and meet Patroclus on the Plain

Apollo advanced in front invisible in the train of rank and file. Zeus determines that doomed Hector shill repeat his triumphs

Among Achæans he spread a sense As of coming disaster while for Trov the influence Was an inspiration of victory Hector did not stay To run a tilt against other chariots on his way,

But drove at Patroclus: and he, in his left hand, a spear With his right, jumping down hurled at Hector's Charioteer

Kebriones, a craggy lump he had snatched up; the stone Struck the forchead between the eyes, and crushed the

entire bone.

With fearless courage Patroclus seized a foot of the Dead To drag, and Hector, quitting his Car, caught hold by the head—

Lions for a stag-east, south, winds to wrench an oakabreast

They strove: but the Greeks won as the Sun passed towards the West.

And still raged Patroclus; drunk with blood thrice he broke the rank,

Returning by a lane lined each side by a gory bank.

Twenty-seven deaths were the sum—but now Apollo made Himself a mantle of darkness, and followed the fourth raid;

Smote Patroclus, dizzy-blind, sent the helmet from his head

Rolling in the dust, snapped the spear as if it were a reed.

Loosed the breastplate star-studded, and tumbled the

belt, and shield

That had sheltered him from head to foot, down upon the Field.

Goddess Até had him, clutched, froze the brain power; he stood

Dazed and paralyzed.

Then, young Euphorbus, a Trojan, good Beyond his years on horseback, speed of foot, and with the spear, Novice in war, gave Patroclus the first wound coming

A stroke between the shoulders—then having plucked from the skin

His spear, ran to his company back for refuge therein — No match for a Patroclus he a mere boy even then However as—instanct more than consciously—to his Men

The Hero dragged backwards Hector pushed through to the front rank

And unresisted drove his spear-a death wound-

through the flank
'So but this he gloried 'has come Patroclus of

thy tale
Of sacking Troy and bearing off our women when ye sul

Of orders by Achilles to bring him the tunic torn From my breast red with my heart's blood that this day I had worn

No account took we of me in wir or foreboding feel.

That my spear would give thee to vultures for a dainty meal!

Faint the accents in reply Hector tis thy time to boost

But Zeus and Pha bus have given thee victors at my cort. They took my armour off. Had it been twenty such as thou

My spear would have laid the whole throng of my

assalants low
Of Immortals I charge my death on Phæbus and to Fate
For Men Fuphorbus wounded first Hector thou

camest late
Strip the armour But remember, thou may st not wear
it long

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Lo! thy hands. Achilles! theirs the force. Death's, and Fate's the Strong!"

With last words mourning a lost manhood's prime, the spirit fled.

Wheresoever to sojourn, beside not within the Dead. Vainly Hector called after it: "Who knows it may

not be

Myself that am bid to work on Achilles Fate's decree?" Then, leaving the armour to chance, and plucking out the spear,

He chased in vain the fugitive steeds, and Charioteer.

ZEUS PITTES MAN

Zeus might have been content to leave pressions of

To see the in their earthly cauldron as wild beasts in their den

But sight of the steeds of Achilles feeling for Win's

woes
Forced the Sire of Gods and Lord of Heaten to interpose
The pur with case had outrun Hector, but when he

ceased to pursue

Returned until the Body of Patroclus was in view

There standing aloof from the turnoil the two Immortal Steeds recked now, ht except

That the man they loved was dead and sorroufully they wept

For him who now has trodden beneath soldier Trojans'

With miny a sharp flick of the whip with many a

With blandishments full many and with speech both rough and kind

Antomedon prince ordered them to leave the Field behind

Firey stable device he tried, it was all in vain,

Their obstinate resolve was where the corpse was to remun

Immovable they halted, as some column stiff and stark Raised the sepulchre of lord or lady within to mark.

Hoofs planted on the ground, they held the lone chariot there

In pining and regret for their loved, dead Charioteer.

As they stooped, their manes in an ambrosial easeade broke,

Besmeared with mire and warm tears, on either side of the yoke.

Zeus, seeing them weep, was moved; the thunder began to roll.

As in pity for their grief. He held converse with His soul: "Poor wretches, what possessed Olympus to give you away,

Immortals like to ourselves, exempt from earthly decay. To share in service of Peleus, his son here, and his clan-

The woes that are the lot of ever unfortunate Man:

For nowhere exists a Thing so distressful from its birth To its death of creatures that breathe and creep upon the earth.

But no mortal worm, ev'n Hector at this height of his pride.

Shall drive Immortals—if a Goddess's child may—or ride In the chariot they draw:--

Enough for him that he strips The Dead, and pursues the Greeks to their tents and to their Ships.

Master you? not he! I, Zeus, forbid it! See! I inspire

Spring in ev'ry limb and set your passionate hearts on fire.

Be guided by Automedon; bear him in safety out To the Myrmidon lines, forth from the mélée and the rout!" So Bahus and Xanthus at the voice they knew of vore Treisuring still inside their breasts their anguish but before

Trojan hand could clutch the rous had whirled the

Outside the volcano into the deep fringe of the war

Upon all sides the battle raged and hot the passion

burned.

And the fortunes of Creece and Troy continually turned Kus purposed the fight to be close — recordingly. His give I teenee to Pallas—right glad she—to fire her Creeks to save

The Dead from outrage, so from Heaven swooping down she came,

And stirred Menclaus and each Apix to avert the shame let again inclined the balance in Troy's favour, Hector proud

Of the armour he had strapped off Patroclus ficreely moved

His way through the adverse ranks—each spear of his reached its mark

reached its mark
To spread the terror also Leus shook His Ags and
dark

Crew Ida, lightnings flished a long echoing burst

of loud
Thunder shook the mount un to its very bise, and i

cloud

Descended and enveloped the Greek chieftains while

Breathed elsewhere about till in indignant wrath and
despair

For mittal and a specific light Zeus

For night bare justice Apr pleaded Light Zei

grant us light !

Then death, if it please Thee; but oh! not to die in the night'

Zeus granted that much of the prayer: but not so but

Equal valour against valour, will equal against will-

One side's best champions, jostled, battered, hammered, bruised and crushed.

Inch by inch, foot by foot, and yard by yard, were backward pushed.

Vainly Menelaus and Meriones from the fray

Raised the corpse shoulder-high, out of the blood-pool where it lay;

Down at Hector's rush it rolled, to the Town now, now the Fleet,

Quivering, slipping, soughing, in red mire, under mailed feet,

Foel, or friends',-

while, like to a bird wing-broken, fluttered-by.

Despairing of hts release, a pale Ghost in agony!

And Ajax's still, haughty soul itself confessed to fear.

Not for himself, but the dead, for the Friend he held

most dear.

Hard to stoop, and beg for help—from Peleides most of all—

But, with Gods and Fortune adverse, loftiest spirits fall. To the ships Antilochus came, bearing his cry of woc. Weeping:

"Achilles, in the dust hes four Patroclus. low, Slain by Hector, who utters, in they armour clad, a boast

To give the Body to Troy's dogs in spit of all our host!"

He found Achilles who counting long on his Friend's return

return Had cought no sound but might mean either that men

joy, or mourn

It must be, he mused the Trojans were difficult to beat

That when compelled at last to yield they made a slow

retreat
Patroclus even might have had to drive them to their

Wall
But the Plain was wide he must wait for news till

Confull
If long the delay the more eventful would be the tale

Attempt more than he was bid be so rish as try to scale

The Wall? Incredible? Besides had not Achilles heard

In confidence through Thetis, but from Zeus on His

That not for himself let alone his Friend was left the renown

Of being the Chosen of Fate to storm and suck Trov

Use for the Friend ! for the easy faith with which he sent

Youth and valour to a battlefield pledged to be content. To repulse not pursue!

For Achilles' unending thirst
Of revenge upon Troy! And first, on Hector the

But vengeance without arms?

Nothing for me execpt to weep!"

Thetis heard the tears drop:

and at once rose up from the Deep;

"Yes; arms; and vengeance also on the Slayer, in the strife.

At a price—a Mother to pay !—just a life for a life !"

"Blood I must have, whatever to Me, to You, be the cost .

My life ' How bear to live-on when my Patroclus is lost?"

Enough-his Mother was gone .-

Meanwhile his dearest one lay.

Doomed so it seemed, to Troy's seavenger dogs for play, and prev

But far from Hera Pallas, to let unburied remain

The body of the Champion who had in their cause been slain !

Down from Olympus floated rainbow-winged Iris to bring

Word thence—though the Queen's will was to thwart the will of the King-

"Be Achilles, although without armour, up and about; Bid him, hecding nought but his dead, stand by the Trench and Shout!"

Up sprang Achilles; and Pallas round his great shoulders flung

Her Egis serpent-fringed; and Divine that She is-

then hung

About his head a golden cloud-coronct from which came.

Of her contrivance, leaping jets of endless angry flame. As when a gang of corsairs a sudden descent have made. Upon an isk, and its men's lly forth a anist the raid Trying ugh buttle's fortune—while from far off they call On Alies to man ship and help by be conson the Wall

So bucking the rampart Adulles visible alone

Roared flashed through the dusk death to the foes side life to his own

His shout doubled by Pallas - an avalanche - froze the

Twas like the chill of horror unspeakable and despur

At the heart of some beleagued town when the trumpets
blace
Heralds the beginning of the storming by a wild rout

So ring a clear messag of doom in thit strange brazen shout!

It appalled all living things over long maned Trojan

hors
I ste foreboding rebelling at curbs to its heidlong

course Rushed its chariot backwards—each charioteer at the

sight
Of Athena's fire shooting its inexhaustible light

From the head of Peleides partook of his horses fright

Three from above the Greek trench boomed those temperatures eries,

And three cits wards recoiled Troy's warriors and Allies

There then from their charactes full n, in their bright armour clad

Lay tuch e Trojan chiefs the best and noblest gory and dead

\cath slain and their arms his comrades sated with carnage found

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- And laid on his bier, their loved One; then, standing all around
- Brought to the Trench.
 - The Swift-foot following, with slow, sad tread.
- Wept o'er the wounds that had robbed him of the fond.
- Of the Friend he sent forth at morning glorious-and now.
- At evening, received from the hard-fought Field returned —but how!
- So. a sudden hush; for, by Hera Queen of Heaven's will.
- The tireless Sun, reluctant, had sunk in Ocean; and—still
- Twilight stealing softly on-both Armies paused from the par
- And fury of battle in the evenly balanced war.

The peril is so near, even to the Phthian squadron, that Achilles yields to Patroclus and sends him to the field. begins a victorious career by the death of Sarpedon. Continuing until rebuked by Apollo on Troy's walls, he has the insolence to hope to storm them. Fighting in the mélée he, in the confusion of brain and warfare, is wounded successively by young Euphorbus, Apollo, Hector. Hector puts on the dead man's armour, would have, but for their flight, caught and driven the chariot horses. Zeus looks on, and pities both their master for the day and them. As for the combat, he intervenes mainly to keep it afoot. He has arranged for the worthy obsequies of His son, Sarnedon. For Patroclus, whatever the agonizing of the Spirit, let them struggle over the dead. At length Greek hope and muscles failed. Swift Antilochus ran and told Achilles that Patroclus was slain and his body in peril. Hera and Athena played a desperate stroke for its deliverance. Trojans were awed and pause in the the struggle. Achilles, without further opposition, conducts it within the Greek lines.

THE HEAVENLY ARMS

THEFTS is she had pledged a mother's word was come. To begiven of Hephystus at lax Olympian home. Where on Earth a Palace fair is that on the Holy Hill? Could there be? Was not this the work of a surprising stall?

Greeful gracious Charis ran forward to embrace the Guest

And she brought the mas to her Spouse at his forge in glad haste,

For oft he had told her how his Wother Hera in shame At the mis shapen infant she had borne—Immortal lame!

Hurled lum into the Deep where Thetis and Euphrosyne Comforted and mirsed him in the Palaces of the Sea An odd imping tump he moved as lightly as his true beaut

To offer her he revered the best homoge of his Art
"Oh!" he excluded "That as certainly as I shall

Wonders in Arms, I could charm them against Death too and Fate !

In his high workshop twenty bellows blew at his behest

Lach at heat toned by a thought, or subsided into rest PART I 5 First, in the white glow he east brass nor point, nor edge, could pierce,

With tin, and gold, and silver, stirring all to boil in fierce

Convulsions. Then, his strong arms set the anvil on its block;

And as tongs gripped, and, with roar like Etna's, the hammer struck.

Images rose in dazzling fire, like pageants in a dream: Phantasms of his quick brain; figures dancing on a sun's beam.

Lo! a five-fold shield, fitted with a silver belt for him Who should bear it in battle, hung from the bright, triple rim.

And ah! the infinitude of designs be chased thereon, Earth and Heaven, the Seas, the full Moon, and the gracious Sun,

Pleiades, and Hyades. Giant Orion, and there.

Too busy watching Orion to dip in Ocean, the Bear.

A miracle of Art: and instinct, as all such, with soul That brought it into existence, and waits to stir the whole.

As the Heavenly Artificer thought out a design,

And fused it on the anvil, 'twas stamped on the Shield Divine.

Whenever the Master gazed, from the surface life arose; Then a shadow issued. and back it sank into repose.

Still, as at Art's birth, a Master's eye has but to behold, A miracle will be renewed, as with the Shield five-fold.

Nor only Stars and Seas, but two cities Hephæstus wrought.

Marriages there were; and brides being from their chambers brought;

- Young men and maidens formed the dince, circling in mazy rounds
- Pipes were tuned byres were strung there was a rapture of sweet sounds
- Surely a gay festival! May it last! But look again!

 The feast is become a brawl a wedding guest has been alain!
- Has blood money not been paid? \ii, ' lea'
 Let the Court decide
- Piders sit, Pleaders plead Heralds hush This clear, a man died
- Shame on Civil fouds! But see here is graven open war I'wo Armies in array are allied they are come from far
- One would storm the City, and share the spoil with its
- The Other would crush the scorpion nest out of memory Menutime, the warrior townsmen gathered outside the Gate
- Had arranged an ambuscade and he stealthals in wait With both sides Discord and Tumult mixed while murderous Fate
- murderous Fate
 Her mantle blood red cares but for the quarrel to close
 late
- Joyou as victory wavers here there again again Piling up higher, and yet higher, mountains of the
- slain While to eyes with insight the graven figures seem to
- mose,
- As if live men on a buttlefield round their Dead they strone !
 - Fancy turned the kind peace-loving soul in the lame God woke

It might have been in Phthia: on Troy's Plain ere the storm broke.

As graver skimmed, the surface ever widened of the Shield;

It hovered, and there grew rich glebe, thrice ploughed.
a fallow field.

To and fro the labourers drove the beasts, their special care.

And as each came to the end of a furrow with his pair, Ready stood the farmer with, in his hand, a cup of wine.

Ah! effort of a ploughman to be first to touch the line! The wonder that to the eye following the chusel's track.

Its fine indent had turned the gleam of the gold a mould-black!

A harvest next. As the reapers cut, sickles in their hands.

Three binders, behind, tied sheaves, tall blades, full ears, with bands.

Boys gathered in bundles strays fallen by the way, to tie

With the sheaves. A King, with sceptre, joyful but mute, stood by.

Heralds meanwhile, awaiting the reapers, work done, prepare

For supper neath you oak an ox. sacrifice, hearty fare.

In due order a vineyard, the grapes black, shot
through with gold,

The clusters mid green leaves tasking the silver poles to hold.

An azure trench and hedge about: one path to enter in When the hour should have arrived for the vintage to begin.

- Already it is time! See! the young girls and boys are come
- To gather and bear the rape fruit in woven baskets home
- Listen' somewhere in gladness of the vintage sounds a note
- On a harp and somewhere song a scrap from a tuncful throat
- And strughtway a concourse with spontaneous accord
- Time, and a rapid river rolls of skipping dancing feet

 Yet again the impulse shifts Lowing rush the cattle

 all
- Kine calves and bull—gold and tin—at dawn from many a stall
- Four herdsmen-golden-attend them, and mue hounds, brave and fleet-
- What the danger that these would not amply suffice to meet?
- They are bound for their recustomed meadows and with one will
- Make for the rushs bed where trickles the murmuring
- But as the bull gallop onwards heading the foremost rank
- Iwo dread lions burst from the reeds upon the stream let's bank
- They have dragged him bellowing off. The herdsmen urge in v un.
- Their dogs at safe distance these bark but will not seize the twain
 - Earth is sport for Force and Writh even when Peace seems to bloom,

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- Fate may have been commissioning her ministers of doom:
- Heaven's self is not free from them, as its Immortals know:
- Witness the lame God, who had felt how roughly its storms blow.
- In his work he had pictured evil; but he could not part From it without attesting that jov is the aim of Art.
- He was glad as the grave tracing his brain's vision drew
- Long woodland glades of emulous enchantment into view,
- Flocks of white sheep and folds, with, nowhere, dream of savage beast,
- And shepherds living lives, each an innocent endless feast.
- In a garden-hall like that planned for Ariadne, bands
- Danced, youths and fair virgins, clasping fast one another's hands.
- The maidens were fine linen robes, and wreaths from sweet flow'rs strung;
- Shining tumes the youths; gold swords from belts of silver hung.
- Now, round and round they whirled; and now a leader of the troop
- Would thread it without break, and return, a sinuous loop;
- Still—the artist temper—not content with his triumphs till
- He sent two tumblers singing, spinning, just to prove his skill.
- Lastly, for the uttermost rim of the Shield, he thought good

- To roll old Oceanus the World River's giant flood Tideless and stormless with its irresistible embrace, That forbids Earth, Air, Seas to press beyond it into
- Space Lighter tasks, though beyond Man's wits the corolet
- that outshone

 The flame of any earthly fire and beyond forth like the
- Sun Greates of tin that swayed with every muscle as it
- pressed
- A strong helmet curiously dight and its golden crest.

 The whole creation of the smith and sculptor poet.

 God.
- That had waked out of gross metal at this lime Being's nod
- He swept into his brawn, arms and bore where sat
- spart
 Thetis, with one image—the doomed Son—in sid eyes
- and heart

 Thanks these silent spoke, and clutching the Arms,
- as hawk its pres
- With self massacring histe she swooped to the Fleet where dawned Day 1
- On the Dead Achilles wept still, then over him, on all A something of suspense of expectation seemed to full
- Armour panoply piereing the tent enwas without rent Dizzling from immensity on the flooring of the tent None braver are than Warmidons, but in their sheer surprise.
- As at a planet bi using on them from the morning skies, The rest in wild panie fled forth—not so was made their Chief

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And, higher still, while proud of Arms beyond belief, Though his first thought was of the means he now possessed to meet

His Trojan foe abhorred, and grind to dust beneath his feet.

Thets by the desire of Achilles visits the Palace of Hephasims to beg amount. Willingly be complete. We are told of the wondrous art. The forge is described and the metals. But, but of the best quality they would past be most delicate tests by human amourers. The suprement is in the Drine artificier. He thinks into His Dirimace and the forms forthwith bretthe themselves into the nitrals. By the end of the what a complete equipment is in the grasp of Thets, and she conveys it to the quarters of Her Soul Of its fitting there is no question. Her Son's first procedure is to call an issembly and confess has person if guilt in confounding a personal with a national crievance.

For the sale of a girl of Lyrnessus

As soon as the national farces were ready he was prepared with all his own followers to poin its ranks. In effect he commands in which the farch of the commands in which the farch of the commands whether the farch of the leader the inwalders in accordance with Hestor a rash belief that they were masters in accordance with Hestor a rash belief that they were masters of the field. He splats then mint to two blocks trampling, down the half with which he begins. The whole is a cruel massacre leaving Achiel sea the wills.

Till within the Skean tates had passed all-but I nam a Scn.

On the Dead Achilles wept still; so, they who had been bred

With him; whom but yesterday he gloriously had led.

Then, a sudden hush. No form was visible: but word-

A Goddess's-" Behold! '-and, a crash, thunderous, was heard:

And Shield, Corslet, Greaves, Helm, piercing canvas without a rent.

Clanged, as from Immensity, on the flooring of the tent. So, vengeance was assured; but next how for him to retrace

Steps disloyal to Achæa, and re-unite his Race.

Before the assembled host he in brief speech straight and strong.

Confessed his guilt for visiting on it a private wrong: "Would Artemis." he too frankly wished. "with a shaft from her bow

Had sped from off our Fleet the damsel to the World Relow

E'er fellow Greeks had bitten in death agony the soil-And this for a girl of Lyrnessus. my share of the Spoil!

Agamemnon, with one wound in limb, had ten in his pride.

But, shifting all blame for the strife on Até from his side.

Was, as liable for her muschief, " willing to restore

Briseis, with ten talents. wares, and seven women more.

Thus, back the fair girl mouned: "came to what, a home once, now was none,

For was not the Captive's friend and comforter. kind Patroclus. gone?"

The duel of Achulles and Hector was unequal. The disrappoint contraved against the Troy in by the trick of deluding him with an imaginary borther Desphobus and Athera's restoration of the spear of Achilles to him affect a modern reader's sense of fairness. But it is enough that the Pates bud decided. It is useless to complian of partisanship in Olympian Gods and Coddeses. We must be content with the majesty of the spectacle—the Creek host on the one side, all Troy on the wills old king Primu Queen and Mother and a dring Hero in their shuddering view. And yet the confronting of the complianing Chost with last trumphant Friend who delays his bestowal of a handful of dust from a funeral Pere is its could

TILL WITHIN THE SKÆAN GATES HAD PASSED ALL—BUT PRIAM'S SON'

Lo! Achilles rushing nigher and nigher to the Wall! Like that star of Autumn, Dog of Orion, Chief of all In splendour, and as baleful. Priam gazed on him as Fate;

And prayed Hector while time was, to enter the Skæan Gate.

He besought for the City's sake that he alone could save; For Himself, his hard ills, his sole hope of a quiet grave.

Ilis Mother joined her entreaties in as piteous strain.

To as little effect—how could they have not been in vain?

He heard; he answered not; his soul was seething hot with care.

For things he might have done, had not; have dared, and might not dare:

Enter the Gate? and to meet Polydamas face to face! Save himself? and live in Troy? Witness to his own disgrace!

Then, from Possibles that to him Impossibles would seem,

To schemes fantastic, easier for One like Him to dream;—

- Lat all arms aside breastplate crested helmet sword and spear
- and spear

 Ind waiting defenceless until Ichilles should draw
 near,
- Pledge Troy if Achilles and Hellas made peace to
- Helen, and trassures of her home that Paris with her hore,
- Besides-and in addition-half the wealth Illium's
- A fine for the guilt and the warfare's bloodshed to atone --
- As if he knew not the Swift foot would have no jot more
- For his helplessness than bound for helplessness of a
- hare Wore wear of thought his tired brain refused but as
- solder's would
 Called, and impatiently for the arbitrament of blood
- Armed he deeded to wut there and see which of the two /cus meant to favour with victory himself, or his fac
- Alas! and alas! for all the bearers of the brave!

 A blaze of armour as flame, or sun at dawn and a
 wave,
- Wild pane swept from where he had stood, Hector at the sight
- Of his for approaching! His limbs hurried him into flight!
- He fled under the City Wall along the wide high was Achilles recognized and followed as a hawk his prev-
- Past the Citadel the wind tossed wild Fig tree to the

"High talk," cried he, "designed to unnerve a foe.

If I die,

It will not be of wounds from a javelin as I fly.

At worst I fear a spear thrust in my breast; though may Divine

Grace to Troy grant that thou her bane die first from one of mine!

His spear aimed at Achilles struck the centre of the Shield;

But, unable to pierce, recoiled, and fell far on the Field. With a loud shout he called on Deiphobus for a spear: And understood at once how Deiphobus could not hear, For that Pallas had deceived him, taking his Brother's shape.

Yes; Death stared at him; and he knew that there was no escape:

"Forsaken by Zeus long since; by Phœbus himself of late;

With none even of his House to retard the feet of Fate; Be it so. I, Hector, cannot accept a coward's end;

I will do a deed to which future Ages must attend."

His sword, hung by his side, he drew, weighty and sharp, that none Throughout Troy City could wield and wave. but his

arm alone. His being, a passion—a despair—just one stroke—the

whole—

He whirled on Achilles, whose more furious fire of soul

Troubled not the cruel calm in which he strode to engage His foe, savagely, coldly sure of means to wreak his rage.

In his right hand he poised his spear, with brass head shining bright As Hesperus fairest star in the waning hour of maht Ah duel too ill matched! How could sword ever hope to near

Keen though it were, the range of the eight foot Pehan Spear!

Achilles at once with fencer's absolute skill would ward Fivery desperate attempt to break within his guard And search, as was likely a past lord of the arms should

And search, as

Where it was most effectual to land a mortal blow Yes it was where the collar bone links neck and shoulders here.

The brass wa thinner

And the hiller as burst in the Spear!
"Fool! when thou spoiledst Patroclus not to have borne
in mind

That thou wert leaving still an Avenger for him behind Who would see that dogs and unclean birds rend thee to the shame

But trumphantly entemb the previously his name! '
Hector feeling death upon him in accents low but

elear,
For the organ of speech had been spared by the he wy

Asked At the knees of I could by the Parents by

thy Soul

I conjure thee suffer not the dogs of the Ficet to foul

My body as if earmon but of the grace, permit We Parents—fix the price in brass and gold—to ransom

it

I Hector to sue to thee! Let here in the dust I pray

Send me buck to Ilium that my people there may lay My body on a funeral pyre, and my tattered Ghost Descend, although humbled now, from when once I led Trov's host!"

"Hound," was the answer, "waste breath praying me to mitigate

Chastisement I joy to inflict as minister of Fate.

I would that my own fire and hatred worked in me to tear

And eat thy flesh in return for the havoc of thy spear. At no price whatever shall leave to scare the dogs be bought.

Were offers by endless relays of envoys to be brought. Nor should I, for thy Mother to weep over thee, and fold

In her arms, let Priam rescue thee for thy weight in gold!"

Once more Hector. "I hoped not for the grant of my appeal:

To wake compassion for my lot, soften a heart of steel. But death unlocks for me the Future: I foresee an hour When thy ruthlessness to me in this high tide of thy pow'r

May infuse into Heaven's cup of wrath an element

Wanting, hadst thou inclined, though late, to pity and relent

No? Recollect hereafter, when Paris has bent his bow From these Gates, and Apollo guides the shaft, what I ask now!"

Death's shadow fell; the Soul, with a sigh after Youth's joy, fled:

And Achilles, plucking forth his Spear, spoke to the dcaf Dead:

"Enough for thee that thou hast died; when Zeus shall draw my lot

- Is His concern—but to day, a deed. Mine will not be forgot!
 - Achilles stripped Dead Hector of armour left body
- A sight at which Greek rank and file a multitude might
- state
 They mondered at the Hero's stature as they stood
- around

 And none could bear to quit without endeavouring to wound
- ' Surely they mocked this Hector is milder than when he came
- Torch in hand driving us sea ward to set the Flect
- As for Achilles his first thought had been to try the
- Wall
 On the chance the Trojans losing heart might surrender
- ull
 'But Patroclus hes at the Ships unmourned tembless
 - as yet
 Others dead may be forgotten never will I forget
 Form Achean Youths for your march to the Ships
- and chant that Your triumphant Prans for Him there in your midst to
- hear
- Trojans we murch beside your towers dure to bar our road
- Is Hector is dragged whom ye entizens revered as Cod!

 Mernwhile he bored both feet binding each by a leithern thong.
- To his Chariot leaving the head to tumble along Then he mounted with the Arms, and the steeds as if they know

They outraged the Slayer of their beloved Patrochefle W.

Pitiful speciacle, the Body jolfed up and down,

Besnurching the blue-black locks, its whole self from fort to grown t

For Zous, though with grave searchings of heart had agreed, nav. plannal,

That Hector's face might have their will of him in his own land :

Even in his Mother's sight, who with hair plucked out. voil torn.

Groaned to behold her Boast in the dust, and their Trov forlorn --

In his Father's, the old, old King's, who angrily complained

Of remaining within the Gates, of having been restrained From rushing cut to beg the Body, though with a last breath,

And if death instead, by the Spear that pierced him,

" Welcome, Death!" Alas for Heeter's Wife! She heard not how the battle

went.

In a room of her house withdrawn she sat apart, intent Upon a web she wrought, splendid with vari-coloured

Worthy to adorn a Palace with rich embroideries.

She had bid her attendants to prepare, as oft befere.

A bath for the Hero to rid him of the mire of war. But a sound of sereaming and wailing echood from the

In a sudden fit of trembling she let the loom-rod fall: 'Come," she sobbed: "Follow me; the heart quivers within my breast;

We himbs ful me as if benumbed and set they cannot

rest Hark! is not that the voice in inguish of our Queen

I hear f
What! if Hector, who deigns not to keep the ranks
as I fear.

Should have met tehriles alone

Non she was on the Wall -And lot her Hector dead thed to the Victor's Cart his
thrill!

Aught closed her eves—she fell buckwards in a swoon from her head

Fluttered net and veil, Aphrodite a guit when she waled

A Bride from Letion's Pilace

She anoke to know

Her world had erumbled into ruins leaving nought but we

All was over other Greeks supped then slept Achilles brooding on Pitroclus wept It longed for him his manliness, and force

He longed for him his minimess and force. In action, counsel his fire, and resource, lights voyages joys pains together borne. One Being theirs and now g ne forlorn! Vain to toss from side to g prone supine.

Dwn at last and to the brance
The tomb of his Patri

I truck not through of his unlind with skin and the Hercturned her the what?

To take what?

tra 1 suffered near

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No foul insect, would let no pebble tear.
But the twelfth morn: and the mad fit raged yet.
So some Gods scolded the rest when they met:
"Thankless to grant Achilles still his way
In maltreating Hector, who in his day
Served you: allow the author of his docm
To deny him all dead men's right, a tomb."

ACHILLES AND HIS DEAD

Thrice the Myrmidons drove their steeds round where in his white shroud

Las their dear dead Pstroclus with lamenting deep and

For Thetis inspired a thirst for weeping and weep they

must
So that the tears of rough solders moistened the very

dust
Then Achilles having unbound Hector's Body and

thrown Before his Friend's hier where it fell ingrained with dust

and prone

Nowed the camp dogs should have it and leave so mangled and torn

That his Wother would not know the Darlin, whom she

His men supped Atreides had prepared for the Chiefs a feast

And carnestly desired to have Vehilles for a guest.

He would neither bathe nor eat nor drink until he had

Patroclus on his pyre but for the morrow morn he praved

Atreides to send woodmen to the forest Ida's crown

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He quitted the Princes for the shore,

Where, in a quict spot, he lay by the waves, grieving sore;

Yet, for he was very weary, slept.

Then, Patroclus came;

Spirit—but as in life—garb, size, voice, lovely eyes the same:

"Asleep. Achilles? I forgotten? Never did I find Myself forgotten in life: I was ever in thy mind.

Give me my tomb at once, that I may pass to my own place.

Now, flesh holds me back, though Spirit, of toiling human race.

Refused me companionship across the River: I roam Exiled on Earth: by Hades disowned: between them with no home.

But clasp hands! Thou art dearest still; and I shall not return

After I have partaken of the flame for which I yearn. Never again shall we sit—we two—communing apart

From comrades—though dear also—for we twain were one in heart.

Ah the bliss of our friendship! Thou knowest, a boy and I

Quarrelled at dice; and of a blow by me he chanced to die.

Therefore, by my Father, fearing a blood-feud, I was brought

To Phthia; and Peleus willed I should learn what thou wert taught.

So, as now in the flower of my age I have been torn From thee by a cruel lot cast for me when I was born, And for thee, my Friend, also it has been decreed to fall. Cut off as myself in thy prime under Hum's Will I pray, command thee-for our loves sike do not disober-

Let my ashes rest by thene though I shall be far away

tchilles agreed for it was his own intent and strove

To class hands Grasp the night winds that round a

house screaming rove! Gone the Ghost-with a surprise note as of bird waked

by dawn

Cone as smoke dispersing or tracings a night frost has drawa

THE FUNERAL OF PATROCLUS

- The Myrmidons dressed their lines in all the full pomp of war.
- The drivers had yoked their horses, each Chief stood in his Car.
- Rank and file next, a storm-cloud, thousands, good at sword and spear.
- With, in their midst close friends of the Dead, earrying the Bier.
- They had cut their flowing locks, which as flowers now they shed.
- Strewing the whole Body of their Comrade, except the head.
- It Achilles held, and kissed, conscious with increasing pain
- That this was Farewell to one he should never see again!
- But at a certain spot upon the Trojan Plain he stayed. Of purpose then, as of old, the march of the cavalcade.
- The Bier was set down, and the site traced for a mighty
- To hold Patroclus, and One more when He had reached his doom

FUNERAL RITES OVER PATROCLUS

So the Spirit had his release. Achilles sheared the looks he had saved till then.

As one by one the golden ringlets showered on the Bier!

The fountain of tears reopened and all were weeping

there

Vast was the Pyre and by love prepared for inflamma bility wet it sulked

Achilles adjured the winds North West
With yows and wine Ins at his behest
Hurried to Threee the cave where cross grained Applityus
as host

Chanced to be feasting the breezy brotherhood at his cost

She stopped not there being bound where the Ithiops afford

Entertunment to the Cods at their hospitable board But Boreas and Zeplyr propelling a wall of cloud Lashed the sea into waves that towered high, and roared aloud

GREEK AND LATIN ANTHOLOGY

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- In stormy gice they swept the Plain, and plunged within the Pyre:
- And it hissed, and exploded into tempestuous fire!
- All night they tossed the embers together; and by the Mound
- Achilles from a gold cup poured libations on the ground.
- As father by the pyre of his son, a young bridegroom, groans,
- So on him watching the flames devouring his Dear One's bones.
 - At last shone Lucifer; and, dancing o'er the sea, Dawn came
- In saffron robe; and low was flickering the sighing

Patrocius in a pathetic dreum had demanded of his beloved Achilles a speech burial as he drugs about him weless flesh and bones. His I rend performed the obsequies But he returns in dishonour the corpe of Heetor which however friendly God, proteet Heven's friends of Hee or complain of the outrages to his body. Zeus friour them and flets is persuided to recommend her Son to agree to a ruision. Iris is sent to advise Priim to undertake the mission. Privin goes willingly and most successfully. The Illad closes here with the Burial.

BODY OF HECTOR

An assembly of the Gods decides, with the consent of Thetis' who answers for Achilles, to arrange for him to surrender. for ransom, the body of Hector Iris, sent by Zeus, announced to King Priam that he may safely in person visit Achilles, and return with the Body for its Burial. Zeus for more security sends Hermes to accompany the old King. Priam, against Hecuba's unwillingness, and that of his surviving children, accomplishes the journey Hermes brings him within the apartment where Achilles broods over the loss of Patroclus. Suddenly He is aware He is being addressed; besought by the desolate father of Hector; and compared with His own lonely father Peleus. The picture Priam draws is irresistible, and the ransom is accepted, the still-hated body yielded. Priam returns a Conqueror, to a City for once believing in Cassandra. Within the Palace, in intervals of the Minstrelsy, they by turns lament Hector's death, the Wife, loss of her sole bulwark against slavery for herself, disinheritance for her child, the Mother execrates a monster she would rejoice to rend in pieces and Helen regrets one who was sensible of nought in herself but the ideal of woman's charm! A student of the Iliad bids its wondrous Minstrel farewell, with regret, admiration, love.

PRIAM TO BEG HECTOR'S BODY

Into brings a message from Olympus She found the Palace echoing groans

The King grovelling on the Courty and stones Head and neck crusted with road mure cach Son Blushing for living now their betters gone And mourning less for ruin that come must Than for the strangs sight—Prim in the dust Daughters Drughters in law swelling the flood By fresh tears for their own suns set in blood None but Pram saw Iris there by him She spoke and he quaked in every limb Courage! Zeus sands are boding thee no ill

But to assure the puty and good will Hector He honoured and will let no more His bods he unbursed on the shore He chooses thee to give thy Son a grave Among his People that he died to save Carry with thee a Ransom of a kind To soothe and content but above all, mind That thou go alone except for one man A Herald and advanced in years who can Drive the mules and when the whole work is done to thou home with the Body of thy Son Fear not Zeus sends an escort wise and sure PART I

They quitted as a death-bed—slow to plight Troth on Angel's visit, or Eagle's flight.

For a safeguard, summoning to His side Hermes who loves mankind, Zeus bade him guide The King on his perilous way. The God Fastened his wondrous sandals, took his rod, And, a Phthian, in graceful youth's first bloom, Met the chariot halting by the tomb Of Hus.

Bound, as Priam said they were. To his Prince, he offered to lead them there Himself; while his Lord abjured the fight. Had witnessed Hector's provess with delight: "Ev'n now, though, mangled, by the tents it lay, Heaven had not suffered his Body to decay."

So the Youth mounted, and drove.

Night at fall Whispered dangers; the God brushed aside all: At the Greek fence, where feasting guards drank deep, He shed upon their cyclids poppy sleep; Gates opened: at the Phthian camp, without Hindrance from the Captains who sat about. He unbarred the Hall. Leaving Priam there. Hermes, confessed, winged to the upper air.

In the gloom the Hero, nursing his pride
In lust for vengeance still unsatisfied;
When, 19! a form defenceless, old, and lone,
Yet ev'ry inch a King as on his Throne!
Sight sorrowful! on bent knees stiff with age,
Kissing the hands that in unappeased rage
Had crimsoned Hium's meadows with a flood,
Drawn from the Suppliant's veins, royal blood!

It was as when upon some rustic town Drops, conscience struck, a hunted outlaw down Fleening to be straven from the fresh guilt Of a neighbour's blood in chance medler spilt Sudden the stillness seems to lave gu a way To a rule buy with run and domay

Outside they wondered when the storm would break On the Stranger At last the old man spake

Think Achilles of the Sire God like King Old as am I seited deep pondering-Envy beyond his borders, inside strift -How, on the desolating verge of life Hope to guard his kingdom within and out Then he remembers Thee and mocks at doubt Dreams that each sail is bringing from the sca Glad tidings of his hero son-of Thee! Hopes day by day to had his champion come I rom Troy a victor to his Native home All hapless I a father like to thine . No band of sons equal in Troy to must Where now? Of one after another reft Still I had Hector best and brasest left While I kept him none had I lost, but Thou Hast taken him Priam is childless now! Nought of him on earth but a poor bruised heap Of hones 1-

Oh' give that our them I may weep!
In merey take the Ransom that I bring!
Verey on the torn corpse here mouldering!
Drad just Heav in that hates a pitiless breast
Robbing unburied drad of rightful rest!
And as I pray look you on my white hur
Think 'tis your Lather prays, and grant the pray il

Remorscless still? Did ever mortal dare
What I have dared? Ever lived one to bear
What I bear now? I. Priam, fawn upon.
And kiss the hand that slew my Son! my Son!"
He ceased:

Achilles saw his native land
Rise in a vision: his Sire on the strand
Waiting news from Troy—from his Son! Ah! No;
Save he was slain: gone to the Shades below!
A passion of tears seized him.

As he drew
Gently his young hand from the old, they two
Discoursed in strange concert griefs, diverse keys,
Harmonious still, strophes and antistrophes.
In the dust Priam for his Hector mourned;
And Achilles groan for each groan returned.
Now for friend he had let go to the grave.
Now for the Sire he might not live to save.

But ev'n the gust of grief, which through the tent Had echoed, and beyond, at last was spent. Achilles felt a wave of pity roll—

Grey head, brave heart—through his relenting soul:—
"Foes though we are, and yet must be," he ericd:
"Let there be truce, and seat Thee by my side;
We will forget past sorrows if we may:
Sufficient the day's evil for the day.
Outside the Olympian Palace stand
Two casks ready to the Thunderer's hand;
Here, there, as chances, does He dip and throw
Ruin, or grandeur, happiness, or woe—
Which, need Immortals care?—sometimes a flood
Of misery, the whole, no spray of good;
Ah! for Fortune's scapegoat, branded from birth,

Helpless misereant, wandering round earth ' Or Zeus plays at balancing lots—each hand Dipping, throwing from where the two casks stand Thus has He used thy House and name

Fume told

Of the wealth ere we came in sons and gold How Lesbos to Phreger the domain But the Powrs dealt Thee and Thy House a bane Continual war

So my Sire from birth Was mighty and rich among kings of Earth . Is n an Immortal Goddese of the Sea Was given him for bride but unlike to They No band of sovercien sons for heirs. I one Leave my Father in Thessals, alone Uncharached while my few allotted years I spend bringing trouble on Thee and tears But-for exiscless liments bring no rehef To mourner or mourned-stry awhile Thy artif I give ther Thy Son's body tis the due Of courage iron thine and heart as true Lives there a man of trials like to Thine Smrt so stout as to have pierced the line Of the Greek ho t, and looked me in the face -Me slaver of the foremost of thy race! ' " \ w sighed Prism Abase me I would, must While Rector has unburied in the dust ! Take Ransom grunt the Body let me go I would be alone with It, and my woe! Stern the rejoinder

Bargain not with me !

If I give it is that I pits Thee

and obey Heav n should st Thou the Body take,

Imagine not I yield for Hector's sake. Beware lest grief wake grief, and I lift hands Against my Suppliant, and God's commands."

Priam kept silence: and Achilles bade
That the Dead should be washed, anomted, clad
In cloak and shroud, out of the old man's sight;
Watchful he that no spark should chance to light
Smouldering embers; then, he himself laid
The body on its bier, and knelt and prayed
Pardon of his Friend's Shade if now he gave
The Slayer's corpse the honours of a grave!

Finally, they supped—with high courtesy.
Royal each, in his equal's company.
Elder admiring the younger, in mien
A God; Achilles Priam's air serene
And gracious, with his converse bright as sage.
Reflecting a king's life, from youth to age.
No fear that his host, as they talked and ate.
Seeing a Ghost might sley him where he sat;
As little doubt, when he had asked a truce
For Hector's funeral, that oath of Heav'n
Was not more binding than the pledge given;
"Bury Thy Son; so long there shall be peace!"

Next, to rest, and brave still; though Hermes broke The tired old man's sleep, put, each in its yoke. Horses and mules, and drove him through the night And slumbering Camp, till they came in sight Of swift Nanthus. There Hermes passed from view, Leaving safe the company to pursue Its wailing way along, with its Dead, won By a hero's love for a hero son.

CANTO AXH

RETURN

REQUIEM

COLUTING minutes for her Sire's due return Cassandra climbed Pergumos with the Morn. Far away—not propheer this but love— She recognized her Father as he drove And 'Him on the hier

Hark ! truth multiplied By a soul, which flow with it far and wide Lo! Hector! Ic have seen him oft in jos Of conquering for her come back to Trox Histen now all to had him once again, Never more will be muct him on the Plain The City heard at once as with a leap, At Hector's name it started up from sleep Nor min, nor woman in the great town missed-Its Hero at the Gate-to keep the trust So home he returned with for cavalcade, A people weeping bitter tears yet glad In futh his Shade would hover our his tomb And even still prevail against Trov's doom Within the Hall of State the Body lay And the minstrels chanted their vaunting has

Of triumphs by the Dead o'er the Greek foe.
But as music paused in its martial flow,
Women's voices would a last message send
To Husband and Father, to Son. to Friend:
"Dead!" moaned Andromache, clasping the loved head.
Warming the cold checks with the tears she shed;

Warming the cold checks with the tears she shed;
"Ard Troy dead too, its manhood! Who defied
Achilles but thyself?—and Thou hast died!
As for us women—our lot without Thee?
What else but slavery across the sea?
And thy childs? to serve a hard lord, or die.
Hurled from a tower by some enemy.
One of many sore at deeds Thou hast done,
Who would avenge Thy might on baby son.
Ah! to feel the touch of a dying hand,
Treasure dying words to ponder in a strange laud!"

"Dead! of my Sons the dearest!" and the cry—A Mother's deepened into agony—
"Dead! why say more? Achilles in his ire
Mangled Thee, a tribute to his Friend's pyre.
Did thy sears stir therein one gasp of breath?
And now—for Gods loved Thee—that in Thy death
The flesh keeps almost its bloom, dew-soft, whole.
What have I of my Child but Body without Soul?"

[&]quot;Dead!" sorrowed Helen: "And among you all Who like me laments—longs more to recall? Since Paris wiled me twenty years have passed—Would I had then died! and from first to last When have I not met hate from tongue or eyes? I know all shudder at me, and despise—

Ill, but Thy Father and Thou!

All would fear To utter a high word when Thou wert near Grief for Thee is for Me what hope to find Laving soul so centle chivalrous kind!

Nine days Mount Idas forest and the Plain Rang with thud of axes the creaking train.* Of ox wans timber lad n

On the truth morn From the Palver where it had lan was borne. The Body and with we ping and with pride. In him whom dead as live all glorified Set upon the pide where Spirit might gain Release from Flesh a burdun now and pain As the flame died kinsmen with tears and groats Githerid into a gold uri the white boins. Placed it in a grave they had du, and crowned The whole with rocks a monumental mound. Then returned to Tron, to feast at the cost of Fram flow mounteers more than host.

FAREWELL!

So, our Farewell to Hector! and to Troy Farewell "By Homer!" Hector gone. He had not heart to tell How Achilles died-how Troy and King Priam fell!

THE ODYSSEY

THE ODYSSEY

Griess in the jouth of their literature and of literity entitiesm assumed the fliad and the Odissey, to be by one Bard. The co-custence of two portice imaginations, each extraordinary, would have seemed to the in incredible For differences in feeling style and workmanship they had an obvious explanation. The Odyssey on its face was the creature of the Bards age. An easy answer at a later stage was that no argument could be founded by one side or the other on the circumstance of either points composition. Except for vaguest tradition merest legist nothing was or is known of the authorship of the Bland. For all that the world have ever been aware unless for the impetute the soaring that itself may have been inspirations final flight itself may have been inspirations final flight.

Had the unity of authorship been meonitro-ertiblethe difficulties in dealing with the murits of the Odsecwould have been mercased. The conception of the plot in cycle Epine is adoptisher dissimilar. For a large part of the lihad Achilles sulks invisible. In spirit he always is actively present. Attention is concentrated on him and his moods. The idea of the poem is a series of perils to be encountered. Room had to be kept for variety in the results. Curiosity must be strained almost to breaking point. Pancy and literary art were required, and needed economizing for success. Even indignation: for there are times when, in the blinding of the Cyclops, revenge is glorified into virtue. As a whole, the Odyssey is a triumph of rom new and adventure. It was the proverbal infinity of resource in the Ithmean of the Iliad which recommended him for the second Epic's Hero. I am myself disposed to doubt if personally its minstrel admired him. Though he does his duty by him in the way of investing him with attractive circumstances. such as regrets for old comrades, at their annihilation whether by the half-dozen or shipfuls, how unlike the Bard's bearing towards the grief of Achilles for Patraclus. There it is whole devotion of a superior Self. Homer may have been blind. No blind minstrel is seen, and heard, singing the Iliad

Freed from invidious comparisons, not from generous emulation, the Odyssey will be pronounced a noble poem, deserving well to stand by the Hiad's side. Compare it with portical romances; none is its superior; which is its equal? Chaucer's "Canterbury Tales" may. for some of the mackerel-hund contents, stand by its side, though not pretending to originality, or vying in sweetness of diction. Spensor's "Facrie Queene" is in theme nobler, and execeds it in grandeur of thought, though far and away duller. Under whose, what names, in the same class has any country in ancient or modern Europe produced its equal? Then, in special features. boldness of touch, sweep, and swoop, when, in metre, were a storm, a horror, a butchery, by Læstrygon, Cyclops, Scylla so almost cruclly painted? A brave

romance—and so matter of fact? A suspicion scens never to have occurred to the Bard that am apology could be expected for the quick succession of markis even an aromal that they were markets as of a power in Pheneian ships to disperse with hilmsman and rudder since they knew the thoughts ind minds of men and the grography of Friths etties and lands. Odisseus not of a trustful character ice pits the claim as of course and sleeps on whole voyage on its faith.

Concentration of interest is a special characteristic of the Had The flood is directed to the glorifying of one supreme h re. Other po to have striven with the same aim Sone as in the Had have realized their object. It is almost as if he of the Odysser had made the contrary his ambition As I have intimated he does not always interest. The fulure is not disastrons In compensation inultifuriousness distinguishes the delightful entert unment cach fresh seems if one now and then lun is ure to be sufficiently relieved by another bor old readers and admin to there will always be from each recommenement in studying the poem another uttraction. They will have been wuting for the re entry of Yusiera Nausiera may have raised up rivils for herself in dramas masques pastorals occasional verse but she has no superiors. The Odvssey for a vast number of its admirers though seintillating with flashes of genius is for the five books before her entrance a mere ante chamber where they await her appearance The subsequent seventeen have been a period of such solve as they can find in the charm of her brief and grave maidenly farewell I doubt if Helen on the Walls of Troy the world's Queen of Beauty, presents so adorable

s

PART ?

THE ODISSIA

The Odyssey is a poetical narrative of the adventures of the king of the little island of Ithaca in his voyage home from conquered and burnt Tros On his way he lost his ship and erew in a tempest raised by the Sun God in wrath for their impious feast during the sleep of Odysseus on the God's pet entile Cuitless Odysseus was tossed on the Isle of O. v. 13 The love of Calypso which he did not return detained him for seven veirs until Athena obtained the resumption on a raft he constructed of his journes home. A tempest raised by Loseidon threw him on the Physician shore. There as then had arranged he was clothed fed and put in the way of introduction to the Court of the Lingdom by \ausican child of its king and Queen She was on the shore mistress of a grand I alace laundry expedition ending in a game of ball A charming idail which but for Penelope might have been a love seene. In due course inclusive of a visit to the Royal Cardens of Alemous Odysseus was the admiration of the entire Court, without joining in its sports proves by the extraordinary east of a rock his easy masters in all and finally is won over by the lying to reveal himself, and narrate the wonders of his travels

THE PRISONER OF LOVE

A cavi befitting a Goddess, where she

Who sat there had a right as such to be By a fire of ecdar Calypso plied Weaving wool a gold shuttle at her side In a grove without housed birds sea and land Hallowed they, trained to obey her command A vine trellised the civic and four bright jets Nursed sparkling meadows of sweet violets I ong she had loved Odysseus, fought despair Hoped at last she would be repaid her care Wondered how long patience like hers would spend A ceaseless siege and never reach an end Fy n himself--love her the should share her bliss Be her own-and Immortal with a kiss Love! Seven years he did but groan Alas ! All day as she knew wandering alone On the rocks of the melancholy shore Longing to start for his own land once more Pallas long had sought to end the calle Of Odysseus in Ommas isle Gods Troy s friends opposed at length her chance Came

And Zeus sent Hermes His will to proclaim The Nimph ached less Hermes was there to part Her from her love than from an untouched heart

Almost for herself it was a release, As when the death peals for a soldier cease. Him too. But for Poscidon's frown, or word. Ithaca's rugged isle had hailed its lord; And the bar to his return for past years. Had been his fond Mistress's smiles and tears.

Content Odysscus He was a freed slave. Found it sufficient rest to hear the wave Lapping, though for seventeen days he steered. Till—sea-shadowed, Phaacia's hills appeared. Then at once, lashed by winds south, north, east, west. The waters tossed him wildly on their breast. Poseidon wished him ill: for Troy in part; Walls wreeked by him were dear to the God's heart; Most for a hurt, we shall hear, he had done. Though in self-defence, rightful, to a son.

At last! among rushes, by the stream's edge. Formless, almost speechless, he climbed a ledge. Thence stumbled to a wood; there scooped a bed Under olives, wild, tame, of leaves they'd shed. The third day this on the sea, or beneath. Of a wrestle Odysseus won with death. He had despaired. Brave despair; yet fought still. Death he feared not, if that had been Fate's will; Though better, have been struck in battle down, Heir, dead, of imperishable renown. Than to have withered in Calypso's arms. Unwilling victim of Immortal charms,

NAUSICAA

II pp 10 1"

Species Hyperea had been of old Phenerian, but the Evelopes hold. The borders an insolant warlsk rice Freebooters wanting in all human gree. Tirid out at length Phevetins agreed. With Nausthboux Sollowing bus kind. To settle down in Scherry and in the Miller Nature never will forget to suit. When their king grand builder was called by Pitc. When their king grand builder was called by Pitc. His son in 10x followed as wise und great.

In a Palace chamber—for watch and ward leade the door two fair hand made on guard— Slept Nauscert Enrys edughter by birth In spirit and form from Heaven not Earth To her dreaming appeared them here. As child of brave Dymas the Sleeper's peer Playmate and the mandate she came to bring Was just to be 4000 with the sweet Spring

Up slug hed 'a day to be astir With the fresh diwn and above all for her Marriag able like you! Our young Chiefs suc A throug for your hand their Princess's you Will be pled_aed—and the wedding garments—when 's

Bursting the presses—precious, tich, and fair; But for wear? Impossible! Let us wend Our way, though too far, with toil at the end. A trudge for us and the maids. Rise, and pray The King for mules to take us on our way."

No ally like Pallas: brings weal from woe, And warns how near is high estate to low. Trouble She disregards so She may mend The tangled circumstances of a friend.

Nausicaa sought her Parents: a loom The Queen plied-thread of Tyre: the Council-room Called the King: but both granted the request. Though cause of urgeney-suppressed-was guessed. So-the day still young-a glad start was made. The dream-girl, be sure, in the cavaleade-The Princess laid the whip on. Where the flood Breaks into deep pools, clear, and free from mud. They halt, unharnessing the team, to rove In search of the wild thick grass that mules love. The wagon was unladen, and the whole Company washed, and scrubbed, with heart and soul: Working until nothing remained there more Than to spread to dry on the pebbly shore. Next, they bathed, oil not wanting, giv'n to use By Queen Arcte in a golden eruse; Then dired, winc in plenty, and dainty fare: For twas a rich folk with no call to spare. The meal done, music, when the cehoes rang To the air that the Mistress leading, sang. Nor this the end; for Pallas not content

Without seeing that Odysseus should be sent Under guidance to the King's presence moved. The Princess to a pushine the gris boxed. She flung a ball. All clsc forgot but though Wain and mults were ready vet to sud fro. Swyed the game. As when Irthus imong, Her sylvan mymphs a besulcous tall throng More fair she head taller on Privagete. Or Errinauth shall rouse sulks be reflect. Stag, to I atom's pride such as surveyed. Its her Mother might now here been the Wait.

Nausiera threw with such force the bull. As to miss the handmad, who let it fall Into a deep pool and thereat a shout That woke Odysacus forth he came in doubt Momen were these who fled as he came near And well might they view that he seemed with feir-Clad in nought but leafue bedaubed with grime Eyes hon's blazing rayening for crime Only the Princess perved by Pallas stood Brave too a king's daughter she by her blood Much he revolved-approach-clasp by the knet ? Nay a young maiden-what if she should fice " Best presst as Royal Save Delos where-Photbus gift- Nature is immune from care A young palm tree yow I such perfect form Least now if ever wreck battered by storm Dare I approach Yest reen since last I set I'ok on land was the twentieth Nor vet s my ills be over. How hope a Queen see man in me such as I have been Thee first of thy people I address. me some rag to hide my nakedness !

In return be thme a home where each heart, Wife's, and husband's, shall have an equal part. Nothing so precious can the Gods bestow As entire agreement between the two."

"We judge not," the reply. "by accidents of ill, Zous distributes Fortune at His own will. All have to bear; they must; and thou wilt find, As trained to endure. Phæceians kind. No suppliant is ever left in want

Of clothes, or whatever we else can grant." Meanwhile, as the pair talked, prepared for flight Quaked the handmaids: for he was a dour sight. Their Lady rebuked them: "Stop! Whence alarm? Heaven loves us; whence mortals that would harm? Know ye not we Phæacians abide Apart at the limit of the sca-tide. None hostile venture here; just some poor stray That Zeus pitics, would help upon his way. Choose a sheltered pool; be he bathed, and clad." Modest, as one of gentle blood he bade The maids stand back; meanwhile Athena brought Arts Divine to heal hurts that storms had wrought. At her breath, taller, stateher to view, He showed; and She caused his head to renew Hyacinthine locks, as Vulcan will fold Sheeny silver in crust of ruddy gold A new Being released from the waves' weight. Nausicaa, gazing, to herself, cried: Happy woman whom such woos for his bride! "Quick," the Princess cried: "spread ye meat and drink!

Then Home; to learn what may my Parents think."
But with with a meal without delay

Fought rude hunger stored for many a day Then, before the start the Princess gave out To the Guest-in thought much as words-his route

For such part of the course as lay along Open fields and paths let him stay among The handmaids by the wain's side, as She drove She tells how find the Palace and aware Of my Parents nature, I bid you dure Clasp the Queen's knees and, desolate on Farth Sue for compassion from a Monarch's hearth

So She ruled to leave him when on each side The road skirted a port where fleets might ride On a grand scale this and too beyond aught Friendly rivals nature and human thought The Kine's parden.

good acres four the ground

A fence encompassing the space around Of each sort ' pomegranates figs apples pears Olives with produce ripe throughout whole years No fulure there is in a common clime . One bows as in natural course to time But so long is put forth fruit buds it can Crops it produces for the use of man Germs that the west wind fondled into bloom The same warms into flavour and perfume A vineyard obeys a like rule one side Sloping is gradually being dried Elsewhere men still are gathering ev n tread Again there are clusters just turning red Throughout the enclosure same zeal to spare Not toil or wise thought for a clod or care The Guest marked the whole on how from below Springs had been coaxed as fountain he ids to flow,

One watering a legion, trees and seeds; Another for as endless Palace needs. The whole, a marvel to him—due to laws—Nature and men—working as in one cause!

But by this time he was "within the court Of the Palace. Silence was of import." Had been hinted: "the people had no love Of strangers: deemed ill motives urged to rove. Themselves! to be everywhere; abourd, swift As bird or arrow, was Poseidon's gift." Heaven saved against risk: It shed a dim Twilight around the Guest, unknown to him. Then he recalls, from the Princess crewhile, A warning - plain enough to woman's guile—"Twould best—though Alemous reigned—betide To win first the Queen to be on his side."

THE UNKNOWN GULST

ALOY he had reached a recess unseen, Wherein stood the Thrones of the King and Queen He claspid Arete's kness is in a cloud. All say heard as a stranger project should. Blood great three the invalidant bears in a

Behold great Queen the supplient hear Thou And the King! These also to whom I bow Guests at the Boxal heard!

May the Gods give Happiness on Farth long us ve shall live And to leave house and goods each to his heirs flast boons fallen to you may still be theirs I pray for you your homes pity 'return We to muse to dear once whom long I mourn'' Censing he abased himself to the ground

In the hearth's dust and silence fell around Old Echemum broke it to recall The king as to his duty, most of all, Of welcoming strangers within his gate Before inquiry into wants and state. Alcinous accepted the robule \(^1\) gracious host at once he rose and took. The suppliant by the hands with kind words Pledging and when to morrow met the lords

He feared mistrust: " Nay." cried the King: "not so: Thou mightest be our son-in-law; but go. As such thy desire is. And now to sleep. A new barque shall bear thee across the Deep." The Elders summoned voted the request Of the Sovereign-who backed it with a feast For one nameless on whom Pallas bestowed Majesty of a King, if not a God. A galley was launched, and blood largely shed Of Victims, whereon the courtiers fed. Blind Demodocus was Bard: while he sang The Stranger caught the theme as the strings rang. Twas his debate with Achilles. He went Behind his hood. Alcinous who kept Watch on him, noting some nerve jarred, proclaims The banquet's end, and to begin the Games. In Hall supreme, outside Odvsseus held Eves still; but young men tire to be excelled In public regard by one strange to sport; For that seems life to members of a Court. Eurvalus, Laodamas-a son Of the King-concerted to work upon Their belief he was a merchant whose art Was but to carry goods from mart to mart; A man of peace, with sturdy limbs enough For oars and sails, not war, or play as rough. Stern retort: "In no mood for pastimes he; For nothing but his home beyond the sea.

Pretty lads—Euryalus—his like—ware!
Provoke me? See what I can do: then dare!"

He allowed no rudeness but from a host— Laodamas was licensed—might taunt, boast. With the word and a leap, he whirled and three O'er the quost ground a rock, it whized and flew Beyond all the marks for extrement cost.

'This, he cited sport of one chained to a mast! Lurjalay, stronished as the rest.

Asked pardon of the taunt he had addressed.

Offering—requital for a sharp word—
In its seuboard a silver hitted sword.

The Stranger groeously received the grant.

Honed the Giver might near feel its want.

War worn, wave buffeted, poor wreekage thrown Naked on a strange shore nameless unknown Was recognized as kingly,

He won a priceless teart become recall Hearing twas the of his voya, c home In the great half of his voya, c home Sausicaa, bade hun of the fund Remember she rused him from a strange strand

The supper was served and a herald led Demodecus where the Bard Is and his head Against a tall juller Of the fat chine. The Hero's portion part of a huge swine Odyssus sent the Bard most praved he should Take for his theme th Ashrvin Horse of Wood And the Bard told who planned manned it in such

wise

Sing that slow tears dropped from one hearer's eyes.

Uniost twas as if he turned Trojan sym—

Dring for his home—his wife with bare raw

Shoulders being at the spear's sharp point, broke

Before his face to indure a slave's yoke

Weinous, none else—for he sait pear—

Had marked how, spite of self, tear fell on tear. Courteously he bade the Minstrel lay His harp aside; and "would not their Guest say-For no less than 'Brother' the name he hore-His fortune's course, fair, rough, from shore to shore? Above all, Troy? decreed by Gods and Fate Subject for song-wert Thou associate With its sorrows by marriage, friendship good And fond a tie as any one of blood? Needs must we know thme, or thy country's name; Else, where carry Thee-how back to the same? Our ships have no pilots or helms, but ken Without speech the thoughts and the minds of men-Darkness, clouds alarm not our sailors; they Have lost, they boast, no eraft by night or day. Spite of Poseidon's rumoured threat, in sight Of the Town, sink a ship: thus prove His might."

A hush—King, and Twelve Princes, held their breath; The whole Hall throughout was as still as death. Perhaps, Nausicaa listened apart Where none could guess the throbbings of her heart. In command of twelve ships besides his own gathered from among the Activean Fleet Odysevis had sailed homewords. A first disaster arose from the strong wines of Ismanis, which caused him a loss of ax seamen from each vessel. He stayed shall be a first stayed that a loss of ax seamen from each vessel. He stayed shall be a first stayed and the shall be a first shall be a first shall be seen a high building with its inhabitant a giant. On him he deedled to pay a visit with twelve companions and a goatskin of the strongest wise. At nightfall a hideous giant Polyphenius would drive his flock into the great barn which he closed with a rock beyond human strength to dislodge Two of the seamen eight in all he devoured while the rest studdering gizzed. Odyssevis known to him as. Noman itecuted to blind him after intoviciting with the strong Ismanis wine. The glivist'i vengeance, is worked on the monster. Feenjed the hero and his crux spent a month with Tolus king of the Wind. On their regretted departure with all contrary winds imprisoned in a bladder the salors in the belict that it held treasure cut it open and from begin gwithin sight of their own fields were hustled back to the Lectry gons in their cannibal citadel, was a horror whence the one ship of Odyseus found itself.

On the Isle Ecca where dwells bur haired Circe, mistress renowned of spells

WINE OF ISMARUS

POLYPHEME

15 (24

Thus adjured the Guest answered 'Thou would st

My story? Tis a tale of endless woe Where shall I begin? In this Hall has one Not heard of Odysseus & deeds be has done ? And how Irox fell 9 Sailing homeward I moored Off Ism rus might with rich spoil on board Have sailed safe away had there not been wine th Town's without the Priests' at the Divine Grove whom and whose for its fragrance rare And his gold treasure I agreed to spare Thirteen Greek galleys were in my own charge I signalled for sea erews dispersed at large Had to pay for their cuns a bloody cost And sail with six comrades out of each lost Next storms from Leus nine days and Lotus land Its people are no murder plotting band Simply they offer sweet flowers sweet fruit No more But accept and henceforward mute Guests las, forgetting home and hope, task hard

To force them weeping, with forlorn regard, Under the benches bound: leaving behind A hushed, stilled atmosphere, sighs its sole wind; Where the loy is just to be unaware Of pain, and agony to feel a care

On an isle we heard from the other shore Voices; but at dawn I bade twelve ships moor Afar, while it sufficed for mine to dare Make trial of what sort the natives were. Rowing we saw a cave, roof laurel-spread. Beside, slept sheep and goats. About its head A hall, raised high of stones, dug from a pit, With tall pincs and oaks, joists to bind and fit. In the shade dozed among the dozing sheep A monster and most ruffianly in sleep; Superhuman-peak measuring with none, Dwarfing proud heights-this Brute Thing dwelt alone. At sight I bade the rest, beaching the boat, Keep it ready, to have at once affoat. Of meat I took such as I had aboard. With Priest Maron's wine, strongest he had stored, For what need might arise, an ample skin; Then, with twelve chosen men, I entered in. First, we explored the Cave though in such fright Were my comrades as to have taken flight Forthwith-with such spoil-whether made or live-As we could bear to our ship, or drive. I forbade; hoping gifts, fair words at least: Soon to repent, when in rolled the grim beast, With on its back, supper fuel, a weight Which he tumbled down by the open gate. Stunned, for I shared the terror at the din,

Stunned, for I shared the terror at the din, We all rushed to the cave's last limits in.

Parting his flocks he left the males outside The Hall barring by a rock for door slide-Scarce twenty two terms would stir -then each lamb Or kid set for suckling by its own dam Dairying done he kisure had to mark The fugitives there huddled in the dark In answer to his questions I had sought To awe lum by stating that we had wrought Troy s fall though adding craftily a tale That our spoils had been shipwrecked in a gale My warning that Zous will avenge a guest Brought but a scott and a cannibal feast With a rush upon my comrades he seized two Puppy wise dashing brains out at a blow Rending limbs hon like rage without soul Swallowing raiment, blood entruly bones whole I or us what but cry to Zeus and to weep With vain de pair as he las in dull sleen? Revenue 9 Stab-we might cut the vital cord Cut a stone block-sever that by a sword? So, ooner or later prisoned inside That black dungeon to have pined and have died

Night and no counsel till for his morn's meat.
Two more crushed one thather for him to cut.
Div wrath then stirred with He went. In office wood.

Pole in dried for a club—and there it stood Parching by the fold I chow and cut off MI but a fathom. That I thought enough And shirpened—Back, he but—new mode it eve— He did not on this one special might have The males without—Hi drove them to the cave, Cloating on the dure meal he longed to have

Then lifting the great rock, ingress to bar,
As if it the merest shore pebble were,
He milked and brought ewes their young in due

As tenderly as women their babes nurse. Next, to his cannibal feast: two live, raw Mass, human flesh, sacrificed to his maw. I offered a full goblet, a long draught, From the Ismarus goat-skin we had brought, Praying him in return to let us go. Fast he quaffed, craving more, pledging, if so, A return. Three times I brimmed the vast cup, Which three times greedily did he drink up. He asked my name. 'No-man,' said I; and he: "For thanks I'll eat thee last of the company. On his back the foul glutton fell. supine. Slumberous, subdued by the potent wine. Our stroke was arranged; four men held the pele Kept hot in embers; point like a live ccal. All but aslame; and dressed he for his rack. See! the coarse, thick throat bent helplessly back; The eye, furiously glaring, though glazed, At the four Greeks poising stick that half blazed. Ah! and a hissing! it is in! Halloo! I from above turn it to, turn it fro! The blood the point thirsts for boils, bubbles, steams, Round cycball's roots erackling! Ah! and the screams As he plucked the stick forth! Churlish though he, Hearers of shricks forced from his agony, Gathered from their highlands at the weird sound To the cave of the Hall, and stood around: "Ail you?" They, "by fraud, or by arms of Man?" He: "Noman." They: "What use scolding God's plan? None can shun a dive se that Zaus may send Pray to thy Sire Poseidon. He might mend Thus left he groped took away the big stone, Sitting there to catch who else would have gone Pool to hold me such and this my design. The runs lodged by a happy freak within. I had at hight stills, with a rough thread—Ossers he used to collect for his bed—Fastened three abreast the one on each side. To share the load the centre in the ride. For myself I chose King Ram that came slow. Last it pleased Cyclops to think, for his woe. Could be but track in Normal. To crush his bones.

Could st but track me Nomin! To crush his bones! Lasten as spluttered his brains on the stones! His retort was a huge rock that all but Would descending upon our ship have cut

Her in twain whereat with a bitter taunt, I give name pitentage by was of vaunt. He employed the news to pray if willed Fate. I should return it night be lone and late.

He employed the news to pray if willed Fat I should return it might be lone and late! For himself while he deemed us in his reach Casting in vain a whole chilf from the beach

KING ÆOLUS

LÆSTRYGONIA

CIRCE

V, pp. 31-5

WITH oars, starting at dawn, we reached the land Over which King Æolus holds command. Lord of Air, he orders thence each wind To rage, or be still, as he is inclined. It floats at his will, though with me his guest. For my convenience it staved at rest. A whole month, as right welcome, there we spent;

If longer, Æolus had been content. He liked to hear of Troy, th' Achæan fleet. Questioning till he had the tale complete. When I would proceed, and inquired my way, He took friendly care that I should not stray; Rebuffed, six long days, nights, we sailed and rowed. Period of memories dyed in blood.

Can I cycke one with no single trait Recalling a gallant flash to repay. A brutish world this at its bounds, where dwell The Læstrygons in their steep citadel Of Lamos, who rate strangers as chance meat, Windfalls for savages to kill and eat.

Under impuls. Divine my one ship found Herself in a harbour as thither bound. It was on the Isle Zees when dwells Fair haired Circe mistress renowned of spells. Fetes uster Perses and the Sun's birth Grandchildren of Ocean that circls. Earth I speak of things we learned not that we knew For our clack life was but a draught of rue. In the forest or beyond simple, aros.

It was arreed let half as the lot chose Start first thither at Euralochus led My brother in law whom my sister wed Starting first a strange tale his in the wood 1 Palace-for watch dogs wolves and hons-stood So well trained the heasts as our sailors came They prombolled guly round—they were so type ! A Lady the while within her own room Sing doing work immortal at her loom But our men were not rudely made to wait They shouted and Herself was in the gate Praying their entrance All even discrect Polites the trup caught set for their feet Thus much Furtlochus saw Of the rest Part from marticulate eries he cuessed Adding detuls later as that with med Cheese honey and wine She mixed drugs to sted Human simblance away turn men to swine Let so as to recollect and repine I patchwork story whence I could but tell

That Greeks my Greeks the sport were of a spell Played them by a 'Goddess Witch' what you will

Rumoured to do wandering scamen ill

The suspicion roused in me rage extreme Beyond deeds of cannibals, Polypheme. I snatched sword, bow: bade Eurylochus guide, When, weeping he lagged, suffered him to bide. So, alone, I went: had climbed a wild crest, When Hermes staved me on, else, a mad quest. Unless for the herb "moly" that He gave: All potent, as He pledged Himself, to save ;-For I, as armed, I reached the gate, and cried. Was courteously brought at once inside, Richly regaled, throned on a silver chair, Then hustled with: "To the stys, and he there!" I rushed, sword drawn, nor would relent, till when She had restored my comrades to be men. Thenceforth She dealt nobly by me and mine; Supplied dishes of all sorts, honeved wine. Purple coverlets, gold and silver plate, hot Baths causing toil and grief to be forgot, Service by Nymphs of grove and fountain, elves Guessing wants not e'en felt by our own selves

HADES

11 pp 36-41

A WHOLE VERY gone at 13st in idlesse spent And my ship's company in discontent Reminded me-I Circe -that we come From Troy should not thus laster far from home Orec held me not back only first bade Sail to Hules there consult the shade Of Tiresias Prophet old and blind Who-Persephone's boon-kept a whole mind Such pil_rimace-bare thought-plunged me in tears The erew obeyed me did not hide its fears My Goddess inspired a north wind that bore Us to the River Ocean On its shore Dwell the Commercials nor cheerful morn Nor serone sunset know they but forlorn Haunt life some might. Then to old Ocean's bank Returning I dug with my sword a tank That blood there from the sheep I she a -a pur -Might remind those drinking whose ghosts they were Sorrow first of all to have to refuse Access to a draught Fipenor my crews loungest Heavy with wine he slept to taste The cool on the high Palace roof In haste, It the loud call abound he fell beneath

Forgetting the ladder, and met his death.
The next to be harred my own Mother dear.
Approached, but gave precedence to the sext.
The ms, who at my pray'r worolled.
All my coming life to its latest fold.
Eventful it will be, as it has been:
But just an accident in Time's long seems.
Time rests upon Hades, ascenda, descends;
Ever, in its ages, starts theree, there ends.
Persophone had published, that Below.
Passed One could tell whence sprang they who ruled.
Now.

Whispers, a hurneam, stirred Pluto's realm. Threat ming but for the tank to overwhelm. A vision of fair women: Gods and knights: Tyro, Alemena, Clymene; delights, And griefs as strange; sieges of Heaven; Love Fraternal, that, unless 'twere blessed Above, Could not joy, and If ite neither heart could feel Eased till the other bled to deadly steel!

But I tree you. Tune too for me to sleep;
For I must to-morrow be on the Deep."
Silence: a charm had fallen upon all:
The rapture of the Tule possessed the Hull.
Arcte pointed, broke it not:

"My Guest He was, is yours become, and of your best Is worthy!"

So all, chief the King, agreed:
"The night is young; speak of thyself; each deed.
Stratagem, resource, suffering, and care:
Thy comrades at Troy, how they fared, or fare."
None the Hero to seorn for deeds he told

Good hearers nor boons from the rich in gold Storms had sunk Tray's spoil home would be repaid By Physica in the gifts she made

So, he resumed

Regarding it as just The boon to some untimely gone to dust

Queen Persephone of Her grace now brought Warnors by whose side myself had fought Agumennon first. This lumining Ghost Narried how he Captain of the Host Was slain as in on in the shrinbles. If Evilly stolin by in adultions Wife Alas's how comfort' could not even say It Oristes says still the light of day.

'Your wife chaste he granted But were wives

Mine troubled not to close my dying eyes!

Sad we parted Achilles Atax son

Of Oilcus Patroclus followed on

With Antilochus Ah' wonder that took

Them' treed they' What would not Odysseus

Rather than resign his will? Let, what led three below among impotent dead?

Shadows these! replied I Dead as alive They obey what laws may Achilles give!

Words - the retort Death can be nought but death

Hero and Clory—weigh they more than breath? Coddess born! a mere phrase—that like the rist— 'who ne or elasped the dead to her breast! Oh! could I but triad earth beneath my feet,

Be impred by the frost and scorched by the heat. To feel blood red and real course in each vein. Joy with joy, true joy, who with pain true pain. Be a hinding, just feel a sun to thus. Lout to basest of churls, wait upon swine. Not rout ghost-hosts of Troy, ghost-helm on head. While I forget I ve lived, I now I am dead."

But of me who am here enough! My Son. Neoptolemus - where? what has he done?"
"Never behind lingered he, the mere boy":
Answered I. "Always in front against Troy.
While others in the 'Horse' urged long delay.
He would have burst forth while it still was day."
No more Alacides grieved, the long stride.

My heart had an ache could not thus be cased;
Vain my hopes; Ajax would not be appeased.
Next to Achilles, none in arms could beast
Equal prowess with his in the Greek host.
But the 'Horse of Wood' won through me the Town;
No one deed exceeded it in renown.
O that the Arms had perished before they
Dimmed the lustre of many a great day!
I grieve to have left pursuit too soon off.
Not to have pressed it doggedly enough

Still curious I, save for Trojan jeer:
"An instant, and mark! Gorgo will be here!"
Hasting back in dread. I bade loose, and row.
Rapid oars, and the river Ocean's flow
Tossed us to the sea. By night we were borne
To Eaa. On its beach we slept till morn.

On waking our first duty was to send-Discharging a last one-for a dead friend To fell trees for a pure most with wirm tears-More-friends fewer-for each that disappears-To burn the dead and arms and raise a tomb With a column and name saving for whom Gods and men have done me ill and as well Of Lindbesses from both have I to tell Circo feasted us on meat and rich wine Till the sunset then by foresight Divine Revealed to me apart how all might come Unless through some misdeed, back to our home At morn our vovage began and the sails Filled for the Goddess gave favouring gales Meantime I warned as at their oars they sate How they mucht haffle death, and even Fate

How they might brille death and even Fate It was as She saud first the Strew Ide We reached and the wind full. Then, fear of guile The men furled sail and took our. I with wax,

That san and my hands soon served to relaw Closed their ears in their turn they bound me fast Upright with main strong ropes to the mast As ears closed the erew round on a green isle. They saw Nymphs singing, with by them a pile, As of bonus. On these I spent not a glance, Only on a low-liness to entrance. Which to all the cestars of song—

Theme Earth's myster when the world was young To Ihum's fall how through whom it came—
' bor we are here to sound Odysseus fame!'
I ordered and I praved to loose my himb The crew added tighter and tighter bands

So, one death was escaped; but not prepared Had I for the next traps: I had not dared. Charybdis. Sevlla are partners: a stroke By one shattered nerves; and a second broke. See, first, steam; one billow then, and a roar. At which, in a wild panie, every oar Flow splashing. True, men believed in my words; And, when I conjured them, obeyed their lord-Though who would not quake at portent like this. A tide gorged, disgorged, up, down an abyss Nought earth-born could face save wild fig that hangs O'er Charybdis's den. and plays with her fangs. And what use in speeding oars till betwixt Her jaws, and Scylla's six necks, on each fixt A head's three rows of teeth grinning in each: On each-one a mouth-man quivering, and a screech. Fool I to hope such monsters would expose Themselves to the vengcance of human foes! Circe mocked the fancy; yet on the prow I stood with two spears, as if farthest throw Could have struck into the Cave. Ah! the pang, Appeals, to myself with which the air rang! Direct of all my trials on the Deep. Such sights, and such sounds-how haunt they my sleep! The horror still brooded: moved me to shun. Though bright and green, the Island of the Sun. Tiresias and Circe had combined To bid us sailing leave this spot behind On pain of a sentence without recall To the worst of evils that could befall. Eurylochus resisted: "Nerves like mine Were steel; there was no toil they would decline. Besides, ill winds south west, began at night,

Our Lord feared for the Sun God's herds and flocks They d swear to hold sacred each sheep and ox Pist midnight a stiff wind a tempest blew And for a full month from the south. The erew Had used up Circe's gift and what chance food Fish aid birds hooks supplied from flood and wood I grieved at the hunger and sore at heart Had wandered where er I could be apart Washing my hands clean I had made my your And the Gods shed sweet sleep over my brows Uns 'my comrades who had kept their troth Erewhile abused my doze to break their oath Voying once home in Ithrea to raise I rich Temple to the Cod When I woke I smelt in the hot fat our doom. In vain I took Heav n to attest my innocence. The Sun At once had clumed revenge of given none Had threatened Olympus to stay beneath And to Mummate the fields of death Six days of revel and then fulled the gale. On the next we began once more to sail. Myself in hope against knowledge-the meat And skin would moan and erecp as the men cat We d lost sight of land when lo ! a dark cloud Above a dark sea and straight screamed aloud The west wind a hurricane that pell mell Swept cordage into the hold and down fell The most It smote the belinsman on the head And he plunged as a diver leaps but dead Then a sulphurous bolt was by Zous hurled It shook the enw out on the water and curled The galley up Keel sides parted A thong PART I 10

I caught, tied mast, keel: we floated along.

Ah! terror! I felt I was being borne

Gulf-wards! But blest fig! Not thence to be torn!

I climbed, waiting my turn to keep my way:

And reached Ogygia on the tenth day.

But you know how I with Calypso fared.

Let audience and teller both be spared.

ITHIACA AT IAST P 46

Survey-as if all waited for next word Or sleeper from dream that has softly stirred At last the party broke up to return After brief slumbers with fresh rifts next morn Then with more feasing applause and regret The Hero was left aboard at sunset fired out he lay mute fearless was and slept Hawk swift purple wave behind the boat leapt And reached the haven-as Lumber rose-Named from Phorevs, where a flect might repose Close by in a pleasant shadows cave Where the \ai ds were their bright robes and lave The erew without disturbing placed the Guest On the sand to complete his tranqual rest Stored his treasure within and hastened home Waking he knew not whither he was come-Even wroth as if to an unknown land-Might be and betraved to a robber band Examined first his goods and found none lost . Though still deemed the region a foreign coast

Readers you know he is home at that stage In his long and eventful pilgrimage

Homer—neither—e'er tires; rendered has gone Beyond the course that I had meant to run. Resort to the Bard's self, Friends, if you ask How Troy's Captor fulfilled his whole hard task.

And now at last on his own unrecognized isle in the charge of the ever faithful and amused Athena. The Goddess explains to him the usurpation of his home and goods by a number of sustors of his wife whom Penelope repulses though doubtful of her husband's survival. For safety from their greedy and unscrupulous ferocity. Athena disguises him as a ragged low beggar I umeus the swincherd faithful to his memory is hospitable, when Telemachus enters the cottage straight off his scarch for rumours of his Father at the Courts of Nestor and Menelaus I nknowingly he had escaped a ship set to wreck his by murderous Suitors. Telemachus sends I umarus to Penelope with tidings of his safe arrival leaving the unrecognized Beggar restored by the Goddes, as his miracle of a now recognized Father to concert war to the death against the kitchen pirates. The recognition of Odysseus by the Do, Argos is as pathetic as is the overthrow of the street beggar Irus come and the massacre of the ignoble fortune hunters even Amphinous a feast of blood! The minstrels, of the Frie winds up with the manifest intention of the Singer to says material for a future Homeric Cyclick. if not Hunself

HESIOD

HESIOD

c n c 850 or 735

A TRANSLATOR'S difficulty in approaching the Iliad is a happy sense of impossibility. He desires that his version shall impress this upon readers as has been a result of the attempt upon himself. The first effect of rendering into English verse specimens of Hesiod is discouragement 1 translator a natural hope is to earn the gratitude of a public however small by widening its circle of poets. The promise of this from the Bird of Isera is meagre According to his own confident testimons the Muses had introduced themselves to him feeding his flock on Mount Helicon By their favour he had been crowned victor at a poetic contest in Fubica In wratitude he dedicated to them the prize a tripod An honest simplicity forbids him to try to show his best fruit and flowers on the surface. His wisdom is apt to be nonderous I have often felt as if I ought to apolo-ize for truisms

Early literature of not descriptive of war or adventures is addicted to moralities in the form of apophthegms. Hessod had a particular meeting to their use in the conduct of a younger brother. Perses who being at once adle, with an extravagint wife and hitigous persecuted him in

with suits before venal judges. Being a farmer on a soil not exuberantly grateful, his imagination sought relief in a most elaborate system of superstitions. Let me give a few samples. "Put not the ladle across the bowl," that is, lest the superior resent the intrusion. "Leave not a house in building unfinished," lest a crow alight on it, and croak. Alas, for the terrorism of days! Sometimes a day is a stepmother, less often a mother! How few know that certain days are good, as for "broaching a cask!" Not that a thinker's wisdom occasionally does not flash forth: "Lay by little on little; quickly it will become much"; "Trust a woman on account of her fine dress? trust a cheat!" "Is not Potter jealous of Potter?" "Starve, or dig"; and—when the Muses

Taught me to sing the inexpressible song!
his hearers were such babes as

Not to know how much bigger is half than whole!

Hesiod won his place among poets by singing of the farm, and its life. He has proved his title almost as it were in defiance of his declared theme. A legend of a series of independent human generations may very possibly have been floating about the world before his time. At least he reduced it to words, and invested it with the melody of metre. Through him it has become an element of the world's literature. For the Ages since his own he is its author. When a poet, though it be Virgil himself, sings of the reign of Saturn, the Golden Age, we have to thank old Hesiod. It is the same with a collateral myth, the establishment, almost voluntary, of Chronus—Saturn of the Italians—once Imperial—

in the pistoral cash of the Happy Isles. At all events Hesiod eaught it from the ur during fus term of inspiration and wound it into his web Pindar so far as we know, found it there and emobled it

Somehow the texture loose and mechesive of Hesiod's argument lent itself to the inclusion among his verse by no wish on his part of much by no other known authors Thus the 'Theogony the' Shuld of Hercules and a picture of a Bosotian winter have been assigned to him But a much more extravagant misappropriation is a jest at Olympian Leus Himself That however as I found it in quiet unblushing possession, I have not disturbed The incursion is too comic for me to interfere

with quiet board and lodging by Perses s pious brother for the romping rampant cuckoo idyll of Pandora!

WORKS AND DAYS

AID. Muses, who in Pieria dwell, Daughters of Zeus, His ministers to tell Whom He has chosen-His sole will-to raise From the dust, or abase for their proud ways. From you I learn how long before the birth Of Us who now labour upon the Earth. It pleased the Olympian Gods to mould Men, a race beautiful, as if of gold. Their lot-God Chronus then reigned-was to stare. As at a play, scenes shifting, without care, In Nature's course. No threat of age by rude Hints in hands and feet of decrepitude. Existence one long festival; work done. When pleasure in "breathing" the muscles gone; Harvests sure, just as springtide might portend. By favour of a God less lord than friend. If still mortal they, yet in that soft wise Came death as when sleep closes weary eyes! Nor is Being for them, when in the grave. At an end. Spirits of this Earth they have The high duty under Heaven to guard Earth's limits of right and wrong, to reward, And to chastise, as Kings: as of that race, Reading hearts; invisible, ranging space.

To succeed the Golden a second birth

Is called 'Silver' to suggest lower worth As from hope ' mothering might manhood bring And good sense be learned at the apron string Infancy was a century So great The want still of self restrunt that the rate Of violent deaths fast consumed the whole By horneide nor left a living soul In self reproach for bad workmanship Zeus

King now blessed them dead finding elsewhere their exense With this proof that no long pupilac can Assure wisdom peace to His creature man Zeus for His next experiment used brass Brass seemed their limbs and idiminat to pass Into their souls bruss housed them for their meat They killed beasts barley fed not them or whe'd Of stout ash their tools but with none outside To challenge spears inclorious they died Each a Terror exchanged the sun's gay light Slain by a brother Terror, for death's night Unsatisfied not hopeless Zous again Set to work creating From His own brain And heart mixed with Earth smatter Heroes sprans Oft held Demigods With their deeds air rane Aus made, then left to follow their own bent As is His wont and suiting Fate's intent. Of kindred blood Thebes soil drank Helen's flight Accounted for offshoots of Hero might Let died they not all Zous gave life and rest

At Earth's bounds in the Islands of the Blest There, beside Ocean's deep eddying pools In the realm Chronus, once Chief Sovereign rules

They dwell care-free, unless that the year's soil Shall bear them its three harvests without toil!

A serene future theirs, and in the past Peace from the base mould in which ours was cast. Alas! for poor Us of the Iron Age. Strife ceaseless, yet nought of heroic rage; No household love, reverence of the old, Faith in oaths none, all justice to be sold. Envy rampant, to virtue no good will: Nay, laud of riot, practice of all ill. Where can Purity. Nemesis alight Without a slur upon their robes of white? Pity me condemned for no fault of mine. Hopeless of release much as I may pine. What my quavers against an eagle's claws And his ficree rush to glut his eaglet's maws! Madness to nurse the fancy that a song Can avail against passions of the Strong.

Yet even in an Age of Iron blind
Abettors of wrong and violence find
Justice tracks perjury, and will chastise
Both suitors and Judges who deal in hes.
See! when a City loves the true and just,
Treats as offence to her a breach of trust,
She and hers abide in peace: Zeus holds war
From her borders; fire, famine keep afar.
Her mountains are crowned with tall oaks that give
Mast to her swine, and hollows where bees hive.
She needs not tempt sea's wild storms; her own land
Bears her enough at Nature's glad command.
Tremble, citizens, on whom Zeus hurls down
Bolts shared with lords who have provoked His frown.
Quake, above all, ye on the Judgment seat,

Who dare to trample right beneath your fact Souls their bedies turned to elay at the word—Roused from sweet sleep—of their Creator I ord Return invisible to haunt Earth & Courts And Offer Divine Justice their reports. They number thirty thousand to and fro Avengers of friendlies and wronged they go Strught up to Justice where upon her throne.

By her Sire's She judges wrongs as her own Courts of Law are Temples Leus there presides Venal judgments profane them and besides I neourage liwless strife by crooked ways With a corrupting fure of idle days To shun fair rivalry life a honest rame Righteons instinct of the Iron Agre-Potter against Potter - For Heaven's plan Is to noint out no short cuts for rude man To his pature a brute must let each himb Stretch as high as such has been framed to climb 'Its thus with other beasts might thus have gone With Man had only he been let alone Lucking fire he would still have cropped the ground Cathored such bush and tree fruits as he found Mines would not have been sunk or vessels built To cross the seas or blood in fight been spilt Zens, who used fire for His thunderbolts hid It until meddlesome Prometheus slid A spark maids a hollow stalk and drove Leus to numsh Man for the Titan's love With a bitter jest that the plot to lift

With a bitter jest that the plot to lift Man rom the dust would prove a costly gest Hephreture by His orders from mud wrought A virgin as Goddess fair Pallas taught

Delicate embroideries The rare part Set Aphrodité was Her own fine art. How to shed an atmosphere, as if fain Perforce to yield to desire that was pain. Last, Zeus charged Hermes: "Let her think no ill Of playing a dog if "twill serve her will!" Obeyed, even bettered. A shy, young maid Goddesses, a whole troop, took and arrayed. Her skin the Graces with Persuasion vied To contrast-ivory and gold: they tied. In vain, locks overflowing, while the Hours Crowned her with wreaths of ever fresh spring flow'rs; And Pallas, if scorning, valuing them, Pointed charms, each, with a blossom, a gem. Hermes had already breathed life, and speech, Interpreting the soul, to overreach. Zeus, wroth with Prometheus, the girl designed

Interpreting the soul, to overreach.

Zeus, wroth with Prometheus, the girl designed

For Epimetheus's bride. In this mind

He asked the Gods for a trousseau. His plan

For Earth's trust in Titans to punish Man.

In a like jealous mood each God a pest

Gave as a wedding present from "the Blest."

And, thus endowed, Pandora—thence her name—

To the brother of wise Prometheus came.

Enraptured he took the Maid: not the Chest;

Minding late the caution: "Ware gifts from

Blest!"

Alas, curious womanhood! Soon out
From the box cares first, then a rabble rout.
Though struck dumb by Zeus, that by day and nig ht
Roam sea, land, unseen, though themselves with sitht.
When Zeus as yet was friends with men, the soils f
Spontaneously fed us without toil.

Affletions might befall at least a sore Fear east not its grim shadow long befor. Well for Man Heavens self now pity felt While in the chest's rim one comforter dwelt Zeus stayed His toy from shaking it loose new Closed the hil, yet so that forth stole a ray! Fields may ring iron to the spade above Frown leid skies in brothers breasts be no love Poets may have find nome to give ear past. And present alike stretch dead and a waste—When—hearts warm gloom parts we no longer grope, Nature en Man are transfigured?

Hul sunny Hope !

PINDAR

PINDAR

Pindan is a meteor in the sphere of poetry. Fach Ode is a comet. Habitually he so its and sets literature tranote and musty problems. The contemptuousness he is age; to display executs the haughtiness of Alschy his. Such always he was while he sing on hire at the disposal of riches without regard to the source of usurpars of power, however unscrupulous and oppressive. Fivery Ode glorifies the buser as a hero for his wealth, for having reared the swiftest steeds or exhibited the best trained gymnastic abilities. Rapture at the material opportunities, mowhere is manifest, much at splendour If I read any motive for an universal resentment at is indignation at a lot in life under patronage which he ablors, scorns and cannot escape.

The result a mights fance a struggle with prosace tasks, is singing in a cacless rag. Whetever the possible diments of his own customer his honest contempt for hyporntes will have found abundant matter outside. I lickline public throughout the Nettes of Greece approvided his temper. Is keenly did it we may be sure, admire the poet's la training in Greek keeped any lore. It could interpret alliesons and supply clies. I have no perplectly in understanding the glory of Creeks in the Odes one and all. In trying to explain the

delight of Moderns I am more at a loss. Tenderness seems to me completely absent, together with melancholy, gaicty, humility, even sweetness-whatever for ordinary, commonplace thoughtfulness and feeling, renders poetry a necessity. At the same time I must admit that if other qualities can make up for the want, Pindar was endowed with some fine substitutes. He holds a high course, seldom, or never, declining, and often rising to sublimity. He despises envy, jealousy, meanness of any sort; and labours to clothe the unimaginable grandly. I have been at pains to select for my examples two poems which, at all events in the original, represent worthily the wide sweep, even the audacity of his vision.

Did ever poet but he take for his avowed theme as in Olymp. II. the digmty, the righteousness of moneyclaim it for a direct avenue to renown in mortal life, again, and again, renewed? Nor for human rewards alone, but a pledge of eternal bliss? He hurls his thunderbolt of an Ode at the jealous bards-perhaps even Simonides and Bacchylides—who envied him his successful Muse; sneered at him as venal, bribed to laud a robber of his State's freedom! Not that he cared. Honestly for him wealth was a force, a gift of Heaven, crowning the will to do the Gods' work on Earth, and be paid by repose in the Happy Isles. As he chants, he is not bard alone, but Priest and Prophet!

Then, the Fourth Pythian, commonly most admired of the whole of his work extant! It also is inscribed to a Greek sovereign, who had retained him to sing his Chariot's victory. Not ethical as is "The Tyrant of Agrigentum's Ode, it is a sort of miniature epic. As the War of Troy, the tale or legend of the Argo's voyage represented the temper from which the Hellenic tribes grew into a nation The Fourth Pythian is the

monumental basis of the story. Pindar was entitled to assume that his countrymen could understand allusions

and supply a key. That justifies abruptness. Take it thus and the multiplicity flashes flow of the narrative are wonderful. Characters are dropped upon the stage

a box heir Jison a model of self command calm tenseity

a cold lover astute schemers Pelias Letes-and at once they live! Pindar in his cagle's flight leaves all kinds of difficulties behind him and they have explained

themselves away Lyen the touch of feeling generally

winting in the Odes is added here by the final pleading equally a gracious by way of counsel to the King of Cyrene, and affectionate to an exiled friend Nevertheless I must confess to perplexity still at the

unqualified modern literary admiration of the flicban Lagle

- Justice weighs that they received against the sums they have spent
- And, toil by day and by right they cannot pay what was lent!
- Galley slaves on a chain though each fives and Isbours alone,
- Ugly years without joy since each had but thought of his own Regard now the door of the rich who are good tis
 - Regard now the doom of the neh who are good tis
- To spend the bloom of their vigour on dull and common place cares
- Waste their vigour at the oar harass the soil with the
- barn a livelihood barely and by the sweat of the
- brow

 No like exiles escaped from the land of shadows they
- come Astonished awhile, perplexed to that which still is their
- home
 To take up the life they had left just one stage further
- on And sequel resume of work that but for death they
- had done --Shamed at nothing on Larth or in Hades unless to
- dens
 1 petition for alms, and shrinking from nought but
 - a he!

 Thus hving a life the well beloved of Heaven must live
 - car called to shed—for Heaven has no sin to forgive—d the trials—thrice of living thrice of dving—when each

- Stage proves itself powerless to stain; has nought more to teach—
- Quitting the portals of Darkness, the Elect feel their feet
- Pacing in light and in wonder the marble of the street Paved by Zeus o'er sea, earth, and air for the Souls of
 - Paved by Zeus o'er sea, earth, and air for the Souls of the Blest
- To reach Saturn's Court, hold high festivals there, and there rest.
 - In eddies of whisp'ring music round the Happy Isles breathe
- Ocean's daughters welcome, while chaplets and armlets they wreathe
- To adorn the King's guests; for waters and woods are assame
- With blossoms of ev'ry texture, hue, form, fragrance, and name,
- Stooping their heads to the waves, swinging aloft in the breeze
- Playing mid the foliage of multitudinous trees;-
- And all of pure gold; for nothing may less precious be seen
- About halls where abides the Ancient of Days with his Queen.
 - Here, Destiny's work for them fully accomplished. and well.
- The Chiefs of the nations in peace and in harmony dwell: Cadmus, Thebes-maker, and Princes—Dragon's teeth that she bred:
- Peleus, hero and king, august. friend of Gods, Goddesswed.
- Joying in his son, whom a Mother's, a Wife's, tears and sighs

Had melted the heart of Zeus to lift into Paradise

-And many besides, of whom legend and ministrelsy
tell

Feast now as brothren and friends in Saturn's fair citadel .--

Like, unlike, all having felt wrong and perhaps, done again,

But all having borne themselves manly and Kings been of Men!

For none enter without have of the Keeper of the

Rhadamanthus interpreter sworn of Saturn's decrees, From his bench in the Isles assaying the quick and the dead

Thus the sainted Spirits themselves as Jove's pathway

they tread
know not their blus until the flowers and Heavenly

strains
Proclum them freed for ever from life's penalties and

pains !

1ct while Soul, though predestined it be, is wrapped fast and deep

fast and deep In ecrements of gross clave and still has its grave-clothes

to keep Heaven in earnest of its grace has bestowed on some eyes Skill to decipher the text of holiest invisteries

Here and there the fire falls upon a bard-even on Me To see Lafe casting a shadow of Immortality

My quiver has its arrows for minds that will understand

And a touch by them shows as from a peak, the Promised Land.

Hords that to boasters of learning are a mere idle tale,

For sitters at wise men's feet are withdrawal of a veil. Critics are crows that dare with blustering chatter molest

An eagle in his flight doing mighty Zeus's behest.

Strung the bow; but the mark? Inspiration waits to be told

At what to aim the shafts of brainwork as supple as bold.

Agrigentum? that is the City; and him that I deem Agrigentum's noblest I choose, best of all for my theme. Trust a bard's insight, when by the Nine Muscs he swears

That no Greek town has known in the space of a hundred vears

Theron's match in yearnings to rush to the help of a friend. In hands op n to spread, as others to grasp, wealth without end!

Well that extravagant praise brings an imposture to shame;

But babble and spite will throw their mud on a true man's fame.

Come; I count my Theron's good works: take up, doubters, your stand

On the shore: set against each a single grain of sea sand

I wager, you tire of the game long, good people, before The close of my tale of bounties forces me to give o'er!

THE SHIP ARGO

IN Pethia

Ancesilas, Cyrene's lying,
Victor on Pytho's Course I sing
He is my theme, noble in deeds and blood!
And where could Hellas with more right
Anticipate thoughts acts both wise and good
Than in source from Vigo's erew? I delight
To tell our 'Ags of the stock whence Britiads came,
And know that, if call were their wise would be the
same

Tortuous 'trgo's yoyago brek

Homewards but thought et in mirk the track

I hear a mighty City's loud acclum

Wilcoming home a victor king

In Cyrene's mingled with Argo's, name
And hymns that they at Delphi sing

For, annul high fortunes Cyrene thou hast seen

Without 'trgo' forent not thou wouldst not have been I

The galley, lengthening its route— To baille Colchian pursuit Of it and Meden reached the Red Ser-Balking the foe its oar-men bore

The ship by land, as cunningly
Medea bade, to Afric's shore.—
As they prepared, reaching the Tritonian Lake
To relaunch, One, in human guise, of stately make,

Offered, as to the newly come.

Hospitalities of his home.

With breath in their nostrils of their own land.

They could not stay: but he still bent

They should not part without gift from his hand,

As Euphemus, the Pilot, leant

From the prow, thrust in his palm the nearest bea

From the prow, thrust in his palm the nearest beach clod:

Knowing the gift's worth, being in truth a Sea God.

Zeus. as He saw the largess pass,
Thundered approval; but alas!
The clod. neglected by those to whose care
It had piously been consigned.
Was tumbled in a corner anywhere.
And soaked by brine, hustled by wind,
Till the germ of Libya's Imperial State
Was content to be island Lemmes, and to wait.

Medea, Queen. Sage. Prophetess,
Magician—born in turn to bless,
Curse, Great Heuses—on the Libyan Coast
Saw the clod giv'n, and what was willed.
Being hard by at Thera when 'twas lost,
Felt its purpose must be fulfilled.
Hear things sad and glad. told the Ship's crew by the
Queen
Predicting good fortune to right ill that had been:

"The Giver deemed our Pilot son
Of the same father, would steer on
For his home at Tenarts and there throw
His present in the waves that beat
Above the cutrance to the World Below—
First link in chun Time must complete
Not for Him of the Lake Tritonis to suspect
That Finibrams would with a Lemnos Bride elect

A foreign domicale first there
Then—or his stock—in Thera where
A chieftain of the House in long discent
From him should finally obey
Apollo s own warnings and clear intent
And guthering an armed array
To bufit the hero ancestry whence he springs
Found either in Libna, and a line of Kines'

Silence Her voice—the music !—ceased But tongues were not thereby released To talk of common life

Though this strange She

That dark immensity Futurity

Each mused 'In some fresh gleam of day Might not his stem be seen in like flowers to break?" And hugged a dumb tranec between hope and fear to wake

Tangled tales Argo s, Jason's are, And scarce shall I reshape them square Step-brother Pelias tricked Æson down But Delplu had drawn over all

The lurid sheen of the Ioleic crown.

After its way, a death-black pall;

"When comes to sunny Ioleus with one foot bare
A highlander, stranger, or citizen, Beware!"

And so it was that when this lust.

In Pelias of Kingship thrust

Gentle Æson from his due, there was born

A son to him, bewailed as dead.

But for safety sent by night, babe forlorn.

To Centaur Chiron to be bred.

Grown to manhood, one midday in the market-place

Of Ioleus 'twas He stood—How doubt! of Royal race.

Half-shod, shoc lost, the mountaineer—
Marked such by daggers, underwear
Close-fitting, pard-skin against prickly hail—
Recked as little as that a tide
Of gold, his locks, like rays on coat of mail,
Rustled down; and, as upon his hill-side,
A lone wilderness, he, nerve-proof, silent, gazed there;
Sensible of nought but that he was a King's Heir!

None guessed whence he; all stood at gaze Of their homeless sovereign.

One says:

"Surely not Mars from Aphrodité's bed?
Or Apollo from Delos come?
Otus, Ephialtes, great Chiefs, are dead;
And too Tityus met his doom
From Artemis. whose unerring quiver taught force
Not to trespass on loves outside its measured course."

Chatter rambles round guilt leaps straight

His swift mules hurned Pelias along

To the market place where apart Stood One, single sandilled beyond the throng

Stood One, single sandilled beyond the throng

Death hissed at the usurper's heart But the King asked from what last Giant womb of

Earth—

Though he quaked to hear—the tall Youth derived his birth

Frank and courteous the reply Though unknown the Questioner

Jason' Chiron's name for me from his cave Come—sent thither a new born Thing

It was my parents' stratagem to save
A life that troubled the new hang

A life that troubled the new King Chiron's daughters reared the child to be good and pure

He trained the boy in manly arts and to endure

But when I had attained full age He hade me claim my heritage Pelias was mute

At Jason's request

Some showed him his home. There 'tis to'd Were joy tears and a five days' and nights feast....

Strong heads had then in times of old 'With on the nith a full hearing of Jason's cause
Received with far and near lineage's appliance
PART 1 12

He might have measured strength, and vain Had been his uncle's claim to reign.

But Jason was Chiron's pupil: his right Was sacred: yet away armed strife!

He came: Pelias, believe, to unite.

Fate frowns when heirs share by the knife.

Though for all fraud, to which craft tempts, vengeance waits stored.

Let common blood keep peace, and not unsheathe the sword!

Alike from Crethous we descend:
And Powers of Heaven forfend
That with spears and javelins we divide
Goods our ancestors' treasure yields!
Nay, freely I leave to thee on thy side.
Sheep, herds of yellow oxen, fields.
I mind not that thy House has prospered by our ill:
It may keep thriving on its spoil with my good will!

"But the sovereign Seeptre, the Throne
Whereon Crethreids ruled, alone.
A horse-taming People, by grant Divine.
They are my right. On their release
All contention ends between mine and thine;
If not, never will there be peace!"
Pelias preparing for every event
Made answer apt for what might sound, not be, assent.

"It is no joy for me to reign;
Take Throne and Sceptre. I resign.
But I owe a duty, as a King. first,
And Thou too one before a Crown.

The bloom of youth begins in Thee to burst.
In me life's firme is dving down.
Now see how the main object I would reconcile.
With a wondrous dream that visited me erewhile.

Phrisus bode me convoy the Fleece The runs that saved him bode to Creece Hoping for his own self discharged from guard Of this wonder distressful post

And relieved of his long watch and ward Among burburans, poor Ghost Freedom to join the disembodied Shides Below, Or of port Hades to range Hellas to and fro

Counsel I asked at Delphi Clear Peremptors the mand ite there To send a ship for Flecce and Soul

Prove Thou

Kingship by success and I call
Aus Jutelar of our race to attest my you
To give up Throne and Royal Hall!—
Well aswerd he that the famed Shan was fenced by charms
Unconquirable, by array of human arms!

The tasks terrors But Jason knew and they inflamed his passion. Is the head Of a chief State potent his claim. To call and as one race Achiens lead. So forth went Hersdist in his name. Inviting fifty Heroes, Champions of all Greece To ship on Argo and win back the Golden Fleece!

Judging by self he dropped from view

And Heaven in thunder its answer spoke:
Whereat hearts that stood beat again.
Palms at the Seer's bidding leaped upon their oars.
And, insatiably twirling, left behind the shores.

South breezes favoured: by their grace.
They neared the Axene. There a race.
Of tumultuous, sections waters blocks.
Transit of galleys through the strait.
The while a pair of wild eddying rocks.
Till then had lain in constant wait.
Jason knew, and moored, he had the wise thought to found.

A shrine to Poscidon, and sanctified the ground.

Heroes' prayers move the Sea King.

He accepted their offering.

A bull—from a red herd, its lord unknown,

That grazed, lawlessly free, the shore—

For sacrifice on a hewn altar stone;

Then, madding with thirst for men's gore

The half-sentient rock monsters—blind with that lust—

Drove them into grinding each other into dust!

Lo! the Phasis! can Colchi, hold
Against Argo the Fleece of Gold!
But, brave Chief and comrades, there lie between
Worse odds than on a battlefield.
Subtle counsellors, wizards, who have been
Taught spells that baffle spear and shield.
Fifty Greek champions may rout a black Colchic host;
Little cares its King; not so will his spoil be lost!

Child of the Sun's Charioteer
Eves had lived long in fear
That the heir of the Bolids from Greece
Would lay claim as by right of blood

Of Phrixus to regain the Golden Fleece He had been shown by Day's wise Go

He had been shown by Day's wise God How when force was unequal, judgment wiles and charms

Might be trusted to cure defects in right and arms

He was safe else were there a doubt,
His Medea would stamp it out
Prine enchantress bit in all Asian lind
Relied on beyond his own brain
By her father in all he took in hand
His hope when all besides was rain

Men guardian he of the Fleece Jason's friendly host Would yield as Pelras to a champion of the trust

Blessing be on the Queen of Love! Floating from her Psyltian Grove She brought now first on Earth teed on its wheel Among her sharpest darks of fire,

The speekled weeneck that shak'n will unseal The frantic torrent of Desire

Medea Jason at the Palace met as foes A bird whirled and between them passion bloomed,

a rose!

Inspired by tphrodite he blived as with a spong, all she

If fired as with a sponge all she Had felt of pride in country reserves for parents instinct to disguise Had! victory beyond belief As to his line returned the Chief How hand elasped hand and crowns of grass were twined.

To him more precious than of gold And words burst from the heart tender and kind! For, though the tik was but half told A spirit like his was not one to be guissed Nor his Yreo an enterprise that could be staved

Letes placed his part too proud
To show surprise as Jason ploughed
Cally welcomed him to the Fleece when betched
From a sincke a ship's broadth and kingth
Where in the replie's jaws it lay outstricted
Light work that to the Ploughman's strength!
Brise taunt this although not so bold as meint to
sound

Mready he felt he stood on no solid ground

He clung even the Dragon slyn

To the boast of his realm and run.

In the struc shunning no foul play a geme
That to spilling a brother's blood
Vedea joved to frustrate by the same
Weighing not means if bad or good
Slave she of passions as hot as the brain was chill
That hird it self to school and serie an iron will

In Arcesilas we acciaim

Argo re lines—all—in his fame!

But City haid Apollo too who thrice

Warned his heir from a lesser thing

Bade covet, and it only, a pearl beyond price;
As Fate's hand, be Cyrene's King.
When did other clod defy storms to overwhelm,
And, tossed on its native beach, grow City and
Realm!

So, what seemher for the Shrine
That willed the crowning of his line.
Than to grant the eighth Prince prime place and grace
In the bloom of his rosy Spring,
Victor in the great Amphictrion Race.

With Me—so the Muse would—to sing
How the Ship, his forefather's, with Love's aid to Greece,
Redeemed the homeless Ghost of Phrixus, and the

Fortunate is his lot whom Fate
Has decreed ruler of his State,
When wisdom is his, and the City's Chief
Is skilled to be its Healer too;
Has a touch that is balm for all forms of grief.
Arcesilas, that gift use Thou
The God of Healing's self is standing by thy side;
May He breathe calm on troubled waters—be thy Guide!

The task is hard. Weakness breeds wrong;
None set it right who are not strong.
But blest Cyrene of the Golden Throne,
That scated on it is a Lord
Whom the Sister Graces have made their own.
Teaching kind acts, the winning word,
To be as far as one man's vision may extend,
Law's champion, an honest foe, a generous friend.

O King and diarer title Friend!

Muse is their messinger sind

Bards for missages to the wise consigned

Mean acts well done and what so well

Prepared a conduit pape as a Bard's mund!

Hear Me then while I frinkly tell

How Thou might it fortify a rule that I approve

And ristors has country on an Early Llove

Rough experances of youth
Have trught Demophilus plain truth
Flough lete the stript timel rhetoric bare
I flat dressing spite in fance phrase
Cuight him—starnig up—in an open snare
Excaped and from an all fools mize,
He wonders he could ever have been led astray
By chimers from duties lying on his way

No Cyrene Citizen, horn

Inst

Brid indowed as he lacks his turn.
To influence the fortunes of his State.
He admits that it came and went.
For Opportunity will never wait.
Laxes no opening to repent.
Misery to know that in his own blindfold quest.
Of a chuice the worst, he has thrown away the

Thus seen the idleness at last Of wrestlin, with schemes vague and vast Peebler Atlas he has lon, craved to change Ideal draims for work of hand,

Within his far, loved Cyrencan range.
On—modest bounds—his father's land.
Stretched beside Apollo's Fountain, to feast and sing.
His lyre's notes blending with the murmurs of the Spring.

Pity, and recall. Saturn's Son
Showed mercy when the War was done.
Granting the rebel Titans their release.
Demophilus is no such foe.
Now that the youthful turbulences cease.
Bid thy wrath's gusts no longer blow.
He'll take up time from ere wild germs began to breed:
Asking of life but what staid Townsmen claim to lead.

Not to thy heart alone appeal
I for a Minstrel, to unseal
A King's fount of mercy, to let it flow
Fully and freely where it will;
But for Cyrene too—Many waste now
In thinking, if not working, ill
Against Thee on foreign soil, whose valour and word
Might avail thy Realm in Arms, or at Council-Board.

And riddles Thou canst read: Among
Encircling boughs, a bending throng.
An oak may reign for Ages, bearing fruit.
Shorn of its branches, it will live
Just for so long as it shall chance to suit
Men's caprice for it to survive.
The site wanted—itself for fuel—to be made
Slave, a roof's pillar—farewell, Monarch of the glade:

It takes trunk branches curth--all Three In uruson to make a Tree The cruel loss the suicidal fit

Fellow Citizens might and muin— Like wolves tearing each other in a pit— Sword crossing sword brain crossing brain Until Egypt Pesia deseend a host and sweep

It least how could I not regret

The entire Pentapolis on a cinder heap

To kast unpaid a Poet's dibt
To a Pust for hiving when of lite
My gust struck on a theme of song
Dains Heroes deeds, mysterns of Fate
Thirt hiv born. We on wings along
This name Arcesilas shall live if that with Mine
Han remember who impaid We the wreth to twine!

ÆSCHYLUS

ÆSCHYLUS The property in Each his which particularly impresses

me is his power of concentration on a single character even on one point. All dramitists have for each play a character about whom the rest persons and incidents gather or are supposed to gather. An author of a book desires to spread the interest. Indeed characters themselves whether in play or volume have an instinct for refusing to be despotically absorbed. Eschylus in his Prometheus insisted upon it and succeeds From the first verse of the Play to the list minds emotions are as spectacularly they could not help being riveted on the agomzed figure on the chiff's side Not that this is all even the chief marvel of the piece. Ages worlds of manifold passion conflict past future present-un fathomable in themselves-change and interchange. whirl round the Deity undeified suffering pain as men suffer pain only that none human could survive this He has insight into decrees of Fate which mighty Lous

We might imagine that A solvhus had intended to diversify the intensit by representing the Goser of Fire to Earth as a martyr for Humanity, a Redeemer of Man from the permanent status of mere head of the beasts

coxets to learn though they might show Him consigned to be mocked by His cantine Titans in Tartarus

of the field that Zeus and himself found him. Such mediation is pictured only to fascinate us the more with Prometheus. The work he does, his conflicts with Olympus serve simply to explain the stupendous Being a Thinker has elaborated, created out of his own fancy, and his discontent with the State Theology of Hellas.

The "Agamemnon" exhibits the same absorption of the Poet in one of his characters. His subject was a grand one, the return of the Conqueror. It was wrenched out of his hands by the adultery of Clytæmnestra, and her revenge for the slaughter of Iphigenia. That, too, a sufficient theme for tragedy. But the Greek General in Chief brings in his train the Prophetess Cassandra. Thenceforward the Play is hers. Little cares writer, any more than reader or spectator, for the forced connexion of Captive and Conqueror, or for any, very unlikely, affection of hers for the slayer of her family. Two women occupy the stage; but for Eschylus really there is only one. When the Prophetess is gone, the curtain might as well drop!

If there could be anything beyond the utterness with which a vision seized on Æschylus when he ranged about for a ruling Idea, it must have been at the birth in his brain of the Hymn of the Eumenides. The play is properly named after them. They make it; and the Hymn is they. How triumphantly the Three defend themselves—how grisly, hideous they remain. But by it, through it, the grip they keep on heart and brain! Is there anything in the entire range of dramatic literature its equal? I say "dramatic'; but the "Prometheus" is an Ode, and the "Agamemnon" a string of Odes.

Yet the pen which fetched the Furies from the Gates of Hell could describe a battle, that of Salamis, as vividly

as if a Napier were reporting from despitches written on the Field. We feel as we read that not an incident is related for which the Marathon soldier could not youch the honour of his sword. Not the less but the more it is inspired poetry.

PERSIAN NARRATIVE OF BATTLE OF SALAMIS

Persai

THE Night was sped; And Dawn arrayed in grey, and blue, and red, Harnessed her milk-white fillies-

Then, while we Looked, though against all likelihood, to see The Hellenes' disappointment, as they tried Our line-three hundred triremes, side by side. Without a gap-and next scanned the array For flags of truce, and Heralds on their way To pray for mercy-suddenly a shout Rang, loud, and musical as Pæan, out; And echo, returned from the rocky shore Of Salamis, swelled the chorus to a roar.

If startled we, how not? When men have fooled Themselves like this, whose blood would not be cooled? Greeks quaking? Preparations made to fly?

Nay, hailing Death, with Odes of victory!

But no pause left for us to scold our past;-Scarce had the shout died down, when blared a blast, Trumpets sounding onset, setting, as 'twere On flame, Strait, and circumambient air. Forthwith, at a word. Greek oars rose and fell

With regular stroke on the murmurous swell, and the whole was seen of the puny fleet. Moving in battle fine our own to meet!

Noting in buttle line our own to meet! For the attack their right wing led the rist—Stringe with what niects its ranks were dressed—Each following kept its due interval—A moment, hush and then as if a call on Heaven at once and Greeks we heard a cre Vast multitudinous appeal on high

O Sons of Helles will at brook to see Your native seel no longer cours and free The Airnes of your incestral Gods the Grives Of your Sires defiled your wives daughters states? Your choice to stand or kneel!—Accer again? Show whether ye by dirt neath, or 'then'

Thus, not that when they raised their hattle cry, we field to answer it to do or die; But the Fight was on crashing boats on boats. Half our definee expired in our throats. There to begin—one steering strught to break A vidio malle, with his brazin beak.

Best in its tall curved poop—another sent. An Egyptian to the bottom with rent. Yawning right in the gilded prox—and yet. Fortune was fairly ex n while the fleets met. In the onen. By digrees the attack.

In the open. By degrees the attack.

Pressed our medity of galleys back and back.

Until for from maghbours assisting each.

Had to labour not with sharp prow to breach

Swaring compade or jurching by mere bulk.

Sweep off a bench of ours and least a hulk

They knew their work prison the seething mass

And chase wild strugglers who might strive to pass

Fast the pinched surface of the deep was spread
With straggling keels upturned, and dyed blood red;
At eve the victor crews off Ajax-isle
Slew in the king's sight our noblest, now cheap and
vile.

Such slups as beaks, Greck. Persian, failed to

Flung hither, thither, in disordered flight.
Yet after risks many, much wandering.
Held out, to reach a port, and serve The King.
But alas! for the slain, though less for those
Whom Death in battle-shock saved from our foes,
Than for theirs who survived to swim the Strait.
And pray quarter from unquenchable hate.
Wild orgy there of massacre and gore!
As with a shoal of tunnics on the shore,
Or fish bursting the net, the victors hewed
And hacked their prey with splinters of drift-wood.
Wind and Ocean hushed, borrowing from Death
The wailing and moaning to be their voice and
breath!

Pity us too! who watched the agony. Till Night saw; drew within her sanctuary A shattered salvage!—

Great Queen. I have done!
But if ten days were counted, one by one,
'Ere the horrors I viewed were all rehearsed.
The tale would crave more,—broke not this heart
first!

Be sure no single day since the Sun's birth Has seen like carnage revelling on Earth!

CASSANDRA AT THE GATE

The Fire! The Fire! It lights on me agun!
Mercy! Forgive! Off! Off! It scorches breast and
brain!

Must 19
I must! Old men ve deem I rave?
But I see see! Believe me onee!

Burst in and save !-Perjured honess-wolf mated-two in one!

The dagger to the ve blind to The slaving is begun.

Will one heart's blood suffice to She thirsts for

She crowns the cup—with mine!—

"It done-I see no more.

It last I am free he there in the dust

Priestess wand and neckline for who will and must Happier the real crazed vagrants lot

That scoffers called mine than truth telling hearkened

Vengeful God I thank there have of my life That thou hast trapped my here under the butcher's knife —

Ah! boasted I was free?

No. a thrall still-

A bond-slave still to work Apollo's spiteful will; To warn, and be mocked.

Look! the slaughter-bath;

With a Fiend unlocking a ten years' hoard of wrath!
"May murder rot—no blood-fine be paid?

Is a King to die, and his ghost never be laid?

Nav; do I not in this Mycenæ hear

A stripling, banned, an exile, by the great Gods

That for each blood-drop of a father slain

Adulteress and Adulterer shall shed twain?

Prophesy 1 vain things? I but descry

The future in the past, and you have thought I lic.

Troy sank in flames: and was it not the meed

For a people glorying in a robber's deed?

And if its victors perish, do not they

As just a vengeance for impious fury pay?

And what am I, that I murmur at Fate!

An atom, crushed under the wheels of a wife's hate!

Ye Furies, warders of the gates of Hell.

Grant me but one last pray'r: and then, grey Life, farcwell!

I would be decently, when I am dead.-

Not I fight Destiny; I was royally bred.

"Why enter if I see 'tis death?" you say.

What gain in lengthening life by hours, when my day Is come? And ill would it befit my race

To skulk away from death, not meet it face to face.

For happy minutes have each its sweet taste:

Years to Priam's daughter are one desolate waste.-

But horror

These foul edours that assault My nostrals, as from fresh opened ancestral vault To receive new corners !

Secut from the feest Preparing to regale the victor lord and guest Beside his household alters'?

\a\ a flood

As when red Murder stalks abroad of kindred blood!

Act—I am strong again—I go within

For I have a double part to play-

Two death upones and sole Mourner I

Though also its with Agimemnon mine to die— Enough of life for me death cannot seare. We like a bird suspecting in each bush a snare. Ouly when a Woman and Van atom. Hereafter for what in this house shall have been

Stranger friends for, t not that I died brave This the last favour that of you I dring grave
'So much for Earth and Life

And now for Death!

Hear Sun the darge I chant with my expring breath

While my eyes driok their list of thy blest light!
Watch for Thou watchest all that these butchers
requite

The unbefriended Thrall their east pray,

For the doom she shares in blood orgies of to day 1— Though what am I? Dust fillen when Troy fell Scree reckoned in spoil the Canqueror brought to swell

His triumph!

But He!

Black the sky; and grim
Fortune's changed countenance; how now she scowls
at Him!

At the flash of a falchion flit away

A Crown, a Warrior's wreath, Imperial sway!

All shadows, like his Troy!

I to complain

That a Murderess snaps for me a captive's chain!—
"Ha! See not you there your King bleeding lie?—
I come! I come!

I cannot Save; but I can Die!"

CHAIN SONG OF THE FURIES

' SISTERS join hands for the dance We who are One and are Three

For our measure Three are enough no tender lyre need We

The Muse cares not for charm who inspires our chorus and hymn

And mortals glidly would shun what to them is ugly and grin

But they shall see and shall hear the rule by which We divide

Their lots for although black our home, We have nothing to hide

Let them shrink from Us and ablior but respect Us they must

For our pride and our pleasure are to be upright and just

tre any of clean heart and hands with no sin to

They may pass and in peace it is not with such that We deal

But death and its agony—appeals of souls being

From sun and life by their kinsfolk-half ghosts help less forlorn-

- We minister to them; straight we rise to Earth at their ery:
- Register foul play, ev'ry charge that they bring as they die.
- Though the murderer breast mountain torrent or the sea-flood.
- We follow, like sleuth-hounds, the eternal scent of the blood:
- Never halt till We have dragged him face to face with his guilt.
- And plunged his soul, stripped and naked, in the gore he has spilt.
 - "Night! Night! our mother, who conceivedst Us, Thou in Thy womb.
- On Earth, and after in Hell, to execute righteous doom. Hear how the Son of Latona now has dared to outstretch
- His insolent arms; snatch from our grasp this cowering wretch.
- Banished by Us from his home, hunted by Us from his kind-
- This suppliant for death, which, as pleases Us, he shall find-
- This pretender to a balance of crimes, forsooth to set one.
- Wife's murder of husband, against a mother's by her
- This boaster of picty, matricide, venting his ire
- On robbers of his heritage, not slayers of his sire-
- This chastiser of treason, as if our arm were grown short
- Against traitress and traitor, and had wanted his support!

Dance, Sisters, dance our unlovely feet
Narrow the mystic circle we beat
Th Accurst cannot reasit as We sing,—
See! he is stepping within the ring!
Passionless and chill our fatful strun
Fans furnace fire in the murderer's brain
High though his impous head he hold
It shrinces bese metal he prized as gold
Ravels the toils in which he is caught,
Dazes amazes drives astray and distraught
Is pully to his soul a pert laden wind from the past
To one torturing blighting idea ties his whole being
fast

fast
Prisons him in a dungton of himself rattling an endless
chain

Withered, a live ghost into nothingness except for the pain!

Does the stripling Cod in insulting Us know he defics

Not Us the Three weird sisters that he affects to

despise? He fights a force nor Heaven nor Man may hope to

He lights a force nor Heaven nor Man may hope to abate--

Which turns not aude nor falters—irresistable Fate!

Into spun Us into existence—like her doggedly We

Born assals study her will and accomplish her decree

Rest of all do We lovally her beheets when as here

We set our wits in a tangle of cross murders to clear

Subtle confusions of motive and a babel of tongues

Feigung all of them commissions to correct public

wrones

We keep in obstinate nostrils distinct each sevial scent

- Till. troubling Ourselves with no sophisms, We cast. mauled and rent.
- A carcase of soul to the Underworld, not even there
- Freer after all than in life while breathing upper air!
 - This the lot we were born to, as born were the Gods to theirs;
- Fate gave Us no bright raiment: We to poor things were made heirs:
- Strange heritage ours, the reek of some rank butcherly strife.
- When nearest who should be dearest are spoiled of home and life;
- Blood. freshly dripping. We love; by it the Slayer to track:
- Blot him out of existence, though with a host at his back.
- Look with long strides he comes in virtue of strength and of birth.
- And pride—his!—of being the champion of Right upon

 Earth:
- We crouch, like leopard on bough, leap from above; and there low.
- Fallen and crushed, a mangled mass, heavy-footed our blow,
- Lies he, sensible only that o'er him broods something worse
- Than horrors of the present—an intolerable Curse.
 - "One business ours, to punish; the only wages We ask,
- To be free to warn off even Gods, while We do out task!

With our work our ways have We no appeals he from our Court

Burren am prayers to outside Powers for support Alone We work at our toil, no fellowship seek in care, So when We sit and feast We invite not others to share

We do as We are done by ask your Olympian Zeus When He has bid to His board guests gore bedraggled like List

Men trust in human glors thou immutable it seems, As in the noond is radiance the golden Palace gleams!

We steal from where We dwell
Black robed in our dre'r cell
Round the splendour the awe
Of the grand show We draw.
Our mage, ring a blight
Blots out the gav smulght
And as our jealous feet
Their dill said eadence beat
From within the tracing of the orannous round
Returns the golden emanation underground
And in a mast which makes a funereal dome

And in a mist which makes a funereal dome A pall to canopy the desolated home, foroaming incohern trades a manuac Unknowing himself contriver of the rack staggers beneath the shadow of his own sin Wondering with the is and what he has been.

Stendfast our purpose fulfilling itself in many modes.

But the goal always is one, however diverse the roads Our memories store ill deeds as misers hoard up their cold

- And mortals love Us not, for We are pitiless and cold.

 In garbage We grope, and drag rottenness into the light;
- Kindness and joyance for Gods; We are children of night and blight.
- If We light a torch. 'tis to cheat our prey stumbling in front;
- We need no such flickering to guide our feet in the hunt.
- Tremble, Mortals, hearing the ordinance that the Fates framed.
- Heaven, receiving, could not but sign, and We have proclaimed.—
- 'That, though blood kinsmen have shed seem awhile to be dumb.
- By commission to Us it shall rise, and plead from the tomb.
- In the Sunless Land is our post; there our vigils We keep,
- Till Time is ripe for a Ghost to haunt the Murderer's sleep.
- Thankless our work; and We know it. Mortals, loathe, as ye will!
- We, with our whip of serpents, shall glory in scourging

SOPHOCLES

SOPHOCLES

No two writers each great of plays are more unlike in the action of them than I scholus and Sophocles Sophocles like I schilus was a port of high genius In drama he was first of all a dramatist. He accented took or made a story fremed it playwise then put its characters with the vitality he had inspired on the stage. In relation to them their activity there he is nothing but playwright. It may be objected that this is more word trickers. It is the same mind in a different capacity the author shuffles the neces as he pleases With a thorough artist this is not true. As a play wright he ought not therefore he cannot. The Chorus is out side the rule. He may lead that in praise of his own dear Colonus even exalt the dominion of Aphrodite and her child bros. His where he is on honour not to interfere with the laws of the being he had bestowed

The result is a statuseful certainty of effect. One seem in the (Edipus Trannus is suprime. The dounfallen blind prince desembes to Theban townsmen the fatal encounter with his father Laus at the Three Wars with none left for witness but a guighing brook Simple the means overpowering the impression I. Fiers line though the reader the spectator knows the whole tragedy compels a paus, before he allows himself to

recognize his knowledge. The Dramatist never losts control of his own emotions A stillness, screnity almost, infuses itself into catastrophes the most volcanic. Eternal calm broads over the victim of late. Modern students hang, as would the thousands of rapt Athenians, not on the lines of the Poet, but on the sightless outlaw, during the awful moments when he defends his selfeffacement from all human society!

Throughout the dramatic remains, and in all surviving allusions to the much of which we deplore the loss, Sophock's shows the same abnegation of self. Characters in his plays live their own lives in essentials. We have only to recollect the Antigone of the " Cidipus in Colonus " to be sure how she would treat the ediet of Creon-The descent into the tomb and end there were the inevitable dramatic triumph of a heroine over a tyrant It is the same with the "Ajax." For the dramatist the Ajax was Homer's champion of Hellas, no casual victim of a fit of madness, in sheep's shambles. Fallen, the mighty fighter, as of necessity in a wrestle of muscles with brains, has to die, but dies grandly,

The moderation the evenness, the self-restraint, of the Poet as Dramatist, after some twenty-five centuries, make themselves still felt. Wielded, hurled, by the fancy of Æschylus, the passion, the wrath the combative philosophy of "Prometheus.' the vindictiveness, as scorehing as cold-blooded, of the Furies, cleave their way irresistibly, are audible whatever the tongue. Scholarship helplessly suspects, even hopes, that a proper appreciation of Sophocles, and of his delicate dramatic conscience, has suffered through the impossibility of representing the mellowed harmony of Attic diction through the medium of downright English.

G DIPUS VINDICATES HIS BIANDNESS

AND what see I sightless 9

Three roads meet .-Briars narrow the space for jostling feet Of men and horses

Stone deaf I should hear That old man's orders and that young man's Jeer -

Now swords clashing now stillness as of death-Sive a hidden brook murmuring beneath

Soil gore red-a father's -by a son shed ' So I left Lord Character stark dead

Drift I on Hell's trail Invisible then.

Though Cross Roads not to you the blood of men he had drunk --why not have warned?--for he knew What having done I was cursed by Fate to do!

Suptials begetting nuptials! Rabble rout Sires brothers children mothers wives in and out! Mass all adulteres since Earth becan Viatch this kennel of foulness if you can "

But enough ! ev n to tell of it must shame, As to do shamed nature !--

In Heaven's name Hasten, and put me anywhere away Stab me if you will or throw a seastru

From a cliff; so that never I again

Be seen of mortal eyes!

For pity, deign

To touch a poor wretch t

You will catch no ache

Through my disease; 'tis one none but myself can take!

ODIPUS AT COLONOS

Col vs 668-719

STRANCER old and bent and blind. Thy guide -or Heaven or Chance-was kind In hading thee with gracious hand To the crown of all our happy land Listen how in this gleaming dale Sings Thy welcome the nightingaleshade add mad guiding the son was not The pak ereen twilight of the woodland clade The full notes rise and fall funderest madrical From the tangle of dark ivy And the man fruited greeners Which neither suns of July can parch Nor dust storms scatter and toss in March 1 wild gurden this of ours Of flowers upon flowers Crocuses each a gold ray ind are den fed day by day The Varensus in fair clusters blooming by its sige. Unforgetting how long since it had been its pride In Sicilian Finna's meadow to entwin Wriaths for Demeter and beauteous Proscrpine

Hark! how threading rocks, leaping hills, Carol multitudinous rills, Sleepless through the listening night,

Chattering. flashing in sunlight. .

With broods of quickening showers Ministering to spring flowers:

Till, one on another, as in frolic and play.

Vaulting and bounding, each pursuing its own way.

All join Cephisus, where plunging from its high crest It heaps the laughing harvests on the plain's wide

breast.

Haunt of Gods. this spot whither, stranger. Thou art come:

And we with gladness hail their visits to our home.

Often 'tis Bacchus, by torchlight,

Through forest. over pathless height.

To drum-beat leading his glad band.

Nymphs, his adorers, through our land.

Nor are the Muses absent, dancing, and with song, Or Aphrodité driving her chariot along,

ANTICONE PRONTING HER TOMB

Antio 13 891-903

O CAVERN grim my dwelling place below Julier of this poor flesh seal of its noc Thou canst not look me long in thy dour vault The only bridal chamber I shill know

Death! Thou it no stranger to the kings from whom I count descent of a royal line I come.

Hast thou not garaced all their noblest list?

Linking thou it clied—not to me bound for home!

Few have my days on earth been and all sore Stained my young memories with ear—the more Black for a mother's griefy and Sire for thine— Both tenfold dearer for each pang you bore

and dearer you for yours my brethren twain Clasped in whose arms I will forget the pain of his, and you your hate drowned in my love-I've rancours healed doubling a sister's gain

For one I die for both in that lone cell
I hie in loic—Brothers—von know it will—
For you the Womb that bare Sire that begot—
Love without which Heav as self for me were Hell!

AJAX TO HIS SWORD

April 14 817 65

STAND there, good Sword; be firm, and do thy work.

Had I leisure, hadst thou, to play with words—
The wit, the heart—well might we reason out
Right for that we have on hand;—first, gift Thou
Hector's—hateful to Me all foreign blood.

His most, and, among focs of Greece, he most;—
Next, the mould wherewith I have girt thee round.

Trojan earth which loathes Greek feet treading it.
And thirsts e'en now to drink up my heart's blood;—
Lastly, for that thou art a trusty blade,
Which chooses for its Lord, whoe'er he be,
Death in workmanhke way, if die he will

This settled, well, in life;—after è what then?

This settled, well, in life;—after? what then? Zeus—for I trace from Thee—grant this I ask—Little, precious—that Teucer first of all May learn, and draw Me off the recking sword, Lest I be spied by some one of my foes. And cast a prey for dogs and birds to tear. Just that, O Zeus, I kneeling crave of Thee! To Thee, winged Hermes, also here I cry; Guide of the Dead from Earth to Hades, come. Lead with friendly hands to the realms below; Thou shalt not wait, I know how, by one leap

On this brace sword to wrench the life away Without evin a spasm from my gaping side?

At and I summon the dread Sisters three —

It of stern virginity keen to mark

Wrongs of poor mortals hasten with long stride Be Judges, Advocates Avengers be

Let Me fact the Atreide hear Me tell

How they have brought my life to utter nought Condemn and snatch the cautiffs where their doom,

As absolute as ugh as is mine. Is wrought on them by hands d

Is wrought on them by hands dear as their own Their runs depth conductly matching mine

Yea and why rightious furies slack your course?

Spare not! make the entire Greek host to taste

Ruth for their cuity Princes—all have single!

Huth for their guilty Princes—all have sinned!

Hate? Good such hate! Alas! that I am dear,

And bring pain infinite to those I love! Bright Sun God driving Thou thy cir on high As Thou look at down on my ancestral isle, Pluck thy gold studded rein to break the news

Of my perdition and untimely fate. To the Old Man my Father and to Her

To the Old Man my Father and to Her Who bore and suckled me the when She hears. The manuscrap She wall lead the City through 1

The mourners She will lead the City through!

I nough vain grievin,—non to do—and quick!—
Though Death one moment! ore I come to Thee
Thou and I will have Kisure to converse

In plents There where soon we shall be mates— But while I still behold Thee Tight of Day I would greet Thee and the Charioteer

Last and only time—never again

Thre also holy soil of Salarnes

Whereon my home my lather's hearth were raised

discourse!

And famous Athens, with its kimited race;
Nor forget I Troy's rivers, springs and plains;
For they have helped nonrish Me;
once for aye
Hearken; let Ajax bid you all, Farewell!
Hence wends He, among Shadows, shadows to

CURIPIDES

LURIPIDES

To understand and place Europides we must not take Fichylus much less Sophocles for our drimatic measure or standard. He is a neithle that he addresses his audience from a stage, yet he binds lumself by no theatrical rules has no dramatic conscience or eliquette. He is poet and dramatist combined and moralist besides Vers modern in feeling otherwise he is especially a Modern in his employment of tears. Very rarely in a Play of his is nathos wholly absent as it is from the exuberant melody and fantastic imaginativeness of the wonderful Commonly he runs up and down the whole scale using its nowers even weaknesses. In the grand hymn on Demeter with more suppleness he reaches the sublimits of Pindar Note how the Mother of the Cods bows Herself to seek not as Goddess as a human mother her rayshed daughter It not the royal pride smritualizes Polyxena's claim to office herself, not as devoted by her country a foes to the Chost of her slain bridegroom. It purifies and sweetens the swagers of Hecuba over child Istvanax It connects and reconciles Iphigenia s horror at a father s immolation of an unwilling victim to Artemis with the splendour of her insistence on her right to despatch the Helleme Armada to the destruction of parate Tros Continualls it is used in plays on War as a lever to lift blood and havoe to a nobler level.

Whether the occasion for its use arise or not in the course of the action is a matter of indifference to him. In the agony of Troy a queenly mother has the news of Polyxena's voluntary execution of her doom brought by a Herald. For the Poet, as Euripides always-drama or not-was, the distinction was immaterial. He was subject to manifold fits of inspiration which demanded an audience. The Theatre of Athens was open to him; and he availed himself of its hospitality, though often not enthusiastic. For rules he cared not, if it suited his inspiration to break them. He was a teacher; and thousands on the benches were not unwilling to be taught. Critics might tell him he prosed. Crowds, though it were so, listened, and learned. In the opinion of enough others he was a magician, and charmed those who were not of the deaf adder brood. These latter at any rate could not drive him dumb. They jested upon him; accused him of Atheism: spread malignant stories. the viler if at all true, about griefs in his domestic life; grudged the admiration he won from wise thinkers. Bravely he went on writing till death took him, at the age of seventy-four, in a species of voluntary exile at the Court of Macedonian Archelaus. He was always better valued abroad than at home. A noble Epigram attributed to Thucydides attempts to clear Athens as a City of complicity in the baiting of one of its chief glories. It fails to convince.

Renown apparently did not save other illustrious dramatic careers from trouble in Ancient Athens. Æschylus had to stand trial for impiety! An attempt was made to deny Sophocles management of his affairs

on the ground of sends deen. Happals the ferthits of all three mary lions brans in supplying the national stage seemed to three the more for the posonous principles. As little it may be hoped, minded it the search concession of prizes. Luripides in particular for his sevents fixe or mines two Plays was addom growned. Not apparently that his seniors were more generously rewarded. Time has been as little more liberal in saving but saven quice for Eschvius and sophoeles as guint for Furnides, seventher or cubiters a coording as the

Rhesus is included or omitted. For sheer literaria, that the general neglect is terrible. But as I remarked earlier the work of I umpides keeps a winning modern flavour. Feen in his distingtion of interior and dramatic conventions he is able to ome closer to fellow human instincts. Put to the bitter necessity of decharing with which of the great Three we could least easily dispense we might find Furipides the hardest to pluck out of our hearts.

DEMETER'S SEARCH FOR PROSERPINE

Helena, vv. 1301-52

Į

It was when this world was young.

And no minstrel yet had sung,

That the Mother of Gods with hurried feet

Over mountain, meadow, moor.

Through glens, and where rivers laugh to meet

Ocean's deep-resounding roar.

Rushed in a passion Divine of wrath, love, despair,

where !

11

Seeking her lovely daughter lost, carried She knew not

As her team of hons hore
The lamenting Goddess o'er
Earth courting her caresses, and her wall
For the maid stol'n from her hand
Pierced the clash of castanets on the gale.
Goddesses, a virgin band.

Wind-Nymphs. Pallas, with Gorgon's head and panoply, And Artemis. poined in the search for sweet Persephone.

31

Vain - and sad for playmate lost

In Vax from rose-tree by a northern blast-

Pall is Huntress Numphs wind shed Back to their Olympian nectar passed

Mauroung of mourn a Cod

Mourning es mourns a God

And as they pirted from Demeter pondered when the would be found among their company in Heav a arun!

11

But in Her the Mother stirred Beyond the Coddess -

\nd bade farewells -

Then loosened from their yoke

Her hons then laid aside Her wreath her torch even her sceptre broke

Stripping her soul of all pride

Of Immortal limits to the last agony of love!

`

No longer a Coddess She -Nought but Mother would She be -Vionely Woman ragged and forlorn.

Begging scraps that dogs had spurned, Besecohing tidings of a Daughter torn

Resecting tidings of a Daughter torn from her embrace—often turned

Into the dreat night with rude going from the door Then some clue which broke —leaving Her more hopeless than before

 $\nabla \mathbf{I}$

Patient of roughness, sorrow;
Humbling Godhead to borrow

Help from Man. of no more avail than Heavin:
She. of Gods most innocent,
Who, more than all, for human kind had strivin.
In heart and brain worn and spent
With groping for a way out whence there was way none,
On the ground down fell swooning, comfortless, childless,
alone.

117

It was Ida's topmost peak.

Where Nymphs of the mountain seek

For strays that the call of warm blood in spring—
Scent. violet and primrose—

Has set on the high uplands wandering
For joys no other flock knows.—

There in a stony, snow-deep thicket lay She prone,
Where, only not dead because Divine. She herself had
thrown!

TIII

Meanwhile nor garden nor field
Would its herbs and flowers yield:
The woods no more put forth their soft green leaves
For the crumpled-horned beasts;
Gaunt hunger stalked beneath the cities' caves:
Alters missed their wonted feasts;
Even each dew-fed reservoir of water kept
Its sparkling fountains closely scaled because its Lady
wept.

т.

Then Zeus eager for rehef

To the Mother's angre grief

Threatening famine, bade the Graces arm

Themselves and the Queen of Love

With all their joint artiflers of charm -

Though they should leave night above --

So, by hymn and dance, to conjure an aching breast to murth

.

Forth come from Olympus they

With surpassing bright and give

Aphrodite at their head and a troop

Of boys their loudest to boom

On the cymbals with their brussiest whoop

and the Ox skinned kettledrum --

Till the Goddess started from her started care worn

In the shock of her amazement forgetting ev'n to weep

N

Still as in a half trance Sh

Lastened to the melody

Of the Muses singun, watched the Graces

Intertwining in the dance and guzed with rapture on their sweet faces,

low in retreat now advance.

While all through the Cyprian Queen assumed command

By title of Beauty's right divine of the whole joyous band

XII

Ne'er had felt Demeter thus
Blissful wonder, wond'ring bliss.
Weeping She smiled once more, and smiling wept.
She touched a flute: without breath
It warbled, and Nature at one note leapt
Into warm life out of death.— []
Praise be to Music! healer it of Earth's alarms!
Music, that shall bring a Daughter home to a Mother's arms.

BACCHANTES AT THEBES

Bauchs vs 64-162

From the land of Asia to Hellas we come With one ere on our lips to the ancient home Of Him Lord Disins of the dance and of song Hither He has led us who to Tmolus belon,

Sweet puns ours grateful toil To tread and his the soil Where He drew his first breath On the bosom of Death!

As we circle these halls harry men and pray Diomsus to pardon! Out of m was till that hymn not our Cod! dure utter a word But of glory to Dionseus our Lord! Bluet of fur destiny

Skilled in God's wisdom he Who knows Him None are wise But they of the Vesteries?

When our cars. Lord of Resets opened to hear The summons to the hills I shame straightens and fear Fell off us as dust—and over lend and sea— How we know not—old young thet halt we followed Thee!

When invisible Thou art,
Thy image is in the heart:
Thy pity, thy love how vast!
How, too, Thy anger can blast!

Thousandfold paid were we for past years of ills
By that first night when we burst into the hills
With wild dancing and song to maugurate
The rites, ivy-erowned, of Cybele the Great!
On that dread day his were we sealed
By the Mysteries He revealed!

By the Mysteries He revealed! His, with his spirit to abide, Companions of the Senctified.

He calls, we come: glad now to this City proud:
For here maid Scmcle, the royal, was wooed
In the plenitude of her conquering charms.
By Zeus stooping from Olympus to her arms:
And here, from a womb lightning-torn.
Was our Lord Dionysus born;
And the mighty Sire cleft his own
Flesh as a cradle for his son.

Thence—while hard-by lay more ashes the girlbride—

Remorseful lightnings keeping their watch beside— Was our Lord delivered duly. God from God: Horns upon his brows, snakes hissing from his rod:

And Fate bade Him go forth, East and west, south and north. Without sword, shield, or bow, To lay citadels low: To win empires by mirth witch in in and tame, brute

By minstrelss a magic—with combal and lute the captive set free, and kings ediets defe Inexplicable—thunder in a blue sky

His Creed to dince and sing.
Is the best worshipping
And to liugh and rejoice.
More than walnot Code soice!

Thebes that nurselet Semeles beauty to we in Zeus from his vows and plighted troth to this Queen Our Lord Diodysias orders us to warn. The e and Think rightit you in time of your scorn.

Of his Codhe id haste too delive Wave Thyrid don fistal array Of faun skins blue field flowers twine Deek house fronts with oak haves and pine

Lankyrds' build we altars to Him's search the groves. To hallow your heads with the chaplets He loves. Your women aireads land Semiles son. Thousands to so thousands danging on and on,

Quiting distaff and shuttle and foom Mather leaving bake bride her bridegroom Lp grim Aitheron's caverious steep As grid its bitten riot and leav

Wake flute and dram that-where the Curetes

Unto Zeus - nurses in their (retain cell— \ wild ers to the Corybantes found Passes to the Satyrs, middened at the sound

Hark to the drum as it roars. While higher and shriller soars The Phrygian flute, and our feet Time in a fine frenzy beat.

Mon, ye are warned; we call with drum. flute and lute:

Take your choice, ery for pardon, or stand ye mute:

Be mad as we are, or sober—as ye will;

For hear Him—do ye not?—we are for the hill!

Strange the road · yet no guide we need;

Our Lord is in front; He will lead.

Tmolus, Kithæron—where we roam.

The print of his feet makes all home.

Sisters, remember ye the long autumn nights— Weeks was it, or years back?—on Lydian heights. When away He would burst in chase of hill goat, Across torrents, crags, and eatch it by the throat;

Then throw Him down to sleep Among us on the steep. While Nature, as He slept. A solemn silence kept—

And before the midnight was come, start up, take
A flaming pine torch, and bid us all awake.
Ah! how gladsome we to see his bright eyes glance,
And join our Master in the triumphant dance;
While at the touch of his feet divine,
Flowed, in runkets, honey, milk, and wine,
With clouds of frankineense earth had stored,
Rich tribute to its laughing Lord.

Courage, sisters, again we shall Him behold ts on Tmolus where earth runs wine and streams bloa

See as we have seen-God Man-many and one-Divers for the world the same for us alone .

Locks tossing a golden showr in the breeze, Voice high and then low music in all keys Eves blue flashing stars mouth a red flow r-Girl for the charm God for the now'r !

Hark! the drum booms its roar its Phrygran eries. While the flute with notes soft and holy replies. Hear ve Dionysus summoning his flock To frobe through the forest from rock to rock, When on Kitheron the mid rout

He leads-the whole air one wild shout Free Free! Sone be adored

But Bacchus Bacchus Ling and Lord!

A PATRIOT MARTYR

Iphig in Aul., vv 1368-1401; and 1434-1508.

"Wroth with my Father, Mother? 'tis unjust; How can we help but do what do we must? And Achilles, though noble he to stake Life in my cause—how suffer him to take Arms against a host! Mother, what if thus Mischance befell a stranger, and through us!

Listen my Mother, now that I have brought Truth home to me; yes, to my immost thought. I have resolved myself : -it is to die : And besides, I will die gloricusty! Read my heart, Mother: see, how fair a show, And worthy of our race, my head to bow. This hour upon nought clse but me the whole Of Hellas dwells-fears, hopes-with all its soul. Tis mine to loose or bind to say the word. Whether waste Phrygia with fire and sword-For guilt of Paris venge us on his land-Or tempt now and again a robber band To repeat the foul act: to steal from Greece Well-dowered brides, and hold their speal in peace. My death is a shield for Achean fame It will scare prates; blest shall be my name.

and bethink thre what right thou hast to cline On my behalf so fondly to the thin. talled Life for thou did t bear me to be an In a nullion parts and not think done Count men of the spear ten thousand on show Seamen as many skilled to ply the our All straining to light the for con to death The sole check the heaving of my poor breath ! To keep this justly falling balance strught Shall we bolt among Creeks the fire of hate ~ Good my Wood for my to set his life Against a whole host in desperate strife-Why would not Greece be paid by one Man's borth Did aris by thousands lost their shares of Larth! And now a Coddess has been pleased to choose this body of mine I on can I refuse I a mortal! Bather while free I has Myself to Hellas body soul I give I come a willing sacrifice and when Our race shall be remembered among men For me shall stand in place of wedded jos Sons of my womb the waste where once stood

Slaves from beyond the Pale steer here and flout Free, queenly Hellay? Perish the base thought t Salart my Mother? Weepest? Oh forbear! In pity cense! Shad thou for me no tear Make me not a coward. I will not have Thee, shar those dear locks clothe thee for a grace As of a lost child, I have alored for thee Mid me, not years but immortality! No mire common cartilis study shows a down.

An Altar Zous a daughter & is my tomb

Trov 1

Good Mother! Thou believest me at last— I bring Greece deliverance, and have cast A fortunate lot?—

'Askest what to say
From me to my young sisters?'—That I pray
Them not to mourn—

'And for Orestes here?'—
Brother! let me embrace thee, dearest dear.

My help, all thou couldst !-

Mother, I entreat-

Watch o'er him till he be of man's estate— For I may not!—

A last look! my one woe! 'Aught else to do for me?'—

Wilt not forgo

Thy anger with my sire? He loves me well. Although Greece better; it is as I tell Thee of Life and Me.—

No? Then, here we part.

And, Mother, no more tears! Spare this torn heart!

No further; my Father's guards shall attend

Me to the meadow where will be the end.

Proclaim silence. Heralds; and, Maidens. sing To Artemis! already the priests bring Barky to awake the flame; the King stands Clasping the hallowed Altar with both hands; And I come—to deliver, to destroy!

Champion of Hellas—stormer I of Troy!

Pour ye the purifying water down;

And flow'rs! my locks the sacrifice shall crown Around the temple dance; around the shrine.—Blood to content the Oracle? Lo! Mine!

4 single moment -

Mother I must keep Len Herr n's fe ist waiting while for thee I ween Revered ah ' how revered ' a last Farcwell '--

Dance ve Maidens agran and dancing swell The Chant to Artems pray Her set free For my sake our spears wift them our the wa Then when our means sound in fros let not Her name who sent the Victors in forest'

I nough .- I cease to tread Pelasgic earth No more Mycen's mine that gave me birth And nursed me for the deed in Hellas I Triumph to do although by it I die ' For me no more bright beaming Day that wells From deep fountains in the Heavins when Leus dwells

Aduct to Life 1 it and its Fate have done Their worst their best '- 1 kmfe - flash ! I am gone

fluther where behind a black veil for me A new World waits and a new Destiny 1

Witness Friends All I die of my free will !and act-I love thee Sunshing love they still !

TROY'S LAST NIGHT

Hecub. vv. 905-52.

"No more, my Ilium, will be heard thy glorious boast.

That Thou hast never echoed the tread of alien host; Alas! warriors of Hellas, a tempest-cloud on Thee.

Hide all that Thou wast from my soul's eye when it strives to see

Thy crown of towers they have shorn; soot fouls thy marble brow.

Who even in fancy could care to walk thy pavements now!

In the middle of the night descended on Me my doom:

Then I perished out of life, entering a living tomb,—
Sacrifice had been offered; and at last the feast was
done;

Music and dancing had ceased: all the joyous guests were gone;

On tired eyes sweet sleep was fluttering down; my bridegroom lav

In our chamber, on the couch—idle war-gear put away Upon the wall beside him—he not thinking ever more

To view the hated sailor-throng trampling upon our shore.

I too would go to rest and set my golden mirror where I would light me while I bound within its snood inv bruded hur---

When a jubilant shout mid screams and shricks came ringing down

The might

Greeks ours the citudel? Now ho? to such the town?

Wy beloved one snatched his spear the was butchered in mit side.

No help from Dran whom I served ere I became a bride

ts in wakin, draum I was rocking on the salt was flood.

Looking back on where my City my Ilium had stood fhen swooned and have breathed since but to call curses on the head

Of the Greek woman with her paramour and lawless bed

Gods' arenge We on their marriage—nay none but it might seem

\ spunc from Heli's abys a spateful Demon's fustful dra un'

Toss brins Ocean, Helen Hum's bane forsak'n long! Her play robbed Me of home Heavin' let Her never reach her own!"

POLYXENA

Hecub., vv 503-82

THE Achæan host hoping to give peace To dead Peleides, cre it sailed for Greece, Had vengefully resolved to soothe his Ghost With the blood of Her he had loved and lost. The loathsome task was on Odysseus laid To announce the sentence and bring the Maid. With brave heart Polyxena had received Her doom, and went: not for herself she grieved!

Day waned, when lo! the Greek Herald.—He found Hecuba, locks dust-dabbled, on the ground. Hoping nought so much as that he was come To drag her to the shambles at the Tomb. Not therefore was he sent if by the Foe; The news, if dire, held glory in the woe. The Messenger himself was kind and old; You felt the tears within the tale he told:

"Thou knowest. Lady, Odysseus was sent Hither by my Lords, and how hence he went With thy Daughter to the schulchre, where One universal whisper filled the air. The Hero's Son, taking her by the hand, Stationed her on the Tomb There a picked band Of youths fenced her about, lest she might fleeInglutentd fawn—in a spasm of agon; Next he having with both hands lifted up— Filled to the brim—i wast all golden cup. Bude mit silence proclaim and at mix sign. And shout all sounds were hushed. He, with wine Pant trickling through his fingers erice aloud. Father I am fulfilling ill I sowed.

May the Son's offering conduct the Ghost Where -gett from We and the Acharan host-It can drain its fill of pure vergus blood Retribution on Priam's trutor brood? In return be good to the contrades free Our cibber speed Us home where it that be?

The host acclumed he drew his golden blade Signus, to the ches a guard to bring the Mand Achtens—tens of thousands—stood around, In gleaning armour the sepulchral mound and on it all alone a young gri stood rewid by my rads thirsting for her blood. It might have been a lone spot she had sought On Id's a loop's for solitary thou, but I might have been her Eather's halfs she trod.

On fail's super for someny thought.
It might have been her Father's halfs she trod
It might have been the Temple of her God
No need of warrior's to bir her flight
Norther loved she life nor of death fait fright
Nor with nor yet diffuse.—her soli pride
As she had lived to be that when she died!

She had read the sign —stinding on the full Bi more than speech she counter signed her will In natural accurs of a voung maid Spoke she, but as she meant to be obesed Low though her voice the high the summer air

Low though her voice the hish the summer Winged it, spread her meaning everywhere "Argives, she phrased it. Ye have overthrown My Sire's capital city, stone by stone. And decree my sacrifice.—I hail death. But will not as a slave draw my last breath. Slay me' 'tis your right: but in Heaven's face Free must I die, as it befits my race. I cannot brook the dead below should call Me who was born of royal rank, a thrall. Look! I will bare my skin with my own hand; Strike where Ye will, but strike at my command!" "The host roared 'Yea!' and Agamemnon bade

The guards to stand aside, nor touch the Maid.

"She heard; and plucking at her robe in haste, Rent it from neck down to her slender waist. Stripping her virgin breast and chest of snow. So lovely could no painter, sculptor, show; Then, with one knee upon the rough earth pressed. Spoke words the bravest, saddest, patientest: Good Executioner, if thou shouldst care To stab my heart, here is my bosom bare: If higher up, my throat is ready too! And the Prince, it might almost seem, with rue, That it was, as his father's son, his fate To divorce, from form so fair, a soul so great. Unwilling, willing-yet not so, nor so-Blindly struck whence founts of breathing flow. Life's springs burst: but heedful was she in death Seemly to fall !-

When she sighed her last breath, A weight litted; hearts with remorse grown faint Glowed now. as at the parting of a Saint! Funeral gifts showered down; leaves some strewed Upon the body; some fetched from the wood

Pine to feed the pare thousands sought to bring-Aught vestments or triplets- in offerms Shame upon him who gridged mean cur too blind

To see how passing high such heart and mind !

Thus was it Lady that the Daughter died, And I am here the Herald sent to guide There where my Chiefs thy loved one's obseques Prepare hard by wiere our tehilles hes Old I but he er in peace or war have seen

Woman than thee more hapless -slave or Queen and of Mothers a happer -

The bles To have abre or dead a Child like This!

ARISTOPHANES

ARISTOPHANES

Its wish throughout is to produce by a fix specimens a fur general view of the excellence of my state for the moment. Among Mith trage dramatists—whenever sufficient has survived for a decision—a choice live not been difficult. It is not easy with Aristophanes. Humour wit variety of colour bitterness—sweetness with stringth—are certain of recognition. His genuic sentifiates among main different properties. Con temporary judgment of his powers was expressed in the program attributed to Plato. The Graces cearching for a shrine too harmomously designed for a storm to fix on a fatal weakness answhere were content with the soul of Aristophanes. The doubtless though to be able to prove it we mught to be contemporaries and fellon townshim.

Very often his seems to be about to deliver himself of a satisfying lette when the dominal of the comedy carries him off. He is thus diverted in the Clouds and kinghts. Less in the Birds for instance bursts such as even in my madequist verse the eall of king Hoopies to Proene whom Verstophines chooses for his Sightingals. The melods thing itself to and frogress to give modent to genth, with a sureness in which all three Graces might have securily lodged. None of

his majestic fellow-dramatists could from this point of view have surpassed, perhaps equalled him. In his singing is more of a bird's trill than elsewhere in Greek drama, so far as time has suffered us to judge. He must have known, felt, he had a theme where his genius found the exact notes to suit it. The misfortune of our modern age is that it happens also to be the only song of sustained melody and length to illustrate and justify the universal praise. All the existing comedies abound in lyrical lines;—if they had but been available in draughts, and not in mere sips!

Readers, however, will find full sources in Hookham Frere's and B. B. Roger's admirable translations, though Frere's only of four Plays. If they wish for an Imitation, let them read Dean Mansel's incomparable Chorus of the Clouds in his "Phrontisterion."

KING HOOPOF TO THE NICHTINGALL

Ascs 11 20) 23

SIFIPFST my sweet Veste still?

Awake and set flowing each liquid note

It thy musics foundain he id to trill

From the oped Liteway of thy tawn, throut

Hallowed off rings to the Durling and mine

Itys, of hymns Divine
Hark' char through the full leafage of the yew
Percess the strain, and Drachus, hearing thine
Tunes his lare the long lument to renew
Till it overflows Leavs Throme and all
The Harves and the blue

Ather while at the Colden harred One's call Gathers on Olympus the Blessed Choir, and with my Mate's own Itys Itys' ery Takes up the symphom of Apollo's lyre— Both direct and full by I'

LEADER OF BIRD CHORUS

Aves, vi 676-783

"O my Darling! my sweetest Sweet!

Can it be mine once more to greet

Her whose song I dream in the grove:

My one theme could I sing of love.

Though only now that I rejoice

In Thee, sing I: for Thou'rt my voice!

Strike up. Flute! tawny Darling, sing!

Hark! her voice has brought the Spring!"

With the Nightingale.

"Hither, blear-eyed creatures that. Men, you are by birth,

Do-nothings, figures of clay, dull compounds of earth; Souls frail as Autumn leaves, May-flies without the wings,

Shadows from day-dreams, death's crop, miserable things!

Listen to Us who from pure Ether draw our breath, Who always Are, existing free of Age and Death. Thoughts we think decay not. To your uttermost try To understand our tale of Being in the sky, Of Birds, and how Gods, Chaos. Erebus, began,

Then you li know much more than Men ever learned from Man

This was Nature a order of basis and Night the fact.

This was Nature's order. Choose and Night the first Frebu, wide Hell next, though wit there were none accurat.

karth wis not or Air or Heaven or Sun and Day But it occurred to wing d Night a wind can to fix In the multitudinous bosons blank and cold

Of Frebs: Due-though lime was not - Hours told Issued longing. Free with golden wings behind That stormly flying and if shed as a North west wind

That stormly happed and if shed as a North west wind So D sire was and having nothing dist to do as he flew about weste fartarus to and fro

Made love to Chaos sister of his mother Night Hatching Us for whom somehow he manufactured Light

Lass work the rest between Ls below above for We needed to Be perch feed and He to love Thence a hotehpotch of Frebus Chios Sight and

Hell her water ground and fire for good and bad to

dwell

Herven thus exme about with Ocean and this Larth,

And the Blessed Cods imperishable had birth

But it is a clear and indisputable truth

That we had long been Cods when these were in their youth

For we were Love's first born endowed by Him with wings

and made His distributors of all happy things

Thus who like us to mark the Seasons in their train? Sow? Note the scream as he writes southwards of the crane.

And the limit the shipmiester tea may take to stow. His rudder and bide on shore till kind winds shall blow.

See, the kite circle after proy: Its time to shear.
The fleeces wedful at the opening of the year.
Doff your woodlen clock; surely, that is not your wear.
When Mistress Swallow darts in the bright spring-tide

And however you may feight to adore young Gods. At Shrines you faney are their favourite abodes—Ammon, Delphi, Dodona—for cares near your hearts, Woong, trading, fighting, you seek no foreign parts; You search your home sky, watching it for one chance flight,

And by the objects there, discern the wrong and right. Talk of Divination: pray, now, what is your word. For a dip into the future? Why, nought but 'Bird'! Bird' for any start—when a slave cracks plates or glass,

A sudden succee rapped out, the braying of an ass! Let the rich spend on their Apollos; you, the poor, Have one just as good in the sparrow at your door!

"Could you have Gods better? Use Us as yours for Prophet, Muse. Only tell Us what you will—Hot, or cold, luke-warm, or chill, Wind to nip the Dog-star, calm That sleeps on the wheat like balm. Summer, Autumn, Winter, Spring Nestle underneath my wing. Whisper just the blend you need. Served you shall be with thought-speed.

Not like Leus by way of pompy-Sit We on clouds nursing dumps. We love to fit where men are And be for each a good star fo bring your whole household health Bright Youth peaceful age, and we alth Sleep on down softer than silk Mirth dunces feasts and birds milk. All bliss out iden the tomb As sink roses from full bloom

Must of the Thicket! my Own With whom on ash tree alone Pursuing the varied not! I would through my tiwn, they they are they are they are they are they are they are a present that are they me as Pir mehus that Con ambrows I il distill Into muse such as will Mellow what butter that are they me as they me as presented they are as Pir mehus that Where I too like him may feed On ambrows I il distill Into muse such as will Mellow what butter must grate. In my lot assigned by Late

When the nightingale fell mut
Leaung warbling voice and flute
The Swans, from where on the banks
Of Hebrus sat their seried ranks
Took up—was it the appeal
To all humankind to kneel

Praying Air's Powers of their grace T accept homage from Man's race? We know only there rang out Through luminous clouds a shout That drove wild beasts and the herds Cow'ring before the Lord Birds. Blue sky overlay the tide. And Olympus all replied By repeated thunderings.

Whereat wonder scized its Kings,

And Graces and Muses ericd for joy, or shrieked in dismay.

Though which we are not told, and it's impossible to say!

SONG OF THE CLOUDS

Nuber 11 275 90 and -99-313

CIOLDS that have been deeping upon the meadows, wake and rise

For though house Ocean begot us our home is in the

See I wings sparks of hving light as Dawn touched the

Open out and are bearing us into the Upper Air There we float each morn a new birth for though to thought

The rainbow we leave behind us means we have come to nought

We are eternal whether darkness visible black might Or as now re woven into a golden fleece of beht Space is our playing field—50 our pastime is mounting

high
Over some loftiest peak clad in forests to desers
Watch towers far away that guard the harvests, and
the soil

That nursed them in its bosom from becoming formers spoil

Or to drink in the murmurs of rushing rivers and

Of the solenn-voiced Sea hurled itself upon its shore

THEOCRITUS

I'm first impression in passing from Creek verse of the Golden Vg or Vgs to that of the composite Uccandinae and Steidam schools is of a discrent from Groves of the Music to a Labrar. In exemplars of the class we are always being reminded or seek to remind ourselves of books. Singers of the period were sensible of the weakness. They attempted to cure or dissemble it books saming a rustic personality. Probably all more or less fell into the habit affected busolic piping, though time, his sparid complete illustrations only he out of the number.

To prove the difficulty without exposing the absurdity of the experiment as in Pope's attempts it is enough to refer to Viral's Lelomies except the 'Pollio' The Mantu in failures enhance our respect for Theocritus, who most mark succeeded 1 Memory is a nose, ay of Greek country scenes Duphus is but little inferior and Daphtus and Menalcas aims higher without los of simplicity Still, there is an aggressive unreality to me about it all even and especially, the famous Cyclops and Calates When it is best done to borrow a well known censure the surprise is at the pains to attempt an impossibility Theoreties ranks high for greater qualities. The Adoniazuse and

"A Fisherman's Dream" are two perfect dramas in miniature Never was a gift more exquisitely offered than in "An Ivory Distaff." But for a story-teller in verse match me the poet of "The Infant Heracles" and of "Hylas!"

He is admirable because manifestly he enjoys the romance as he evolves its course. During it his fancy broods over every touch or touch to be added. Hylas is so unforeseeingly absorbed in the fulfilment of his service, unless for a passing glance at the bright flowers around, at the sparkle of the bubbles as he dips the pitcher, with a hope perhaps of praise for despatch by his two mighty heroes A moment, and boundless despair, with a delirium of joy to the triad of Nymphs, and full content for the poet Satisfaction for him is as unmistakable in the wondrous myth of Heracles and the Dragons. There the roll of the few verses, unlike the leap of the fountain, is slow as the drum-beat in a funeral march. Theorntus has this power of compelling sympathy with the distilling of his fancies, whatever the text On any subject he is thoroughly companionable. It matters not if it be a day's sightseeing by two gossiping Dorian dames in a Palace of the Ptolemies, dream-telling between a pair of starveling fishermen-portraits to the hfe-a music duel, with two winners-a Midsummer holiday, Bucolics-Daphnis, Cyclops, what-not-or most innocent love-weaving on an Ivory Distaff!

1 MEMORY

Idvll VII (fart of)

HALL, deep bosomed Midsummer' to recline.
On freshly cut green branches of the vine.
And the sweet mastich while above our heads
hims and poplars quiver and intertwine.

Heard we not Comrades how the stream beside From its source in the case when its Symphs abide Murmured of mysteries I fain had read But too fast any faster its rimiles glide?

On the boughs flame coloured creales strun, I rulles chairs—chatter as when I me was young And from after the fluting of a thrush Rippled from thick acauthus brikes among

Crested larks finches trilled the turtle dost Tired not in his bower to coo his lost. Brown bees flitted round the brook. Summer breathed In fruitage through garden field orehard gross.

Trees pear and apple need not there be pressed for yield they roll of each passing step a fesst. Plums—the boughs break under their purple load Grapes havte mature their juice to glad a guest.

Wine of such brand had cheered a future God.
When Heracles and Chiron shared abode
In garden and grotto like this: and. broached
By the Nymphs, gave spirit that fired the mood

Of the mild Cyclops into hurling rocks.

And dancing, to the mirth of Etna's stocks

And stones: not his wonted innocent draughts

On the high pastures from his fleecy flocks.

As myself couched by the stream in the shade. Lulled by music birds and cicalas made.

They brought me there a cup crowned to the

From the jar that in the fire's warmth was laid.

I drank, and pledged my faith I would return When in July the sickle should have shorn The standing wheat and barley, and have spread For the brisk threshers the abounding corn:

Yes; and would, as, joyous, I shook, the while, On the winnowing fan, the dwindling pile. Draw from Demeter, as adust she stood. Clasping sheaves, poppies an approving smile.

Ah! blest garden-land, where the Muses pour Nectar for a Bard, and bees each bright hour Distil honey for him; and his gay toil Is but to toss grain on a threshing-floor!

I FISHERMAN'S DREAM

Idvit XXI WANT is a keen taskmaster—found the load

And incessantly it applies the gold Work is not reads to hand men must go And plague their wits to find what they can do Then, tool they with their purches as they may Can code not with the labours of the day It mocks them with wakefulness long on hight Having made them sport for visions of the might Two fishermen I knew they shared between Them a wattled but where I have often been On the pebbles for they were old and poor They had strenged dry sea weed a make shift floor As bed and pillows others they had none-Bundles of leaves were taked to kan upon Anywhere rough implements of their trade Biskets rols hooks, but lines, mits rords were laid These with slops for eushions a pur of our And a cries propped boat made their whole stores Scant chattels No cooking utensily Bare Subsistence hand to mouth nothing to spare No neighbours had they but the sea that pressed Them close and renury hunged to their breast Such their state and fixed when the moon, on maht

Howbert, gently loosened I the hold
Of the greedy hooks on my precious gold;
Then, tugged by ropes the creature up the shore:
And, calling all the Gods to witness, swore
That never would I tempt the sea again.
But turn Gold-king, and on dry land remain!
On that I woke.

To starve, and keep my vow? Forswear; be damined?

Say, which. I bow."

COMRADE.

"'You' neither caught the fish. nor swore the oath. No need to be alarmed; illusions both;—
Like most dreams—though we may dream open eyes.
Your dream-rock a likely place? Hope no prize;
But search for eatch to cat.

To starve, your wish? Sleep, dream, in work-hours; and hook golden fish!"

1\ I\OR\ DIST\FF

JUST a distant! Minnes from to women And I

Mine to Theugens in Miletus might prove as good!

I have a Bard's second sight and shall see you need

not fear Distall to face less gently in your treatment there than

Lo' your new mistress before a green tender reed wreathed Shrine

In stately Miletus praying the Queen of Love Divine To calm the seas for one bound from Syracus to embrage

Nieus seion and heir of each harmonious (race Next yourself-ensy I not elisped by two white arms and bissed

The rostest hips *-mass ever distaff as you so blest *Les, and joe again as and her troop of laughing

Pressed by your Lady's dainty ankle your wheel whirring twicks

Turning the soft florces from the ewis twice shorn, year by year

Leaping headlong from Etna's snowy slopes, and dream On a leafy couch I spread with white heifer hide.

A Son'-wester's spoil that dashed strays down a chiff's side

Is the couch less soft for my loss in the beasts? less fair

Is June that next follows the Dog-Star's blasting glare?

Does a lover, while clasped within two milk-white arms,

Let clouds of parental wrath darken present charms?"

MENALCAS.

"Nor do I complain No Mother can mine excel.

I he on her lap: nor could elsewhere better dwell.

Etna is She; and though She may both scowl and storm.

To me She is aye gracious: lovely too in form.

She gave me a fine cavern in a hollow rock,

With sheep and goats, ever so many; such a flock

As none will ever see but in a dream; my bed

Is furnished from their fleeces; with their skins I

spread

A carpet to warm the stone flooring for my feet. In fancy I can smell, cooking for me to cat. A stew of dainty entrails—nothing else so good!—For my Mother finds me, not house alone, but food Fuel also; oak-boughs in Summer; and, when blow Icy winds, and the tracks are buried deep in snow, Weathered beechen fagots heaped plentifully on My hearth—all, loving Etna's bounty to her Son! Winter I mind as little as the toothless feel Of taste for nuts beside a dinner of fine meal!"

PERSON

' I seellent both ! I should have found it hard to

Whether of the part has done better with his live I have a crook a young tree from our land and grow n

So workmanike eraftsmen might claim it for their

Accept it Daphins

For this shell spiral and great That I caught on the Icanan bach with but -I thing of beauty and the fish within so fine Is to make enough for the fixe of us to dine-Menaleus it is your prize. But beware the din If you set yours to its mouth trumpsting therein!

THEOGRAM 5

Pastoral Muses! Will 1s not again draw near As when I voiced you to these herd men ! let them hear

Us accents your sone t much me not with my poor LIFE

When I hope it is your melody I relieurse! Le bound me Minister and Priest-bade me reli On your presence As a ciesta will reply Echoing cicils ant to ant hawk to hawk So promised he that when my hips shall move he toli.

It are my heart my very life! Blass that I'e come Hither not day by day lodgers but to your home! Yet both strange and sweet as sleep to care and

disease Springtide to March in dry places honey to bees! 18

Hail! warrant for pure joy, that no foul spell, nought base

Shall trespass whereso'er your feet have left a trace. Hail! Ye that fragrance breathe from lowliest flower. And disdain in Man nothing but what will lower!"

THE INFINIT HERICIES

MICHENA Amphatrion's Wife had weshed and fed And put Babes Heraeles and Iphicles to bed Heraeles ten months old was elder by one night And the bed a shield Amphatrion's spoil in light The Mother stroking the two darlin, heads thus smaller

Sleep my children a sweet sleep and refreshed awake

Brethren Mother's life blest be your bed and morn's

Mrs it unser! two happy pairs of balo eyes! Murmuring her Good Night, she rocked the mights

Murmuring her Good Night, she rocked the mights shield.

And sheep as she prived and rocked settled on each

this step at the privile and rocker white on the

But when at midnight turning the Creat Bear inclines

To set and its shoulder against Orion shines. Two huge Scripents stole thither shunning to be seen, Driad monsters coil on coil, gleaning steel blue sheen Thes forced, like the gradual roll of Ocean's thir The hollow door peets of the chamber to gape wide—

Bribed tools they of schemes and spite of a vengeful Wife

To crush a rival's spawn, and grind it out of life!

At full length the pair grovelled in the dust along;

Baleful fire flamed from their eyes, venom spat each tongue

Nor, though the fell mouths watered as savouring prey. Zeus intervened—His blood must find itself a way! Still. His heart beat there: and each such heart-beat is light.

So in the room was something, neither day, nor night. That aroused the two Babes. Iphicles, with a wild Scream at sight of the fangs gloating over the shield. Wrenched the coverlet off, racking his infant brain How to tumble himself down, and cheat death, in vain. His twin spurned flight; and just below where gullets gasped.

Slavering poison—by Gods as men dreaded—grasped, Each hand, a windpipe, careless that the coils twined

His body, so long as in his grip they as fast unwound. No cry he raised, none more of triumph than dismay. Tearless, fearless, two stark dragons on him, he lay!

Meanwhile Alemena had awakened Amphitryon:

Meanwhile Alemena had awakened Amphitryon:
"Haste! I tremble: wait not to put your sandals
on.

Hark! 'tis Iphicles; there is terror in his cries;
As you love me. up, Dearest! brush sleep from your
eyes:

Still it is early night: the dawn is long away;
Yet, look, the walls are visible, though hours off day."
He leaped forth at the call, stretching up—the first
thought—

His hand to pull the sword down hanging righty wrought

In its shorth of block lotte wood above the bed When suddenly the radiance cased and instead Night resumed with darkness and shence as before Every from the slaves quarter echoed their deep

1 ights * shouted Amphitrson much enduring dolts.

dolts,
Strike sparks from the embers drive fast home the
doors bolts!

The whole household stirred and throughout the mansion blazed

With lamplight

But nh the hurricane that was rused. The frenzy then lot the Babe in each elenched soft fist.

Held-choked the granung pass-a stone dead norsome beast?

His own sole care being with bubbling bursts of jox Curgles of meriment, as one s with a new too. To toil on-the rest at gaze shuddering—and drag. The coils for his sire to play with fangs and porson have

Tired at last he dropped asleep and was put to rest.

Fucked up warm he slumbered—a young bird in its

nest
Glady Amphitreen sought for himself the same
Relief and dreamt happy dreams until morning come
Inhieles shuddering passionately distressed

Alemena sought to comfort foodling on her breast Long she has awake and when other immates slept Pondering night's markets an anxious vigil kept

Then, at cockerow, she told Tiresias the tale.

Imploring of him the truth, whether good or bale:

"For none human ward off, when spun the Fates'

Decree!

Much wisdom though Thou hast, this, Prophet, learn of Me!"

"Courage. Grandchild of Perseus." the blind Seer replied:

"Women's theme, as, spinning, they sing at eventide. Will be 'Alemena': name for Argos to adore! Yea, by the light that visits my dead orbs no more. Glory in this Babe, that, such as he is, thy son. He will grow a man as, infant, he has begun. Heir he to a mortal's strength of muscles, and heart Within them, a God's, that shall play an earthly part. Be content with his sojourn here that it will prove How all Earth's scourges bow to Heaven's race above: For though he must twelve ruthless ordeals undergo, And be purged by fire first of mortal flesh Below. Olympus is his birthright; he shall share its feasts. Even ally with Gods that hired sly, felon beasts To rend his baby limbs

But while he labours here
The name 'Heracles' will be one of love and fear.
This shield he lies in, for weak and the oppressed
A cradle where they too may sleep, and take their rest;
The dream-smile upon his lips strengthen to a charm
To nerve righteous wrath, seal meckness against harm;
And the shade of the lion skin that he shall wear,
Falling on a kid, warn wolves, wild or human, to
forhear."

ADOMAZES E

17 1137

PRANISON

' Six down dear Corgo you know you are late I thought you would not come but meant to wait

Garco

Well had you seen you would wonder I'm here At all 'th' the crowd and everywhere. Tenns four abrevet, blocking up the whole street. And muled boots trampling upon saudailed feet.' Twas brave to come for Dirling I must say You radih do live out of the way.

PRANINGE.

'My husband's whim that we who share one heart Should hiv as far as possible apart Jealous mad on purpose he chose this den For dop, to bark in, not a home for men. Always so If I make a friend hiv joy Is to contras a breach—just to amony

Gorgo

' Lattle patchers have long cars take care in your talking, san you not the child stare?

PRAXINOL.

"You could not, Ducky, think I meant Papa By a bad man who did what vexed Mamma?"

Gorgo.

"Good Papa!

"Saints! a sharp Babe! Pick and choose Your confidences—mind your p's and q's!"

PRAXINOL.

"Lately—not to be too specific—He Went to buy powder-and-paint stuff for me. Guess what it was He brought back at noon? A parcel of salt, the long lazy loon!"

Gorgo.

"My Man. Diocledas, is quite as bad As your Demon; the follies he commits! March-mad! Yesterday he bought five fleeces—dog's hair! You cannot imagine the filth they were; Not worth the cost of cleaning; and the price! Cash burns holes in his pockets in a trice!

"But, dress! robe, and clasped petticoat! You know

The Queen has urdertaken this year's show.

Trust Arsinoë for costliness; none

Do things as well; all wealth can, will be done!"

PRAXINOE.

"I shall rejoice to see, and to report To the poor souls that cannot go to Court."

GORGO

"Quick, we hard worked wives have no time to

Holidays like idlers who only feast

PRININGL.

Five minutes to wash

Fool' towels instead
Of water' Plague upon all slives home brid'
Content cats'—to be soft'

At list! Pour stop!
Clamsy creature! look here my shifts a sop!
Clam before Heaven! This key hits the look
Of the big chest go and fetch this frock

Conco

Perfect the full style ' none could have become You better ' and cost -- made up-- from the foom '

PRANISOL.

Rumous' clear cight pounds' but I would die Rather than live to walk about a gus!

Perisol Cul—the cloak—see it langs will No Child! Bugbear catch you to slip and will! Mamma would rather hear her Perity squal! Than have horse bite foot and make Bibs craw!! Play Lyddy with Waster Zopyrion

Call the dog in but till the feast be done!

Outside

Eods' the growd' and we expect without harm. To squeeze a passag through this monstrous swarin'

To mine; together, we will make a fight.

Murder! my summer veil slit down—my best!'

'Kind Sir, if you would be for ever blest

By Zeus, lift your foot off my dress!'

STRANGER.

"Truth! I

Cannot; but. Madam, all the same, I'll try."

PRAXINOL

"This rampant mob human? I see no sign Of Man about it—a herd of wild swine!"

STRANGER.

"A rude tussle! but, spite of waves and blast. We survive, and are in our port at last!"

PRAXINOË.

"Yes, thanks to you, Sir, and to you alone!
May Heav'n reward the pity you have shown!
"Ah! where is that unlucky Eunoë?
Being hustled—Break through! well done! Here's she!"

As Bridegroom quoth to soaked friends when locked in with Bride!"

Gorgo.

"Praxinoë, the embroideries! haste!
Who but Gods durst wear them? the fineness,

PRAXINGE

Our Lady Athens' whose brain but thine Could have concerned workin inhip all Divine? The forms that stand about and those that move—light they not think and talk and war and love? At what shill may not the Thing Man arrive! Yiew Him on the shier couch! dead? shie?—Delicate down just shading lips and cheek—One would not start if He began to speak! The Moons, imaged as till they come? To carry him to Aphrodities home.

SECOND STRANCER

For meres stake ceast your chatter clatter?

Tiresome turtle doves? still flat still flatter?

(orgo

'And who are you' whence, please your right to rate

Syricusan ladies—tell them they prate *

From Corinth like Belkropton we trace

Our desent can you claim a nobler race *

Dorians from Peloponiesus spring—

Our descent can you claim a nobler race **
Dorians from Peloponness spring,—
Why should we not employ the Dorie tongue **
If now we fall mute tix not for your airs
But She who sang the Sperchis darge prepares
To himn ** tdoms and its not worth while
At one notes loss to fine back mut of 'Nie! **

(It end of Hymu)

Clever Thing! good luck hers to have been born With wits! and for song-an amazing turn!

But I'm late! and a fasting husband! what, When Diocleidas happens to be that! Hungry, He'd snap off anybody's head Beware of wild beasts when they're not full fed!"

"However, I've viewed Adoms: the while Till he return I'll live upon his smile!"

III LAS

HERACLES was probation God the love He cherished for Hylis was from Above His heart of bronze sensible of no qualin At a hon's onset would lose its calm With a thought he was not by to but offence To the lad life and limb and masterner With a father's large home, and fe its he yearned To instruct in all good that he had k armed Glad to foresee the graceful box would grow Brave and famous as he without the wor t vole fellow trained after his own mind True and loyal a pattern to mankind Never were they apart, from when Dawn's white Stoods started for Heaven to fall of mult What time perchers watch their nest for a shake Of mother's wing to signal laden beak So when Jason called the flower of Creece To som his Crusade for the Golden Flecce Heracles was amon, the first aboard

Well rowed the oarsmen, well the helmsman steered, The Dark Rocks themselves had been safely cleared Frst sunk and jostling from this date they stand

And Hylas uncounted came with his lord

Isles. Argo's monument. on either hand.
And, swooping, like an eagle, on its breast
The sea tossed the ship through; to wait at rest
Within the mouth of Phasis, wintering,
Secure from sharp frosts, and rough winds, till Spring
Should call lambs abroad, and the Pleiads rise
To remind the crew of its enterprise
Then, all re-embarked, and, with three days aid
From south-west winds, the Hellespont had made.
In the Propontis—the Kiaman shore—
Rich ploughland that—they found where they could
moor.

Disembarked, the Thirty's wont was in pairs.

Sorted at choice, to divide household cares.

Heracles Telamon, were messmates: so.

One cut rushes and galingal, that grow

Largely on the salt meadows there, and spread

To case the rigour of a sailor's bed.

His comrade dressed a meal, by mother wit.

With ready appetites to season it.

Golden-haired Hylas was assigned the least

Toilsome task, to fetch water for the feast.

He shouldered a bronze pitcher, and soon found

He shouldered a bronze pitcher, and soon found A fountain bubbling up in oozy ground About, green maidenhair, swallow-wort blue Bloomed, with more wildings of many a hue. An instant before, in the jets and spray The Naiads of the Spring had been at play. Beings not of Earth, or Heaven—rustics' dread—That never slumber, nor alive, nor dead—They awaited sunset to dance and sing: Euneicha, Malis, Nucheia, with face of Spring. At the boy's footfall, they dived, saw not him;

Ind hasting-friends athurst - to fill to brim He stooped and half across with body leant To din .

when a rush of hands, as he bent ! A rapture of delight had whirled the Three wild At sight of the wondrous beautiful child Tender and soft, never could they have thought Of loveliness like this they were distriught! As for him torn from his dear lord and all Worth his eart falling as a stone might fall He woke-from life or death '- weemny and laid Upon the white knees of one smiling mild While two dried his tears by his hair and hand With caresses he could not understand They putted could not part with him !

and here

Closed for strangers. Hylas and his career A star will shine in the Heav us a brief space Then plunges in the sea leaving no trace Sulors grieve not for the lost star but hail The promise in its fall of a fair rale Hylas was mourned for a moment-no more Only one pulse best queker than before! Ah! heartbreak for Heracles!

' Gone the lad ? ' He snatched bow arrows wonted club and had Tracked him to the fountain then round three. Been answered as from far, by a thin voice On the Hero the Box s ery of despair Worked as on bearded hop in its lair The distant ery of a strayed fawn. His heart Throbbed too with hunger-a father s-

The smart

A rankling longing, as to clasp a ghost, Drove him through pathless wastes after the Lost! Frenzied pilgrimage o'cr a world of space-Prize ever receding in the blind race-Evchanging fleshly pangs in deserts curst By a pitiless sun with heat and thirst That he felt not, for agonies of soul Lashing him to'ards an impossible goal; Till, unpaid for heart and faith broke, he found "Self" in Colchis, whither was Argo bound.

Among his Labours none like this: the rest He wrestled with, and throw; here, in his broast. A void demanded to be filled in vain Nor least for such as Heracles, the pain To plead as an excuse, a private grief. For breach of duty that was first and chief: To desert the post he had filled aboard The Argo: be false to his plighted word: Forfeit the glory of dowering Greece With a timeless trophy, the Golden Fleece. His comrades felt for him, and had approved Pious search for the bright boy whom all loved. But could not outstay dawn. Sails world the sir; How suspect Heracles would not be then 2 Of Greek champions to be defaulter He! So, with sad heart, Jason put out to sea. And Hylas? sunk in a deep pool.

And dead ? How not ?-with water-fathoms-overhead. If Nymphs did the deed, and for love-what then! To die for love, is no rare doom for men. Nay . Beings so be autiful could not have Drawn Boy so beautiful down to his grave.

We read his comforters pursued their quest. Till they assured him his among the Blest. Zeus could not refus, when three Nands prived. To have their charming previousness of thought. Highly 1 if ward of Herach's near thought. Firmthy of easy was durit bounds.

To have their charming previmination and Happy 1 if ward of Herachs in er though Fitzmits of even was death bought. By loss of a mortal center when days close in a heros even your of praise. And blind Homer happs of Telamons son. Doer of deeds that Hylas might have done?

BION AND MOSCHUS

BION AND MOSCHUS By a strange coincidence Time has spared us one fine moon of each and similarly for each a delightful

accompaniment of guets. Slight as are Bions. Innocent Boshood and Led Istras they are for ease and point without a flaw. Often as they are read they seem ever fresh. But more substantial matter has survived

than these are trifles for belief in their authors poetic power. The 's pitaph on Monis gathers together the ragged clues of a tangled ligend into a coherent whole It overflows with melods. No lament for Aphroddes Jose's extant equaling it in beauty even in intelligibility aimed all that chaos of cruss liturgies. In serious verse Moschus eimpairs with lions Monis in his edge, on Boin limited. In poetic literature it ranks descriedly high. My attempt at a version indicates at least that it contains, noble thoughts on a dead mixtury is mus. It is not entirely my fault if it be judged that the dir_te at times belower. May I be allowed on the other hand to hope that the translation of a mothers appeal does not obseur, our much the

briliance of a marsellous inspiration of humour?

Farewell to the Pair! and alse that one headstone should suffice for the monument of two such as the

scanty remains prove these to have been! Who can credit such a double paradox as that the half-dozen brilliant pieces in existence were the whole on which fervent contemporary admiration of the couple rested!

ADONIS

Bion Ideli I

Abovis the Brautiful is dead! weep

Loves' and Thou 'sphrodite off with sleep' Rend thy sapplur ramm at beat the white breast Up and to the heights in black sack-folth dressed Quiel! Thou will find him in the mouning wood Dear Life passing in the gored thigh sleet described by the thirth hight fading in the glared eyes Will not reflect think on him as he dies

Will not reflect thine on him as he dies

Or tell him that Immortal passion flouting Death
still sips

The love he can no longer savour on his pale cold hips!

Who what laments him not? Exery hound Whimpers knowing him dead the Namples around Chant direc, sing his prises? But no smart Equals the nehe in Ephrodites he cit. Hair loosed unkempt about the brakes forform. She wanders harefoot by the brambles torm. See her traceable hi the bloodstams rove. Hark's he calls through the glades on her lost love? And was this our Queen Cypris of grees. Divinde the forest forest.

All Nature mourns, forests of oak, and hills,
Broad rivers, and plains, dancing mountain rills.
Earth's bosom from the blood the boar's tusk shed
Paints the varied blossoms that it sends forth red;
As Cytherea eries her Darling's name,
Echo, catching the grief, returns the same.
If spirits could but have exchanged for once,
And his have reflected hers in response.
How eagerly would She have absorbed him within her soul,

Making of one last kiss from a fountain of love—the whole!

Mad: and She knows it: "Be left enough breath
To blow passion hot in the frost of death!
Doomed thou wert, and hast flitted to Styx's shore.
Whence its grim King releases souls no more.
Or its Queen. Can I vie with her in might?
If in life—in death all is hers by right.
Aught lovely. And Adonis, who was Mine—
Free Adonis? I doubt thee. Proserpine!
Fled as a shadow, faded as a vision of the night—
Fool to have fancied sheer longing could bring thee back
to light!"

Dead! Yet beauty is not disdained by Death: And Death shall yield the dead no loveless wreath. From tears of Cypris the wind-flower grows: Of blood of Adonis is born the rose. Back; none dying awaits Thee in the glade. Adonis on thy bed of leaves is laid. Oftentimes hast Thou found him there asleep: View him lying dead; and Thou wilt not weep.

Hadst never seen him hiving - never until life had fled-Thou wouldst have east off Immortality to be his, Dead'

Put on him soft apparel wherein blest
With beauty like to his are wont to rist
Heap crowns flowrs of all hite though they die,
When they find he is dead in sympathy
Match his breath—seents inestimably rare
That vanily burn and cypire in despair
Truin the young Love—rather than sharpen darts
Upon the whetstone of poor human hearts—
To look sandals though from dead feet bithe from
gold evers the wound

With wings whisp ring to marble brows persuade sleep deep and sound Yes he is deal and yet too sweet and fair

For the Underworld to hope to keep him there Weep Loves and Hymrians as is meet. In place of wraiths and ministrely to greet. Happy brides and bridegrooms bid Hymrian wring Hands and chant a funcial dirge not sing Marriags hymris while Graces add Muses er; On their Dara to return brings no reply—

Then suddenly the Universe ceases from grief—bife s

Then suddenly the Universe ceases from grid lifes the Rises (this as if Adonis had not rebeen loved or died Year by veir far into the past a strange Progress across Time is stage that interchange of common life and tragedy Divine Yearly a curtain lifts and lot a line of Beings their beauty wonderful come

From afar, as to their own rightful home.

Though what is there that might not well have been
As is acted and painted on the scene?

Do ye murmur: "Death would have quenched love

ın a Goddess" Nay;

Love in an Immortal breast would, with death, have burned for aye!

More than first thrill cy'n conquest of disdain, Wouldst not Thou. Queen Cypris. have prized the pain,

A new sense, the agony in the wood
Thou roamedst. robe purpled with the dear blood—
Eestasy of pure gricf—beyond all charms
In having smiled Adoms to thy arms.
The feeling that death had sealed him thy own—
Life half ransomed—ne'er payable the loan!
So. mayst Thou count the days, our Queen, when Thou shalt reap the cost

And price of kissing Adonis back to be loved-and lost!

INVOCENT BOY HOOD

Bon Ideli H

With rods a percel baned to fish the air Picked to match bushes as if they graw there. A youthful fowler had sought out a spot Whither were used his winged pray to repair

Kind Chance! on a box tree in a green grove

Lo! one big plump as cooks and sportsmen love!

He mere slip of a box trid all his arts

The strange fowl's curiosity to move

All in vain So insensible, and yet Handsome, He threw his rods down in a pet I ingers itching to feel the erriture's throit, Should be taugle it in a common net!

Finding in old man who taught him the skill He asked him to visit the copies. There still Perched our fine quarry that after one glance At grybeard, nought youchwafed for good or ill

Oho '' suggered the countryman Take ever To give that a wide berth they who wise are life as poison the wicked bird try not To eatch it, and grown man ev'n more bewar.'

Now, it affects to despise; perhaps, may; Sure, if eaged, though seeming content to stay, It will have the laugh, simple soul, on you. And force the barred door open any day.

As it is, thank your stars you are not Man.

And enjoy your liberty while you can.

You'll know when the reprieve is up, for it

That shunned pursuit when you, poor child, began,

Will of a sudden either forge or feign An invitation, whence proceed to gain Easy footing upon a silly head, And quickly peck out aught there is of brain!"

LFD ASTRAL

Bion Idell Iti

As I slept Aphrodite leading young
Cupid louting low by her hand along
Prived me Dear Herdsman out of love for me
Pleise teach Buby your pretty trick of song!

That was all and away the Great Queen went Youth I thinking She a sound training meant, Prepared to ground the urchin in my craft Supposing such was the child's honest bent

So, asleep I showed how quite natural Twas that Pan Pallas Hermes Phothus all Deviced instruments to exalt our Art Till out of them was born the Pastoral,—

Each being just itself His or Her own Whether stringed or one way or other blown, Cross flute, and mondscerpt lyre, and guitar,— Better to me dreaming than waking known.

Pity my pupil listened not —meanwhile He plotted the unerging me to smile By humming loose billade and wandal talk Graceless Boy 1 of his Vother in her Isle

Nor this the worst calamity, to find
That no rudiments had lodged in his mind;
Or ev'n that mine had lost all it had stored.—
But oh! the lewd airs there, instead, enshrined!

on bion

Mosciics his twin in Bueolie Verse mourns

V joy has faded from off the Lirth Fruit Honey flowers have lost their sweetness mute. Morn's gastety only birds sin, that bring A toll of sadness to the sorrowing.

HUE AND CRY!

Moschus: Idyll I.

" 'OYEZ!

Good People! Run away! Lost at the Three-cross-roads! a stray!' It is my Cupid!

None shall be Without a due reward from me. For 'seeing' the Child-Just for this A fond Mother offers a kiss! But, pray, Sirs, be ye careful what Ye look for: Mine's no common brat; Very notable: take a batch. A score; you would not find his match. Complexion? not your milky-white, But as it had drunk red-hot light. Keen cyes, gimlets to pierce inside. And blaze so! brain can nothing hide! Swect chatter, with purpose unkind; Likeness none between tongue and mind. Honey even to an excess: After-taste gall and bitterness .--For my Babe, it must be confessed, In a temper is a wild beast.

Pity too-though can it surprise Such sharp wits ?-that he's apt at hes That sauce goes with his curly hair And sports he favours cruel are Soft little hands and dimpled each! That can Styx and King Pluto reach Vaked Innocent! who has read That dark impenetrable head? Boast you're sale as he spends the day With a neighbour over the way? Delphie bird he and skewer two hearts At one flight in several parts Yes with how so small shall much less Let can wound in the halls of Bless From the gold quater at his back Matricide ! Lines Mamma the rack In a freak of insolent fun Fires ex n the Pulsee of the Sun You anyon, who hears my child Is somewhat more than common wild

Yow amone who hears my child Is comewhat more thru common wild let would carn a Mother's regard And a hope of special reward. By making little Machief come. Back to the shelter of a home. The hum fast, When he drops on the Boy at last Cunning young raveal he will tra. To um compression by some he—Say he was whigh—and I can swear Richit descript if it he were—Resort to team squeere out a few—Each one a pearl of dawn touched dew—Or shoot—a scripent to begule—

From his artillery a smile:
Yea, purse a pair of rosy lips
To kiss—poison to him who sips!
But suppose miracles—the Brave,
With captive, trussed fowlwise, to have
Passed ordeals of kiss, smile, and tear,
What if my Imp, how like the Dear!
Should, final stake, as knowing well
They had been dipped in flame of Hell.
Pledge to his captor how and darts—
With royal patent to break hearts—
And if, as any, offered this,
Would accept, and plunge straight in Dis—
How shall I ever eatch, alas!
Such an Infant as never was?

APOLLONIUS RHODIUS

APOLLONIUS RHODIUS

APOLLOVILS was of Alexandria, but passed several years in Rhodes, whence he took a name. He was not of or from Sieij and pretends not to play on Pans papes Working up-hill at first against fashionable literary prejudices in Egypt finalls even there he won his way required to the total pretends and the discovered a track without joiling. The Greek masters showed the working of passions chelly by deeds done. Upolionus so far is modern he anatomize his Medica to indicate how The Fleece was won. The processes of examining and weighing, emotions in a girls love-stricken heart, though almost critic are vivid and artistic.

In agreement with the accountrial mathematics in the mechanism of an individual mind or minds. In earlier Creek that was not the writers motive though it was an effect. The direct intention was to glorify a hero or a country. If emphasis was laid on especial tents or propensities it was to exalt a Cod of Goddess. An Mexandinine chose a tradition or adsenture as a notelin now because he saw his way to work it into a plot a pollonius took the Argonaute less on their own account.

than for Medea's sake. Aware as he certainly was of the heroic individualities of the men, he had in Colchis no use for them, and for all essential purposes dispenses with all but their chief. Medea is his heroine. His Poem's distinctive ment is the subtlety with which her character develops itself according to the necessities of the story. That is still just so far as his scope requires. It is a most elaborate study of a love-sick girl distracted between affections, duties as she held, originally, to playmates of her blood, next, to her father, then, after an agonizing struggle, to her love. All through, besides, we have to remember she was, to begin, an unconscious tool in Queen Hera's and Athena's design for the success of the ship. It is a new reading of the future terrible, appalling Enchantress's passions

The scenic dressing is admirable. Daily life, though without Sichan shepherds and herdsmen, makes a good background. Nowhere, again, has the Love-God been more charmingly depicted with all his boyish freakishness. Greatness is not after the manner of Apollonius: but there is no better playing at the Epic in miniature. Among votaries of romantic poetry, "The Argonauts has remained in favour. So fine a student of letters as Charles James Fox loved it.

THE ARGONAUTS

Argonautica III

RHODIAN Apollonius has told That the Argonauts won the Fiecce of Gold Others had sung already how they fared In the brave enterprise that Jason dared Thus Pind ir has done it in a great Hymn Beside which later lights may well burn dim I rom a Silver Are and yet he of Rhodes Has treated subtly passion a gusts and goods Jason had not known at first that the King So loved the Ficece as to just for the Thing That he meant by spells the Sun his Sire taught, With fresh a southful daughter's studies wrought, To pervert a Trust as he feigned to hold His tenure into fordship of the rold The wrath he showed warned the crew to beware Both of rude force and of treacherous spare

Human hearts hide not from Heavenly eyes Gods saw the hing would ux eraft to surprix. Guideless Heroes only the wiles of love Could resist each intensit that he might move Hera and Athena gained the consent Of Aphrodit. Cupid's bow was lent Almost with gratitude A lively seems Paints that in the orchard of Zeux the Queen

Of Cyprus found her Boy playing gold dice,
And cheating Ganymede; how in a trice
The Babe's last two were added to the rest
Which Love held in a clenched fist to his breast.
Sulking at a burst of loud cackle, stole
Off the ground in dudgeon the spoilt pct fool,
When Aphrodité entered. As She came,
A glance, and She caught the trick of Love's game;
Though the admiring tone in which She cried:
"Sham, Knave!" savoured less of her wrath than
pride.

Piously he vowed he'd without delay
Inflame a maid; for him a holiday,
With, or without the promise of a ball—
"Plaything of boy Zeus; pictures over all;
For flight, would mount up, up, ever so far,
I'd be thought to have got hold of a star!"
Better, he pleads, give now; "touch of the prize
Would surely have made gimlets of his eyes.
But sooner off, sooner back"; so, arrayed
With quiver and bow, in hot haste he made,
Having free exit and entrance by birth,
Instant plunge through Heaven's gates upon Earth.

No grander Palace than Aia's; a God.
Hephæstus, built it, fair and strong abode
For the son of Helios, to requite
The cripple's rescue from a Giant's might.
A garden bloomed outside, with promise large
Of grapes and flowers; and along its marge
Babbled from founts that severally rolled,
Warm as the Pleiads set, as they rose, cold,
Jets, milk, wine, water, sweet oil, wondrous art,
Though not more than o'erflowed every part.
Round an inner Court lofty buildings stood,

Lodgings for a proud King and Royal blood With slaves many Eete dwelt in on Mith slaves many Eete dwelt in our And his Queen, in another next his son Apsyrtus Others housed Chalciope With her sons by Phrivip: returned from sea And Media—of such awe for her Shrine. That five marked charms though luman half Divine! Searce herself conscious —From when rose the sun She served Hekate till day a course was run Only now Hera stared her for the Plot's sake That Cupid's arrow might its due course take Already Jaon, holding in his hand

Pledge of his amits, a Herald's wand Attended with five more prepared to meet And withe points at issue without heat To avoid afrect encounters. Hera east A tinck mist o er the route as the Creeks passed, But it cleared

As Cupul brushed through the crowd Dreasts printed eyes gleamed women sighed aloud Twisting in close by Jason on the string Tight strained he fitted a shift. On the imag. It whired, and with a Jeer and laudy pleased well—Though the rights of his work he could not tell—At the girl s dumb surprise the Imp fill back. From Hall and throng, leaving her on the rack. He had performed his task, earned his reward. So he handled the pleasthing nought he cared 'Jason begged the Fleece as Greek. The hing must In convenee keep—bound by a sacred Trust' loke the Bulls, face the Dregon is the the Fleece.

And restore it triumphantly to Creece!
Thwart his magic? Perhaps But Medeas? How
suppose

His Medea's a weapon of his foes?

Yes; the arrow-a flame-clove the Maid's heart-The melting, vibrating, bitter, sweet smart! A scamstress lets one spark touch; due delay-Fire will warm her to work by break of day-And the heaped brushwood is a blaze! So, now, A pure, virgin soul changed to red-hot tow. Nor knew she to what lengths the fire might spread. She loved; not cause enough therein for dread? Enough of pain, glancing beside her veil, To count the beatings of her heart, to feel Herself in bonds, a drawn, flickering shade, Obliged to tread one track, each footstep made? Knowing her Sire's fury at the demand For return of the Fleece to its own land, She sought the Women's quarters with the rest. The longing swelled, with absence, in her breast. Agony-how be sure fancy saw true? That memory indeed gave him to view, Recalled how he rose, and resumed his seat, Attuned the words he uttered, honey-sweet? Pride to love such! But the pits in his path; Deadliest dug by the King's subtle wrath! Thinking, she grieved as for one on his bier; And down a check rolled an eloquent tear. Cruel the contest that she had to wage. Girlish shame at an all unsought love's rage. Worn out at last she slept, and a kind dream Bade believe Jason had not, as would seem. Voyaged to regain the Fleece, but was come To woo her to reign, Queen, with him at home.

- Into warm cloth for men, delicate gauze for women's
 - I rejoice that you whom choice craftsmen of Sieily wrought,
- Will serve folk, not pithless and idle, but of nerve and thought:
- That, as your let was to exchange the country of your birth,
- It is to a City as pleasant as there is on Earth.
- I shall muse on you, when I drift, the sport of any wind,
- As housing with a good and wise healer of human-kind; Nor then only, but when the sun sets, and night closes in.
- And you, with sweet Theugenis, your course of eve begin.
- Perhaps, it will chance that She may bethink her of a song.
- Even of its Minstrel, as the melody rolls along.
- Although wild waters roar between us, I shall see and hear,
- As her eyes fall on my poor Gift, wet, may be, with one tear.
 - Gifts, and Gifts! some worthless; some, that a life cannot repay!
- And the measure? In Heav'n or Hell alone the scales to weigh!

DAPHNIS AND MENALCAS

Idyll IX

PEASINT

'Drive, Boys, the cattle to their pasture see they graze

The boseage together not their several ways. Now, do not you feel in your throats the prick of

To play as you feel and Menaleas shall reply

Spring,
That the air is music? Breathe on your pipes, and

sing
Diphins you lead off on some rustic theme, and try

DAPRNIS

Hark' a calf lows and a heater responds and there

The beauty is for me that nought is strange or range of the plant country men hatter's nurvel is She bendows with chirm the filteres of all things that be And our pipings if rude are innocent and sweet For they are choes, and but reflect and repeat hatter how kind both in toil and in rest! I lead My herd to pasture whether in glade or on mead Then seek work done the shaded mingin of a strain.

Having not half run her course cre sun light.

The pair woke: want and toil, loud watchmen,
stirred

Their eyelids earlier than the first bird. Yet innocent they as flow'rs a bee sips. And ceased from sleep a song upon their lips.

ASPHALION.

"They were liars. Friend. that were wont to say Zeus takes from summer nights to add to day. This night, and not yet near dawn, I have seen Ten thousand dreams! what. Heavens! can it mean? Is it I that hasten, too fast to count, Passing hours, or is the sun slow to mount. And bids the night 'mark time,' until he find I uel to start his car, and wake mankind?"

CO'IRADE.

"Summer, Asphalion, runs its full course. If there be default, our old foc's the source. Accuse not night of stealing hours from light. Poverty, its earcs, are the thieves, not night."

ASPRALION.

"You: can you read dreams—have learnt to divine? If so, pray, listen, and interpret mine. It sounds good; and we partners on the deep, Must share, if good there be, my luck in sleep. So, as 'tis a joint concern, and, 'tis said. The prime dream-reader is the wisest head—Which is yours—please, advise me for the best. When you hear my story, you can suggest.

Talk at least is better than to wait morn On leaves with to every one a thorn Dramy yigh when one crunot afford Candles against the Dark as fown Hall lord Manufes mantes, night is morn are worth in pay Ever so much beyond ours work or ply '

COMRADE

It all events times chexp I do not gradge Use of my cars | Fell the dream | I il judge

ASPRALION Towards evening I fell fast asken I was not Drowsiness from overcating You not We direct early and did not overload Our stomachs-for good reason-with much food I found myself on a rock to I shook We have with the bait wrigging on the hook I will nourshed alderman of the deep Took the norm for as dogs crusts so in sleep Eishermen can dreum a bite. I dreamt mine and felt my hurt spoil straining rod and line knowing the hooks weak I stretched both hands out Wristing to green the monster round about Then, feiguing he harhoused reveng I creed You would hight " and my rod struck at his side Here the struck ended I haded ashore A Golden Fish all covered thickly over With seites of gold! the joy! though to begin I shadow bounted me of mortal sin

What if pet of Posendon's my own lord?

Or special gem in Amphitrite's hourd?

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Howbeit, gently loosened I the hold
Of the greedy hooks on my precious gold:
Then, tugged by ropes the creature up the shore;
And, calling all the Gods to witness, swore
That never would I tempt the sea again.
But turn Gold-king, and on dry land remain!
On that I woke.

To starve: and keep my vow? Forswear: be damned?

Say, which. I bow."

COMPADE

You' neither eaught the fish, nor swore the oath. No need to be alarmed; illusions both:—
Like most dreams—though we may dream open eyes.
Your dream-rock a likely place? Hope no prize:
But search for eatch to eat.

Sleep, dream, in work-hours, and hook golden fish!

NORY DISINF

Just a distail! Athena's boon to women And I

Mine to Theugenis in Miletus might prove as good?

I have a Bard's second sight—vou shall see you need not fear.

Distaff to fare less gently in your treatment there than

Lo vour new mistress before a green tender reed wreathed Shrine

here

In statch Miletus priving the Queen of Love Divine To calm the sers for one bound from Syracuse to

Areas scion and here of each harmonious Greec Acst vourself—envy I not clisped by two white arms and kissed

By rowest lips 9-was ever distall as you so blest 9-les and jos again as anud her troop of laughing guis

Pressed by your Lady's dunity ankle your wheel whiring twil-

Turning the soft fleeces from the ewes twice shorn, year by year

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Of envy, realousy, pride, greed, and lust Sucht the "King" away: "Kalchas! scheming foc, Prophet never of good to me, but woe! And whence, fell me, if I shall now resign A prize to cure the plague, is to come mine?" "From Troy," Achilles answered: "meantime wait." ' Nay: but now? So, as stirred somehow, debate Throws the task on me as 'King' to allay The God's anger roused in whatever way, I restore the Maid; and thou may'st surmise At lesure, bow I shall replace my Prize!" "Menaces!" cried Achilles: "I no more

Fight for you Afreda -wage your own war!" ' Stay, or Go!" the answer, " for thee to choose, If away, not I will it be who lose. Of all our Princes here, thou with thy curst Temper art the one that I like the worst.

But a last visit I shall pay to show,

Which, Thou or I, is stronger of the two,"

Achilles was in two moods: to snatch out His sword, the Princes gone: or-this his doubt-Let time avenge him. His heart ached between; When down came Athena, sent by the Queen. Standing behind him seen by none else there She caught hold of him by the golden hair; Promised amends; but, "let him rage in word To its utmost fury; be speech his sword." Obeying, he thrust back the blade; then flung All epithets left in him, with free tongue: "Wine-bibber, money-grubber, with one eye On look-out for offal, stag's heart to flee, Spoil-sneaker, when more valiant men have bled, Master who grinds his People's hones for bread!

Thou caust setze my Prize. What an Army give Its Chief may resume. But pray me to save When Hector drives ind slave? This rool I sucar, Shall sooner at un rind and green leaves bear Ihan in thy distress will I bring relief. To thy Achtaus in thair day of grief!

Chryseis was restored and her old sire Prevaled on Phubus to forgo his ire But to knowledge of the Greek camp repent Threats! twould shame its General so he sent For Briseis -an outrige working worse Ill to all than the plague from the Priest's curse ' Unwilling she ' mute her lord saw her part Afraid a firewell would lay bure a heart Yet she had her share when 'in tears he sat On the beach not alone but desolate Lor his Mother Thetis hearing him weep Had risen a mist from the hoars deep To comfort in his wrongs and had assured Hum venge mee for all that he had endured "Whit, and Icus would lay on the Greeks the cost Of their choice of Captain to kild their host That Sovereign himself should be taught to pay Respect to the brivest in his array'

HELEN ON THE WALLS

An armistice was proclaimed; Troy and Greece Chose Elders to formulate terms of peace. Busy Rumour ran through the Field, the Town; Priam from Iliam's ramparts looked down. Helen, at home, alone ignorant, sate. 'Mid whispering maidens, musing on fate. To her Iris, from Hera, Heaven's Queen, As Landice, to lead her to the scene: "Haste, sweet one doings wonderful to see, Preparing by Greeks and Trojans, for thee; Both Armies, with their shields and spears, are there; But not, as their wont is, to pierce hearts here. At present, while their chosen Chiefs define Rules of combat, the rank and file recline, Quick come! Is not the question in all eves-Menelaus fights Paris!—where the Prize!

Yearning for husband, home and parents, stole, Sweet regret, sent from Hera, on her soul; A few soft tears; then, all in white arrayed, On either side attended by a maid—Ethra, Klymena—she left bow'r and hall; And from the gates accended to the wall.

In the gateway tower King Priam sate. With Elders, courtiers, pillars of the State, Iketaon, son of Ares, Panthous,

Lampus and Thymrtus, and Kivtius
And he had summoned too Ukalegon,
And wise Intenor, Existes son—
Though age forback the Field in speech both good—
As cicalas shrill bravely in a wood—
When Helen came

No wonder that such charm As thus,' they whispered ' has wrought deadly harm To Frojans and Argives! How to resist? Could Beauty more dazzling in He is a cust t But at what cost ! Return her whence she came . Or keep to be hum's curse and shame! More graciously the King Let her be sure We deem her guiltless of Troy must endure Blame the Gods as for tears. They made them flow ' Sit, dear Child and name those you see below First, who that Captain-stateliest in mien? Though others may be taller none have I seen So majestic not one like to him made Lordiy-nay kingly-used to be obeyed! ' She passed to please him the Chiefs in review 'The King's instinct for Kings she said is true, 'Tis Agamemnon's self, swordsman as tried In fight as is the realm he governs wide

Atrodes, right blest Pram errid by Tate Vith this host to pix homage to this State I I remember long since chanced I to behold In Phrygal famed for vineyards and gold How Oftes and Vigdon arraved their runks Of horsemen upon Sangarius banks. The ardour of youth drove me to engage

My brother once and he proud of the clum Can I and that woman be still the same ! '

PART I

In a war they massed their whole strength to wage With the Amazons Theirs could not compare With these legions: yet myriads they were!"

"But he, who if not as Atreides tall,
Stands, for shoulders, and deep chest, first of all?
Though 'tis truce, and his arms he on the ground,
He is never off guard, ranges around
His men's lines—masterful, as when one views
A ram ordering flock of white-flecced ewes."

"Tis Odysseus." said she; "of a rough isle; Country-bred but versed in many a wile. All sorts of entangling counsels; not one Greek is a match for Lacrtes' wise son!

Old Antenor capped her praise with his own: ' Yea Lady: I too have Odysseus known. Menelaus and he, when they arrived To discuss matters concerning Thee, hved Under my roof; as host and friend, I sought To test and discern how each felt and thought. Menelaus was tall; standing, he rose Above the crowd; the other, in repose, Sat higher; so in specch; clear as a bird The Spartan; though not full, missing no word: By that he had, that lacked he, it was plain That he must be the younger of the twain. Nought Odysseus possessed of grace, or ease: Practised no arts to captivate or please; Bolt upright he stood; eyes fixed on the ground, But with an underlook, spying around; Sceptre in both hands, fast-clutched stiff and straight, Not used to emphasize, extenuate: Wooden figure, unpolished, shy, and dour, As if resenting his dull wits; a boor!

Then, harl to the great voice out of vast breast, Words, floating snowflakes one by one, to rest! We minded no longer postures or air,

Lord of debate, speaker beyond compare."

As still the King gazed, one came from among His fallow princes, o chocking the throng By head and broad shoulders 'twa a delight To veteran Priam so brave a stellt "His name" ' Big Hyan' the riphy a foc Must raze that bulwark are Greece suffer woe Note too when Idomeneus beside him stands—As with Creta meighbours grung commands—Revered like a God his wont was to come And be entertuned by us at our home In Laced emon with more that I see.

And could if time there were name King to the.

But as those starry eves marked Chief by Chief, Fach form recognized started a fresh giref She fatt wherever her life took its way Her beauty shed poison by night and day A Pest she a Fury Loved Sire and Lord

Thy goodness crushes me each tender word! All that I did not woo D, that on my arms Rather than follow thy cons fatal charms Forsaking kinsmen and my bridal bod The sweet girl friend a mid whom I was bred And Har, vole daughter mine!

Had life, but run

As in fair Lacedemon twas begun!

Even now know not I too well why in vain
I search all Armye groups upon the plain

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For my twin-brothers?—

If they never sailed
From Aulis, or, coming hither, have failed
To-day's conclave—the Cause I!—

How proclaim
Themselves of my blood! Me their Sister! Me their
Shame!"

Wouldst happier have been, Lady, hadst known They lived not on strange soil, or on their own?

HECTOR, ANDROMACHE

Hearing that his wife sought him Hector went Towards the wall awaiting her descent She a life parted between hope and dread To had him victor or to mourn him dead, by breathless, running a course against Fate, Beheld him standing by the Skean Gate

A desperate hizard hirs—wom in a charms Agunst a devidry of blood and arms? Yet the prize three lives if love a lim art Could from a furnive writch a soldier's heart? True not on form alons and sout as high, Did the brive high in hit need rely To forth, such vortivall appeal Eich source, of multiral kindness, unseal A midden of her household held the boy, Whom, a radiant star the hope of Troy Heeter hid at birth Skinmandros named, But the city with one accord seel mined "Astanax, his heir whom it adored hums, conuselor at sheld and sword."

Hietor guessing at the fond mission smiled, Silent as they approached upon his Child Then She as tears ran down each lovely check With in both hinds, her courage darid to speak

Forgue, she eried 'my Own when now I stay.

The battle bound 'tis for my life I pray,

And for this innocent's; all life can give
Depends for us whether Thou choose to live.
No common chance of war threatens Thee now;
Challenged to the field, full too well I know
Thy hot blood recks little that man to man
Greeks dare not meet my Hector; no, they plan
To swarm about Thee single—like a pack
Of wolves on a boar, to hustle and hack!
If for Thyself Thou wilt not, canst not, care,
Look on Us twain and pity my despair.
The joy and frenzy of the fight for Thee;
An orphan's lot Thy Babe's, and worse for me!
Thy feet run straight tow'rds death; and Oh! that
mine,

Ere Thou hast touched the goal, might outpace Thine! Rememberest Thou Her whom on the side Of Platos once Thou wooedst for Thy Bride? A maid within a ninefold fence of love-Mother and Sire revered as Gods above. And Brethren in their citadel of stone Impregnable by warrior, save One-And the One came, by his birth half Divine, His breath Death's blast on Eêtion's line. Cilician Thebes, despite gates and walls, He stormed, and left a waste-temples and halls-On the same day my seven brothers slew. And firing their palace insolently threw Their bodies in the flames, to swell a heap Of butchered oven, and of white-fleeced sheep, Ection full of years, brave, and good, He would not mingle with the common crowd. as he, though carnage-drunk, know sacred Such things :

A King's son honours blood of reigning Kings Clad in his dazzling armour died my Sire And round him thus arrayed flamed high his pyre Armed he his ashes their own monument And Nymphs of the hills chanting their lament Have wreathed the spot with elms their ever leaf, Swaving in the breeze voices the land's grief My Mother, Queen enslaved her captor brought To the Greek camp and thence her Father bought Her from bonds at once and life for a dark From Dian's bow heals oun a broken heart My family destroyed by fire and sword--How can I bear the run to record ' 'Its that a present happiness had cast A kindly shadow o er a crucl past The ache was charmed from rankling memories By traversing an atmosphere of bliss Till now poor orphan and fond fool 1 thought She who has Hector can have missed of nought Mas for Me that Thou my Ope and All Leav st me displate at a lumber call! Nay bethink Thee Illiam's Warder whose But Thine the How and Where the fight to choose, ? Are there not legends prophecies that tell Our wills though (od- are not impremable? The wild fig tree? Is not Troy bid beware Of the spot it springs from -a weak point there? Already Achanas say out a fault And weigh the chances of a prompt assault

Defy the foe to enter if he can?'
"Thou wouldst not have thy Hector, sweet my Wife Value his fame so low, so high his life,

Is not the tower spot to watch and man

As to refuse a challenge to the fight From all Achæa in its utmost might! Is it for Ilium's champion to call On towers to screen, skulk behind a wall? How could I face my warriors' surprise, Or meet the doubt within a woman's eyes? Impossible spirit like mine to tame. Bud it buy length of days at cost of shame! Long since I learnt, and never will unlearn. To be worthy through and through, never turn; Ever, when fight Trov must, to fight in front. In this mould Nature cast me; thus I count To earn my sire renown: and, by the way, Store some for myself-while it vet is Day! For well I know our doom: foresee the whole Down to the inmost fibre of my soul: How God-built Ilium, with King and host. Must flit away, shadowy as a ghost. Deem not, my Wife. I lightly rate thy woes When Troy shall sink as swiftly as it rose. Rather 'tis I forgiveness need. I know, By him to whom we faith and homage owe. Priam, and by Hecuba, Mother dear, Her whom beyond all mortals I revere. And by a band of brothers true and brave. Whom-and how gladly-I would die to save! My heart should ache at thought of kindred blood

Running down Hium's pavement, a flood.

Dragged by the hair high ladies in the street.

Derd princes spurned by vile Achaen feet—
But 'tis with grief as joy: in dire distress

Great agony will swallow up the less;

I have no heart for grief but Thine alone.

A vision hunts me day and night—I see
Thee led a slive and weeping bitterly,
Thy heart will groon a mine for Thice no cure—
What must be must be, learn then to endure
Yought boots it to protest against the doom
Whether it be to pile a straiger's boom
Or as Thou drawest from in Argive well
When women view the tears to hear one tell
'Lo! Hectors wist! and deeper sols will tear
The breast to feel after h I am not there
For earth must he on me heavy and deep
Fre hand be laid on Thee to trake Thee ween!'

When Hum has fallen and I gone

Then, arms stretched forth the Fither turned his face, For his Child to spring to the dear embrace Buck from the menace of the waving crest. Shinddered the Bube upon his Nurs's breast? The Parents laughed and Heetor strught unlared. The martial terror from his brow and placed. It empty gleaming in the sunshine then. With muny a kiss and caress again. Such for an infant's cessasy of love—Less vanish than afas' to Hern a above.

To father his orphin

This bribe with any powers I owned below On his behalf be guardians of the Crown I should have worn and grant him my renown— Only doubled so that the words shall run— 'Glorious Father more glorious Son! And let this be for him the crowning 103 In every trumph he wins for Iros

O Gods endon

To assure his Mother he counts her pride In Hector's son worth a world's praise beside!"

Hearing the pray'r, the Mother wept and smiled, As to her breast, a rose, she took their child.

He read her tears, and answer to them made:

"Partner of my soul! be not thou afraid!
No more than cowardice can add a day.
Will hardshood snatch one of mine away.
Nor Good nor Ill has ever changed a span
Of men's existence since the world began.
The Fates determine Life and Death, and niete
The labour for which each that breathes is fit.
Us men the ruder tasks of earth become;
The Thine, my Queen, to stay and rule at home;
War ours—ours of Illum most of all;
Dearest, rejoice that I obey the call!"

Donning his crested helmet, forth he bent His steps to the battlefield; home she went. With many backward looks, shedding big tears. Arrived, she told, the parting, and her fears Thereon throughout the palace swept a tide Of wailing, as for a Lord who had died.

LICHT RESEARD

Agamemnon sends envoys to be part una reconciliation of Arbilles

They found Achilles in his spaceous tent
Driving forth clear sweet music as he bent
From a livre with cross bar of silver wrought
Exquisitely that from the spoils he brought
Of Ection's home. As the strange rung
His thrort answered to the notes, and he and
Of Heroes, glories in an ilder age.
Right, and forestful even of his rag.

Agamemons petition having been refused Greece and Trox fought with alternate success. Zeus interposed according to his agreement with liketic and liketor even threatens to burn the Fleet. Ajix all but slays him by a huge stone, but Apollo cures him. The Fleet is in peril.

For the long protracted struggle upon the Trojan shore Whether the Greek Heet were to be condemned to sail no more

Was only a duel between a champion on the spot, Ind one who although waiting the issue hard by was not Indulgent to Thetis Zeushad engaged that Iroy should win On a bloody bettleheld that even fire should begin To eatch the Fleet till redress for her Son's wrongs had been paid.

And the Argues confessed their host were lost without his aid.

Zeus too, knew Hector destined to be short-lived; he should have

Brave and glorious days, if few, before he reached his grave. Thus, from either side—for Achilles, or for Hector—Zeus, Equally biassed, had sufficient reason or excuse To continue Troy's turn of victory. However fierce Stand of a phalanx, elsewhere lines were easier to pierce. Avoiding serried tiers, a locked square of brass. Hector fell On the ill-armed masses by the shore; scattered them pell-mell.

No choice longer had the Invincibles but to retreat; The whole Greek Army, forced now as it was, faced now the Fleet.

Ebb or flow, a tide may be made to appear to forget Through a sudden gust of wind, or landwards, or seawards set,

Its due direction for an instant's waywardness; but soon It resumes the prescriptive movement ordered by the moon.

Some Hero might have inspired the Hellenic rank and file To stand and beat the Trojans and their Allies back awhile;

Then Zeus would look from Ida down, and Fortune once more turn,

As if pledging herself to Hector that the Ships should burn. Already on foot the Trojans had passed beyond the fosse. Warned by Polydamas, the Cars did not attempt to cross, Fearing sharp stakes beneath; but the Army of all grades made

A long assault on the rampart by way of escalade. Sarpedon was the first to obtain foothold on the wall, He caught at a feeble buttress, and shook it to a fall. Other agic climbers followed On it a confused crowd, Acheans, Troj urs josting one another mixed their blood Hector finally, impatient, heaved up a stone of weight Beyond present Men's strength had not Zeus chos n to turn it light—

One of a number lying about a large scattered store.
To prop the Greek slups drawn up by the Army from

the shore.

He east it at the locked gate the sudden tremendous

stroke

Nought of hum in workmanship could stand, bars and

hinges broke

Everywhere, he seemed impossible to bar like Aight

Everywhere, he seemed impossible to har like Night.

The defenders he drove towards the Fleet in headlong flight.

flight

None living but Beings Divine could then have blocked

his path

His eyes blazed—they burned like fire—he was a Spirit
of Writh!

For Hector was inspired by Zeus to attack and destroy both the Barrier between Troy and Flect and the Flect itself. Apollo at times would shake His Agis

So long as he held it rigid brandished not forth its
force

No. South deal. Sorting left on even hamilal

Men fought died fortune kept an even honneidal course

But when looking Greeks full in the faces he tossed The werd fringe, each tassel as abive at the closemassed host

And flung over the battlefield his paralyzing shout, All manimess forsook the Greeks retreat became a rout